# **Web Services - Code Examples**

# Simple example of a wsCustomerInfo Web Service that brings a line of data for a given instance

The following Web Service gets an input LUI for the CUSTOMER LU and returns data from the CUSTOMER table in the CUSTOMER LU. Output data is returned in DB.Rows structure. It can also be returned as an Object which is then converted by Fabric into DB.Rows structure.

# Example of a wsCustomerInfo2 Web Service that brings a Db.Rows structure as an output for a given instance

The following Web Service gets an input LUI for the CUSTOMER LU and returns several rows of data by running a Join query on several tables in the CUSTOMER LU. Output data is returned in DB.Rows structure. It can also be returned as an Object which is then converted by Fabric into DB.Rows structure.

```
String sql = "select cust.CUSTOMER ID, cust.SSN, cust.FIRST NAME||'
'||cust.LAST NAME CUSTOMER NAME,
cont.CONTRACT ID, cont.CONTRACT DESCRIPTION, sub.SUBSCRIBER ID, sub.MSISDN, sub.I
MSI, sub.SIM, sub.SUBSCRIBER TYPE " +
               "from CUSTOMER cust, CONTRACT cont, SUBSCRIBER sub where
cont.CONTRACT ID=sub.SUBSCRIBER ID";
Db.Rows rows = ludb("Customer", i id).fetch(sql);
reportUserMessage("WS executed Successfully for Customer ID: " + i id);
return rows;
Output:
"CUSTOMER ID": "1",
    "SSN": "5153527856",
    "CUSTOMER NAME": "Tali Griffin",
    "CONTRACT ID": "1.0",
    "CONTRACT DESCRIPTION": "5G tether",
    "SUBSCRIBER ID": "1",
    "MSISDN": "9614867860",
    "IMSI": "531015353732639",
    "SIM": "2988735759833578",
    "SUBSCRIBER TYPE": "1"
  },
    "CUSTOMER ID": "1",
    "SSN": "5153527856",
    "CUSTOMER NAME": "Tali Griffin",
    "CONTRACT ID": "2.0",
    "CONTRACT DESCRIPTION": "10G 3G",
    "SUBSCRIBER ID": "2",
    "MSISDN": "7997099409"
    "IMSI": "457470703125000",
    "SIM": "3751389217697811",
    "SUBSCRIBER TYPE": "3"
  } ,
    "CUSTOMER ID": "1",
    "SSN": "5153527856",
    "CUSTOMER NAME": "Tali Griffin",
    "CONTRACT ID": "3.0",
    "CONTRACT DESCRIPTION": "Roaming special",
```

```
"SUBSCRIBER ID": "3",
    "MSISDN": "3924663547",
    "IMSI": "759668646918403",
    "SIM": "2395410334354832",
    "SUBSCRIBER TYPE": "1"
  },
  {
    "CUSTOMER ID": "1",
    "SSN": "5153527856",
    "CUSTOMER_NAME": "Tali Griffin",
    "CONTRACT_ID": "4.0",
    "CONTRACT DESCRIPTION": "450 min",
    "SUBSCRIBER ID": "4",
    "MSISDN": "7042855196",
    "IMSI": "345797729492187",
    "SIM": "9009227816906040",
    "SUBSCRIBER TYPE": "4"
  },
  {
    "CUSTOMER ID": "1",
    "SSN": "5153527856",
    "CUSTOMER NAME": "Tali Griffin",
    "CONTRACT_ID": "5.0",
"CONTRACT_DESCRIPTION": "Unlimited call",
    "SUBSCRIBER ID": "5",
    "MSISDN": "7183304985",
    "IMSI": "734794108072916",
    "SIM": "5671433642523324",
    "SUBSCRIBER TYPE": "4"
]
```

## **Example of versioning**

Both the wsCustomerInfo and wsCustomerInfo2 Web Services in the examples share the same URL path named test/getCustomerInfo. The version property of wsCustomerInfo is set to 1 and the version property of wsCustomerInfo1 is set to 2.

- To invoke a call to wsCustomerInfo the following URL should be called: http://localhost:3213/api/v1/test/getCustomerInfo?i\_id=1&token=ABC&format=json
- To invoke a call to wsCustomerInfo2 the following URL should be called: http://localhost:3213/api/v2/test/getCustomerInfo?i\_id=1&token=ABC&format=json

## Example of a complex Java input structure

A complex JSON format can also be sent as input to a Fabric Web Service using the POST verb. Data is automatically serialized according to the input structure defined as a part of the Web Service's markup.

For example:

```
Requested body
```

```
{
  "ID":[{"id":"78999", "company":"Telco1"},{"id":"z34","company":"Telco2"}],
  "parent_customer_id":"456",
  "company":"Telco International"
}
```

#### Web Service markup

```
public static String wsExample(List<Map<String,String>> ID, String
parent_customer_id, String company){
}
```

#### Web Service inside logic

```
Map<String,String> m = ID.get(0);
String id = m.get("id"); // will return 78999
String company = m.get("company"); // will return Telco1
```

### **Example of a complex Customized input structure**

Same as the example above, however with a customized Java classes.

For example:

```
Requested body
  "person": {
    "address": [
        "number": 10,
        "city": "Net York",
        "street": "5th Ave."
      }
    ],
    "name": "Lion",
    "id": "1234",
    "age": 45
  }
Web Service markup
static class Person {
  String name;
  String id;
  int age;
  List<Address> address;
}
static class Address {
  String city;
  String street;
  int number;
}
        @webService(path = "", verb = {MethodType.GET, MethodType.POST,
MethodType.PUT, MethodType.DELETE}, version = "1", isRaw =
                                       false, produce = {Produce.XML,
Produce.JSON})
       public static Address CustomClassExample(Person person) throws
Exception {
Web Service inside logic
     return person.address.get(0);
Web Service response
  "city": "Net York",
```

```
"street": "5th Ave.",
"number": 10
```

#### **Example of a complex TDM Web Service**

The wsGetTaskExeStatsForEntity Web Service used by TDMGUI brings a map of all entity lists related to a given LUI that are related to the same business entity. That is, all instances related to all LUT under the same task execution that are defined as a parent or child of the given input LUI, call recursive functions to get a full hierarchy path.

```
String sqlGetEntityData = "select lu name luName, target entity id targetId,
entity_id sourceId, " +
       "execution status luStatus from TDM.task Execution link entities " +
       "where lu name <> ? and target entity id = ? and entity_id = ?";
String sqlGetParent = "select parent lu name, target parent id from
TDM.task Execution link entities " +
       "where lu name= ? and target entity id = ? and parent lu name <> ''";
Map <String, Object> mainOutput = new HashMap<>();
Map <String, Object> childHierarchyDetails = new HashMap<>();
Map <String, Object> parentHierarchyDetails = new HashMap<>();
Db.Row entityDetails = null;
Boolean countChildren = false;
fabric().execute( "get TDM." + taskExecutionId);
//Get the Hierarchy starting from the given entity and below
childHierarchyDetails = fnGetChildHierarchy(luName, targetId);
String parentLuName = "";
String parentTargetId = "";
// Get the parent of the given LU, to see if there is a reason to get the
ancestors or not
Db.Row parentRec = fabric().fetch(sqlGetParent, luName, targetId).firstRow();
if (!parentRec.isEmpty()) {
       //log.info("There is a parent: " + parentRec.cell(0));
       parentLuName = "" + parentRec.cell(0);
       parentTargetId = "" + parentRec.cell(1);
//If the the input entity has parents get the hierarchy above it
if (parentLuName != null && !"".equals(parentLuName)) {
       //Starting for the parent as the details of the input entity is
already included in the children part
       //Sending the chilren hierarchy in order to add it to the ancestors as
child hierarchy
       parentHierarchyDetails = fnGetParentHierarchy(parentLuName,
parentTargetId, childHierarchyDetails);
} else {// Given inputs are of a root entity
       parentHierarchyDetails = childHierarchyDetails;
String rootLUName = "" + parentHierarchyDetails.get("luName");
String rootTargetID = "" + parentHierarchyDetails.get("targetId");
String rootSourceID = "" + parentHierarchyDetails.get("sourceId");
```

```
mainOutput.put(rootLUName, parentHierarchyDetails);
//If there are other root entities with the same root entity ID get them,
//they will be added to output as standalone (even if they have their own
hierarchy)
Db.Rows otherRootRecs = fabric().fetch(sqlGetEntityData, rootLUName,
rootTargetID, rootSourceID);
for (Db.Row rootRec : otherRootRecs) {
       Map <String, Object> rootDetails = new HashMap<>();
       String currRootLuName = "" + rootRec.cell(0);
       rootDetails.put("luName", currRootLuName);
       rootDetails.put("targetId", "" + rootRec.cell(1));
//Get instance ID from entity id
Object[] splitId = fnSplitUID("" + rootRec.cell(2));
String instanceId = "" + splitId[0];
rootDetails.put("sourceId", "" + instanceId);
rootDetails.put("entityStatus", "" + rootRec.cell(3));
mainOutput.put(currRootLuName, rootDetails);
if (otherRootRecs != null) {
       otherRootRecs.close();
}
return mainOutput;
```