```
from google.colab import drive
import pandas as pd
from functools import reduce
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.utils import shuffle
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
import numpy as np
from functools import reduce
from tensorflow.keras import layers, Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Layer
from tensorflow.keras.utils import Sequence, load_img, img_to_array, array_to_img
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
import tensorflow_hub as hub
import tensorflow as tf
epochs = 25
batch_size = 32
num classes = 80
margin = 1
resnset50 = 'https://tfhub.dev/google/imagenet/resnet_v2_50/classification/5'
drive.mount('/content/drive')
     Mounted at /content/drive
img dir = "/content/drive/My Drive/TFG Xarxes neuronals siameses/main img/"
img_size = (178, 218)
def visualize pair(pair, pred=None):
  fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(18, 6))
  fig.suptitle('Sim: {}'.format(pair['Sim']), size=16)
  ax1.imshow(load img(img dir + pair['Image1']))
  ax1.set axis off()
  ax2.imshow(load_img(img_dir + pair['Image2']))
  ax2.set axis off()
  plt.show()
def pairs(df):
  def f(row):
    return [[row['Image'], df[df['Class']==row['Class']].sample(n=1).iloc[0,0], 1],
            [row['Image'], df[df['Class']!=row['Class']].sample(n=1).iloc[0,0], 0]]
  return pd.DataFrame(reduce(lambda x, y: x + y, df.apply(f,axis=1).to list(), []),
                      columns=['Image1','Image2','Sim'])
def get_celebrities(n_celebrities:int, refactor_class=False):
```

```
df1, df2 = get_max_aparicions(get_identities(), n_celebrities)
    #df.reset index(inplace=True, drop=True)
    if refactor class:
        df1 = refactor identity(df1, 'Identity')
    return df1, df2
def get_max_aparicions(df:pd.DataFrame, n_celebrities:int):
    aparicions_df = df["Identity"].value_counts()
    aparicions df = aparicions df.reset index()
    aparicions_df = aparicions_df.rename(columns={'Identity':'aparicions', 'index':'Identi
    aparicions_df = aparicions_df.iloc[:n_celebrities]
    return df[df['Identity'].isin(aparicions df['Identity'])].reset index(drop=True), df[~
def get identities():
    identity df = pd.read csv("/content/drive/My Drive/TFG Xarxes neuronals siameses/main
    identity_df = identity_df.rename(columns={0:"Image_name", 1:"Identity"})
    return identity df
def refactor_identity(df, traget_col):
    d = get_dic_index(df, traget_col)
    df["Class"] = df.apply(lambda row: d[row[traget_col]], axis=1)
    return df
def get_dic_index(df, traget_col):
    df = df[traget col].value counts()
    dic index = df.to dict()
    i = 0
    for c in dic_index:
        dic index[c] = i
        i += 1
    return dic_index
def get_tvt(df:pd.DataFrame, target_name:str, train_size:int):
    total_classes = df[target_name].nunique()
    n_df_col = df.shape[0]
    df = shuffle(df)
    train df = df.iloc[:int(n df col*train size)]
    val_df = df.iloc[int(n_df_col*train_size):int(n_df_col*( train_size + (1-train_size)/2
    test df = df.iloc[int(n df col*( train size + (1-train size)/2 )):]
    while True:
        if train_df[target_name].nunique() == total_classes and val_df[target_name].nuniqu
            return train_df, val_df, test_df
        df = shuffle(df)
        train_df = df.iloc[:int(n_df_col*train_size)]
        val df = df.iloc[int(n df col*train size):int(n df col*( train size + (1-train siz
        test_df = df.iloc[int(n_df_col*( train_size + (1-train_size)/2 )):]
identity_df, rest = get_celebrities(num_classes, refactor_class=True)
identity_df = identity_df[["Image_name", "Class"]].rename(columns={"Image_name": "Image"})
identity_df.head()
```

		Image	Class	
	0	000001.jpg	79	
	1	000096.jpg	8	
	2	000116.jpg	14	
	3	000150.jpg	9	
train	_df	, val_df, t	est_df =	<pre>get_tvt(identity_df, "Class", 0.8)</pre>

pairsTrain = pairs(train_df)
pairsVal = pairs(val_df)
pairsTest = pairs(test_df)

pairsTrain.head()

	Image1	Image2	Sim
0	107629.jpg	047600.jpg	1
1	107629.jpg	029240.jpg	0
2	085304.jpg	124276.jpg	1
3	085304.jpg	099122.jpg	0
4	011738.jpg	016156.jpg	1

visualize_pair(pairsTrain.loc[0])



Sim: 1



Sim: 0





visualize_pair(pairsTrain.loc[pairsTrain.shape[0]-2])

Sim: 1

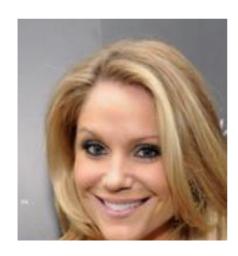




visualize_pair(pairsTrain.loc[pairsTrain.shape[0]-1])

Sim: 0





```
class DataGenerator(Sequence):
 def __init__(self, df, batch_size=32, img_size=(200,200), img_dir= './', shuffle=True):
   self.batch_size = batch_size
   self.img_size = img_size
   self.img dir = img dir
   self.df = df
   self.indices = self.df.index.tolist()
   self.shuffle = shuffle
   self.on epoch end()
 def __len__(self):
   return len(self.indices) // self.batch_size
 def __getitem__(self, index):
   index = self.index[index * self.batch_size:(index + 1) * self.batch_size]
   batch = [self.indices[k] for k in index]
   X1, X2, y = self.__get_data(batch)
   return [X1, X2], y
 def on epoch end(self):
   self.index = np.arange(len(self.indices))
   if self.shuffle:
      np.random.shuffle(self.index)
 def __get_data(self, batch):
   X1 = np.zeros((self.batch_size,) + self.img_size + (3,), dtype="float32")
   X2 = np.zeros((self.batch_size,) + self.img_size + (3,), dtype="float32")
   y = np.zeros((self.batch_size,), dtype="float32")
   for i, idx in enumerate(batch):
     X1[i] = img_to_array(load_img(self.img_dir + self.df.loc[idx,'Image1'], target_size=
     X2[i] = img to array(load img(self.img dir + self.df.loc[idx,'Image2'], target size=
     y[i] = 1 - self.df.loc[idx, 'Sim']
   return X1, X2, y
```

trainGenerator = DataGenerator(pairsTrain, batch_size=batch_size, img_size=img_size, img_d
valGenerator = DataGenerator(pairsVal, batch_size=batch_size, img_size=img_size, img_dir=i
testGenerator = DataGenerator(pairsTest, batch_size=1, img_size=img_size, img_dir=img_dir,

```
class EuclideanDLayer(Layer):
    def init (self, **kwargs):
        super(). init ()
    def call(self, x, y):
        sum_square = tf.math.reduce_sum(tf.math.square(x - y), axis=1, keepdims=True)
        return tf.math.sqrt(tf.math.maximum(sum_square, tf.keras.backend.epsilon()))
pretrained_base = hub.KerasLayer(resnset50, trainable = False)
input = layers.Input(img size + (3,))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(input)
x = pretrained_base(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
embedding network = Model(input, x)
input_1 = layers.Input(img_size + (3,))
input_2 = layers.Input(img_size + (3,))
tower_1 = embedding_network(input_1)
tower 2 = embedding network(input 2)
siamese layer = EuclideanDLayer()
siamese_layer._name = 'distance'
distance = siamese_layer(tower_1, tower_2)
#merge layer = layers.Lambda(euclidean distance)([tower 1, tower 2])
features = layers.BatchNormalization()(distance)
features = layers.Dense(512, activation="relu")(features)
features = layers.Dropout(0.2)(features)
features = layers.Dense(512, activation="relu")(features)
features = layers.Dense(256, activation="relu")(features)
features = layers.Dense(128, activation="relu")(features)
output_layer = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(features)
siamese = Model(inputs=[input 1, input 2], outputs=output layer)
def loss(margin=1.0):
    def contrastive_loss(y_true, y_pred):
        square pred = tf.math.square(y pred)
        margin square = tf.math.square(tf.math.maximum(margin - (y pred), 0))
        return tf.math.reduce mean(
            (1 - y_true) * square_pred + (y_true) * margin_square
    return contrastive loss
siamese.compile(loss=loss(margin=margin), optimizer="adam", metrics=["accuracy"])
```

siamese.summary()

Model: "model_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 178, 218, 3)]	0	[]
input_3 (InputLayer)	[(None, 178, 218, 3)]	0	[]
model (Functional)	(None, 1001)	25615849	['input_2[0][0]', 'input_3[0][0]']
distance (EuclideanDLayer)	(None, 1)	0	['model[0][0]', 'model[1][0]']
<pre>batch_normalization (BatchNorm alization)</pre>	(None, 1)	4	['distance[0][0]']
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	1024	['batch_normalization
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0	['dense[0][0]']
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 512)	262656	['dropout[0][0]']
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131328	['dense_1[0][0]']
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896	['dense_2[0][0]']
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 1)	129	['dense_3[0][0]']

Total params: 26,043,886 Trainable params: 428,035

Non-trainable params: 25,615,851

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←
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```
Epoch 5/25
Epoch 6/25
Epoch 7/25
Epoch 8/25
Epoch 9/25
Epoch 10/25
Epoch 11/25
Epoch 12/25
Epoch 13/25
Epoch 14/25
Epoch 15/25
Epoch 16/25
Epoch 17/25
Epoch 18/25
Epoch 19/25
Epoch 20/25
Epoch 21/25
Epoch 22/25
Epoch 23/25
Epoch 24/25
Epoch 25/25
siamese.evaluate(testGenerator)
488/488 [============= ] - 90s 183ms/step - loss: 0.2034 - accuracy:
[0.20342084765434265, 0.6598360538482666]
```

siamese.save('/content/drive/My Drive/TFG Xarxes neuronals siameses/models/Final.test 8')

```
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=2, figsize = (20, 8))
ax1.plot(history.history['loss'])
```

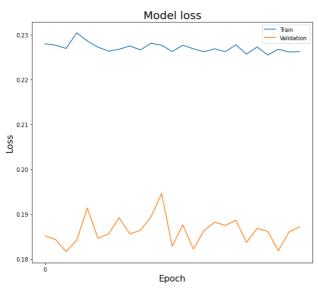
```
ax1.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
ax1.set_title('Model loss', size=20)
ax1.set_ylabel('Loss', size=16)
ax1.set_xlabel('Epoch', size=16)
ax1.set_xticks(range(0, 6, 25))
ax1.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper right')

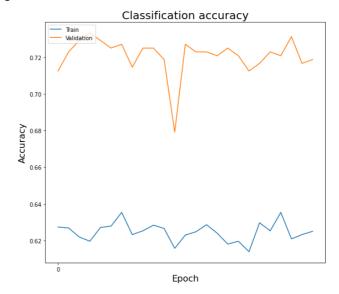
ax2.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
ax2.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
ax2.set_title('Classification accuracy', size=20)
ax2.set_ylabel('Accuracy', size=16)
ax2.set_xlabel('Epoch', size=16)
ax2.set_xticks(range(0, 6, 25))
ax2.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')

fig.suptitle('Learning curves', size=20)

plt.show()
```

Learning curves





```
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_absolute_error

r2_score(pairsTest['Sim'], pairsTest['Preds'])
        -0.6142602423545471

mean_absolute_error(pairsTest['Sim'], pairsTest['Preds'])
        0.6000721326983366

def visualize_pair(pair, pred=None):
    fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(18, 6))
    fig.suptitle('Sim: {}\nPred: {}'.format(pair['Sim'], pair['Preds']), size=16)
    ax1.imshow(load_img(img_dir + pair['Image1']))
    ax1.set_axis_off()
    ax2.imshow(load_img(img_dir + pair['Image2']))
    ax2.set_axis_off()
    plt.show()

index = 12

visualize_pair(pairsTest.loc[index])
```

 \Box

Sim: 1 Pred: 0.01563471555709839





visualize_pair(pairsTest.loc[index+1])

Sim: 0 Pred: 0.5415585041046143





Productos de pago de Colab - Cancelar contratos