# Threat Model and Risk Assessment Report

## **Executive Summary**

This report presents the results of an automated threat modeling and risk assessment for the architecture diagram "complex\_diagram.png". The analysis identified 6 potential security threats that should be addressed.

Generated: 2025-07-22 11:45:52

## **Architecture Overview**

The analyzed architecture consists of 2 components and 1 connections.

### **Components**

ID	Name	Туре
comp1	network 1	network
comp2	network 2	network

## **Threat Summary**

Risk Level	Count	Percentage
High	2	33.3%
Medium	4	66.7%
Low	0	0.0%
Total	6	100%

# **Identified Threats Detailed Threat Analysis**

### Repudiation Threats

#### **Insufficient Logging (T005-comp1)**

Description: Lack of proper logging makes it difficult to track security incidents

Category: Repudiation Risk Level: MEDIUM

Impact: medium
Likelihood: possible

Affected Component: comp1 Recommended Mitigation:

1. Implement comprehensive logging and monitoring

2. Implement centralized logging with tamper-evident logs

3. Use a SIEM solution for log analysis

4. Ensure all security-relevant events are logged

5. Include unique request IDs in logs for traceability

#### **Additional Information:**

Repudiation threats involve users denying that they performed an action, and the system lacking the ability to prove otherwise. Proper logging and auditing are essential to mitigate repudiation threats.

#### References:

• OWASP Top 10 2021: A09 - Security Logging and Monitoring Failures

• CWE-778: Insufficient Logging

• NIST SP 800-53: AU-2 Audit Events

#### Insufficient Logging (T005-comp2)

Description: Lack of proper logging makes it difficult to track security incidents

Category: Repudiation Risk Level: MEDIUM Impact: medium

Likelihood: possible

Affected Component: comp2
Recommended Mitigation:

1. Implement comprehensive logging and monitoring

2. Implement centralized logging with tamper-evident logs

3. Use a SIEM solution for log analysis

4. Ensure all security-relevant events are logged

5. Include unique request IDs in logs for traceability

#### **Additional Information:**

Repudiation threats involve users denying that they performed an action, and the system lacking the ability to prove otherwise. Proper logging and auditing are essential to mitigate repudiation threats.

#### References:

• OWASP Top 10 2021: A09 - Security Logging and Monitoring Failures

CWE-778: Insufficient Logging

• NIST SP 800-53: AU-2 Audit Events

#### **Insufficient Logging (T005-conn1)**

Description: Lack of proper logging makes it difficult to track security incidents

Category: Repudiation Risk Level: MEDIUM Impact: medium

Likelihood: possible

Affected Component: comp1-comp2

#### **Recommended Mitigation:**

1. Implement comprehensive logging and monitoring

- 2. Implement centralized logging with tamper-evident logs
- 3. Use a SIEM solution for log analysis
- 4. Ensure all security-relevant events are logged
- 5. Include unique request IDs in logs for traceability

#### **Additional Information:**

Repudiation threats involve users denying that they performed an action, and the system lacking the ability to prove otherwise. Proper logging and auditing are essential to mitigate repudiation threats.

#### References:

• OWASP Top 10 2021: A09 - Security Logging and Monitoring Failures

CWE-778: Insufficient Logging

• NIST SP 800-53: AU-2 Audit Events

#### Insufficient Logging (T005-arch)

Description: Lack of proper logging makes it difficult to track security incidents

Category: Repudiation Risk Level: MEDIUM

Impact: medium

Likelihood: possible

Affected Component: overall\_architecture

#### **Recommended Mitigation:**

- 1. Implement comprehensive logging and monitoring
- 2. Implement centralized logging with tamper-evident logs
- 3. Use a SIEM solution for log analysis
- 4. Ensure all security-relevant events are logged
- 5. Include unique request IDs in logs for traceability

#### **Additional Information:**

Repudiation threats involve users denying that they performed an action, and the system lacking the ability to prove otherwise. Proper logging and auditing are essential to mitigate repudiation threats.

#### References:

• OWASP Top 10 2021: A09 - Security Logging and Monitoring Failures

• CWE-778: Insufficient Logging

• NIST SP 800-53: AU-2 Audit Events

#### Information Disclosure Threats

#### **Unencrypted Data Transfer (T002-conn1)**

Description: Data transferred over unencrypted connections can be intercepted

Category: Information Disclosure

Risk Level: HIGH

Impact: high

Likelihood: likely

Affected Component: comp1-comp2

#### **Recommended Mitigation:**

- 1. Use TLS/SSL for all data transfers
- 2. Use TLS 1.3 for all data transfers
- 3. Implement proper certificate validation
- 4. Use strong cipher suites
- 5. Implement HSTS to prevent downgrade attacks

#### **Additional Information:**

Information disclosure threats involve the exposure of sensitive information to unauthorized parties. This can include data breaches, unencrypted communications, or improper access controls leading to data leakage.

#### References:

- OWASP Top 10 2021: A02 Cryptographic Failures
- CWE-311: Missing Encryption of Sensitive Data
- NIST SP 800-53: SC-8 Transmission Confidentiality and Integrity
- NIST SP 800-57: Recommendation for Key Management

#### **Denial of Service Threats**

#### Single Point of Failure (T006-arch)

**Description:** Architecture has components that represent single points of failure

Category: Denial of Service

Risk Level: HIGH

Impact: high

Likelihood: likely

Affected Component: overall\_architecture

#### **Recommended Mitigation:**

- 1. Implement redundancy and high availability patterns
- 2. Implement rate limiting
- 3. Use a CDN for static content
- 4. Implement auto-scaling for dynamic resources
- 5. Use a DDoS protection service

#### **Additional Information:**

Denial of Service (DoS) attacks aim to make a system or resource unavailable to its intended users. This can be achieved by overwhelming the system with traffic, exploiting vulnerabilities, or exhausting system resources.

#### References:

- OWASP Top 10 2021: A05 Security Misconfiguration
- CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption
- NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection