

C343 Project 5 - Compression using Priority Queues

Due 11:59pm, Oct. 28, 2016

1 Assignment Description

This week we will see an application of the greedy strategy in the problem of compressing strings. Suppose the string to be compressed contains 26 different characters from the English alphabet. We need to give each character a code. One example of such a code is ASCII. If we used a fixed length code like ASCII, each character can be represented using 5 bits and the total number of bits required is *string length* * 5. Instead we can take advantage of the fact that not all characters occur with the same frequency. A variable length code saves bits by assigning a smaller code to the most frequently occurring characters. For example, we might use just a single bit for the most frequently occurring character and more than 5 bits for the least frequent character. In this assignment, we use the variable length code called *Huffman Code*. The Huffman method builds up a tree whose leaves represent the characters in the string along with their frequencies. The code for a character is the path from the root to the leaf that represents that character. Huffman trees can be built using priority queues which internally use min-heaps.

2 Your Task

We have given you the Huffman Tree building code and the `PriorityQueue` class. The `PriorityQueue` class uses a heap internally and we need you to implement the `Heap` interface that has the following methods

1. `minimum` - returns the minimum element in the heap
2. `extractMin` - removes and returns the element with the smallest key from the heap
3. `insert(element)` - inserts `element` into the heap
4. `minHeapify(i)` - move the element at position at `i` to the correct position
5. `buildMinHeap` - rearrange `data` field so that it represents the min-heap

3 Running Your Code

- To compile, execute `javac -cp . Driver.java`
- To run, execute `java -cp . Driver`
This file runs a the `execHuff` method on a simple dictionary that maps each character to its frequency in a string.
- To test You can run the provides test cases with `java -cp . Driver test`.

4 Deliverables

Your repo's folder should contain all the files from the zip. These are the ones you need to modify:

- `HeapImp.java` - containing your solution and tests
- `README.md` - where you explain your code.
- Hours - record the number of hours you spent on writing and debugging your code. Put your answers in the `README.md`.

5 Testing

We encourage you to write your own unit tests. A good way to do this is to use **assert** statements.