Overview of Freight Transport

Michael G. Kay

Transport Modes

Mode	Cost in Cents per Ton-Mile	Cost Relative to Water
Water	0.007	1
Rail	0.025	4
Road	0.251	36
Air	0.588	84

Carrier vs. Shipper

- Carrier:
 - Company that transports a shipment using its equipment
- Shipper:
 - Person or company that owns the shipment

Total 2016 U.S. Logistics Costs

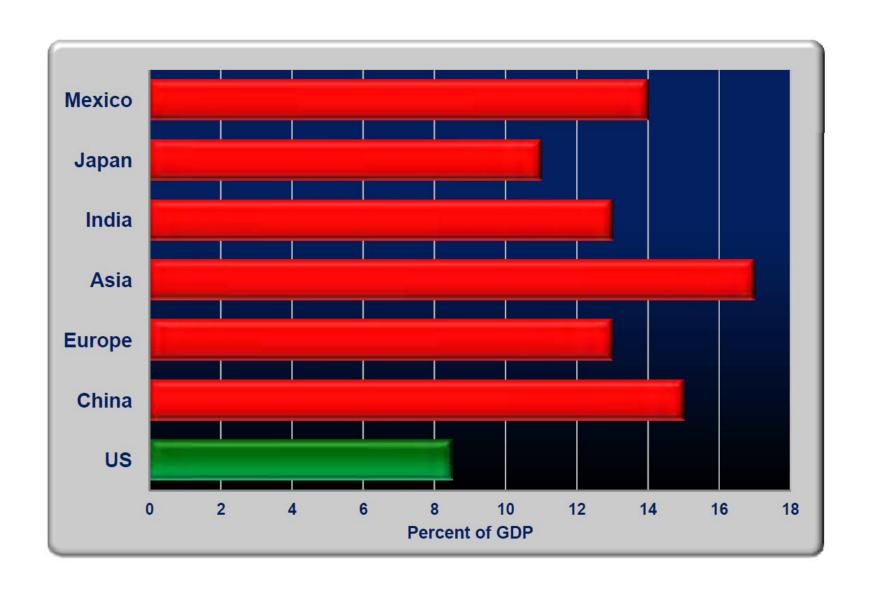
Transportation Costs		\$ Billion
Motor Carrier:	Motor Carrier: Full truckload	
	Less-than truckload	58
	Private or dedicated	268
Parcel		86
Rail:	Carload	53
	Intermodal	19
Airfreight		67
Water		41
Pipeline		34
	Total Transportation Costs	895
Inventory Carryi	ng Costs (\$2,512 ⁶ billion total inv.)	
Financial cost (WACC × total inventory)		143
Storage		144
Other (obsolescence, shrinkage, insurance, others)		123
	Total Carrying Costs	410
Other Costs		
Carriers' suppor	t activities	45
	istrative costs	43
	Total Logistics Costs	1,393

Yearly Logistics Costs	Percent of GDP (Tran/Inv%)	
1981	16.2% (45/51)	
2000	10.2%	
2004	8.6%	
2007	9.9%	
2009	7.4%*	
2011	8.6%	
2013	8.2%	
2016	7.5% (64/29)	

^{*}Record low

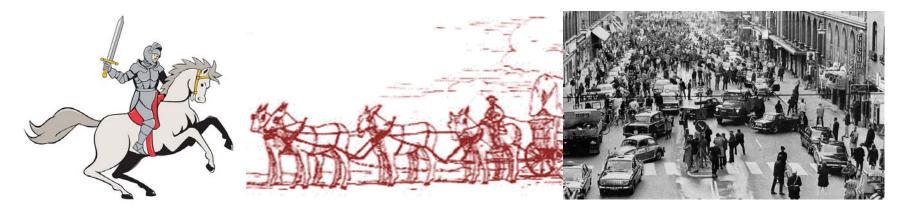
$$h \approx \frac{410}{2512} = 16.32\%$$

Logistics Cost as a Percent of GDP



Why Are U.S. Logistics Costs Low?

- Major reason is geography:
 - 1. Many natural harbors on both coasts
 - 2. Long-distance navigable inland waterways
 - 3. Many 500+ mile hauls \Rightarrow rail feasible
- Reason U.S. drives on right due to wide-spread early use of freight mule trains (and limited use of swords)



Who is this person?



 He is, arguably, one of the two or three people who have had the biggest impact on global trade since WWII

He patented his innovation, and then immediately

gave it away

 He was a trucker from Maxton, North Carolina



Who Made America?

Innovators

Geography

Timeline



DEMOCRATIZERS

GAMBLERS

REVOLUTIONARIES

PIONEERS

- PREVIOUS INNOVATOR

NEXT INNOVATOR -



BORN: 1914, Maxton, NC DIED: 2001, New York, NY

DID YOU KNOW?

As McLean's first container ship left Newark harbor, a man asked Freddy Fields, a top official of the International Longshoremen's Association, "What do you think of that new ship?" Fields replied, "I'd like to sink that sonofabitch." Longshoremen strikes ensued, but the cost of shipping dropped by a factor of a hundred.

Photos: (left) Time Life Pictures/Getty Images; (right) Edward Burtynsky

Malcom McLean Containerized Shipping

While his name is relatively unknown today, this North Carolina trucker invented container shipping, an method now indispensable to the modern world of global trade.

Start in Trucking

Malcom McLean was born into a North Carolina farming family in 1914. Struggling to assist his family during the Great Depression, he started a small trucking company to transport farmers' goods and supplies. His resourcefulness enabled him to expand to thirty trucks by 1940, and he was eventually able to sell McLean Trucking, a \$12 million company with over 1700 trucks, by the mid-1950s.

Truck to Ship to Truck

His years in the transportation business showed McLean the need for an easier method of shipping goods. He had watched dock workers unloading goods from trucks and transferring them to ships, and marveled at the inefficiency of the process. "Wouldn't it be great," he asked himself, "if my trailer could simply be lifted up and placed on the ship?" In 1955, he gambled big on a container venture, buying two oil tankers and securing a bank loan to buy \$42 million worth of docking, shipbuilding, and repair facilities. He refitted the ships and designed trailers to stack below or on the decks. In April 1956, his first container ship, the *Ideal X*, departed Port Newark, New Jersey, headed for Houston.

Sea-Land

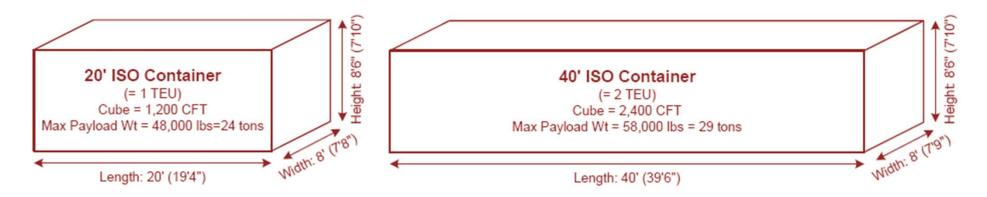
McLean named his new company Sea-Land, and rushed to expand it, exposing the business to financial instability. The venture required a lot of capital. His aggressive investment was rewarded by the <u>Port of New York Authority's</u> decision to develop a new container port in Elizabeth, New Jersey, anointing cargo shipping as the method of the future.

ISO Container





<u>Used to transport 90% of international trade</u>



Twistlock



Corner casting on a shipping container. The twistlock proper is done through a larger oval hole on the bottom.



Twistlocks on the base of a container ship. Foreground: unlocked; background: locked. The turnbuckles are "lashing rods" used for additional stability







Intermodal Transport



 Products "stuffed" Inside a container are carried by truck or rall to a port.

By Land and By Sea

Steel shipping containers are designed to be carried on all three modes of surface transportation – ships, trains, and trucks.



5 At its destination, each container is emptied and can be used again.



2 A crane operator loads the container onto a ship.





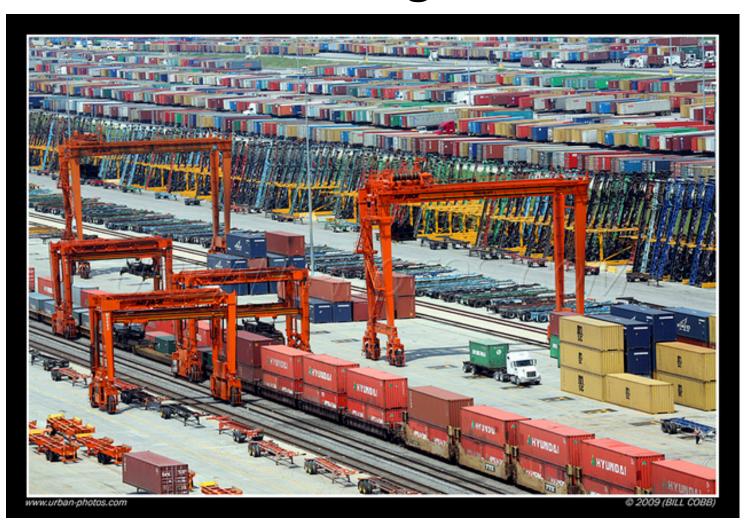


3 The ship carries thousands of containers to other ports where they are offloaded.



4 The containers are secured onto trucks or railcars for transport inland, or moved to the port's yard for shipment later.

CenterPoint Intermodal Center, Chicago



Maritime Transportation Rates for a 40 Foot Container between Selected Ports, 2010

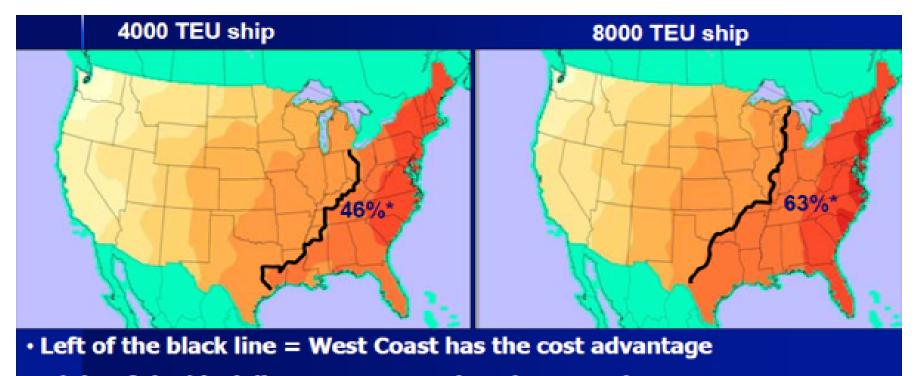


Source: Drewry Shipping Consultants. Note: Rates are for full container loads and include the base ocean shipping rate, port charges both at origin and at destination, fuel surcharges and all other surcharges.

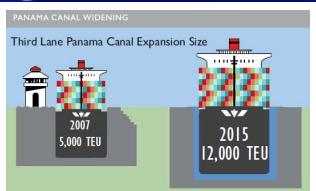
Transit Times from Shanghai and North American Routing Options (in Days)



Far Reaching Effects of Canal Expansion



Right of the black line = East Coast has the cost advantage

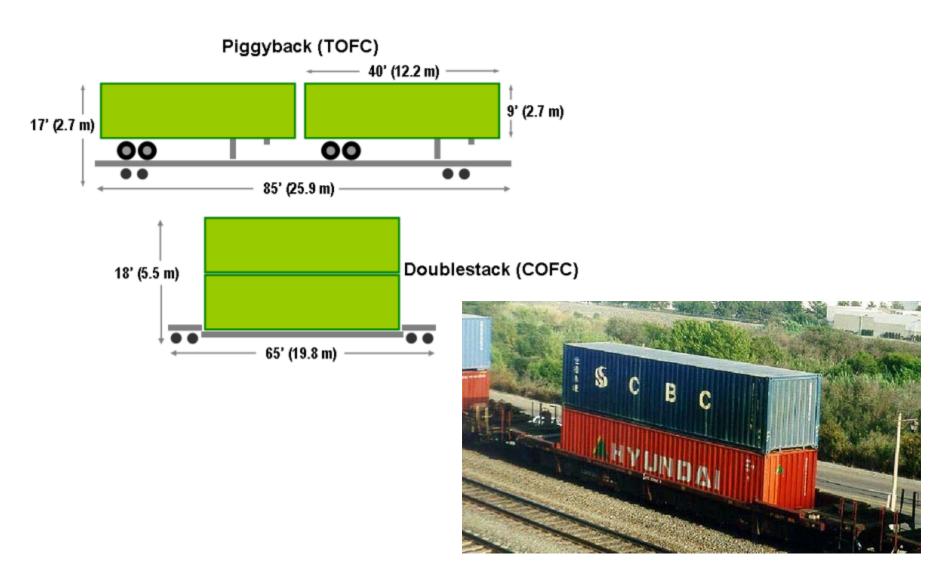


"Panamax" ship = 4000-5000 TEU Capacity

post-Panamax = too big to fit (Nimitz)

"New Panamax" = 12,000 TEU

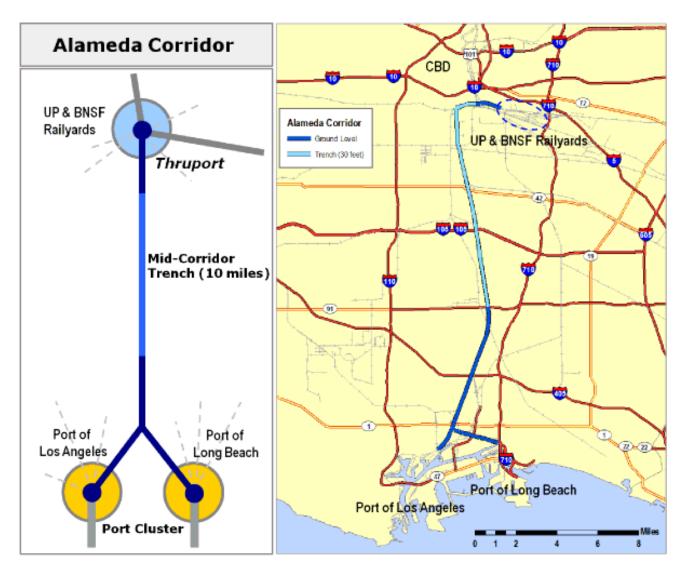
Piggyback and Doublestack Train Cars



Major North American Rail Corridors Improved since 2000



Alameda Rail Corridor





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LATEST NEWS

CEPM Webinars Announced

Aug. 22 - Railinc has announced the webinar schedule for CEPM Wheelsets

CEPM-Wheelsets On-Schedule

Aug. 8 - The first phase of the CEPM project is on-track for launch in January 2012.

Newsroom >

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RAILING SHORT LINE INDEX

July 2011 - 334,986

July 2010 - 328,102

Carloads Up Two Percent, Metallic Ores. Nonmetallic Minerals. & Lumber & Wood Products Lead Gains See details >

UMLER EQUIPMENT INDEX

2nd Qtr 2011 - 1,948,957

1st Qtr 2011 - 1,949,315

North American Fleet Size Remains Steady During 2nd Quarter 2011 See details >

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Station Detail		
Station Master Detail OPSL Notes		
SCAC	CSXT	A
FSAC	21603	
Effective Date	08/12/1997	
Expiration Date	12/31/9999	
SPLC	411853000	
Location Name	EAST DURHAM	
Location Type	OR	
Rule 260 Junc Abbrev		
Location County	DURHAM	
Location State	NC	
Latitude	+035.978772	
Longitude	-078.876680	
Zip/Postal Code		
Fariable Station ODS: Name	EAST DUDUM	*

Trucking

U.S. For-Hire Trucking Services

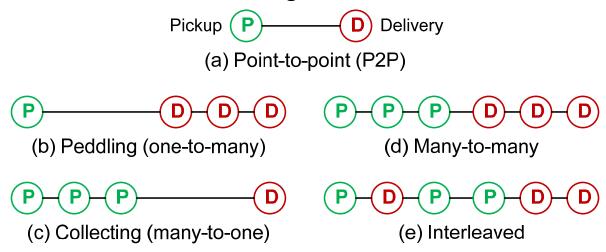
	TL	LTL	PX
Minimum payload	10,000 <u>lb</u>	150 <u>lb</u>	2 <u>lb</u>
Average payload ¹²	30,000 <u>lb</u>	1000 <u>lb</u>	10 <u>lb</u>
Maximum payload	50,000 <u>lb</u>	10,000 <u>lb</u>	70 (UPS) - 150 lb
Average length of haul	294 mi	752 mi	894 mi
Average value	\$775/ton	\$7002/ton	\$37,538/ton

Truck enclosed van semi-trailer (interior dimensions in parenthesis)

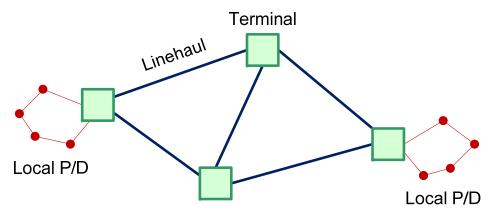


Trucking Operations

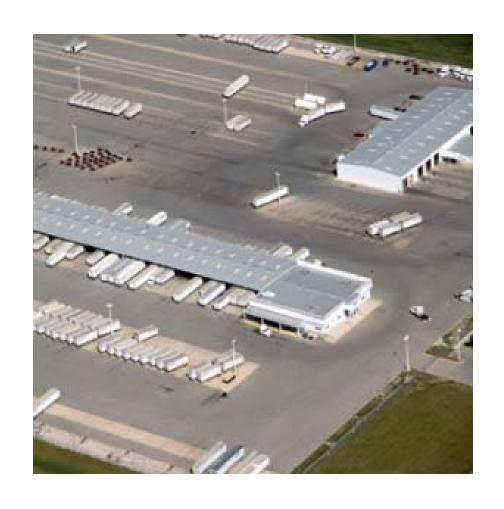
TL routing alternatives

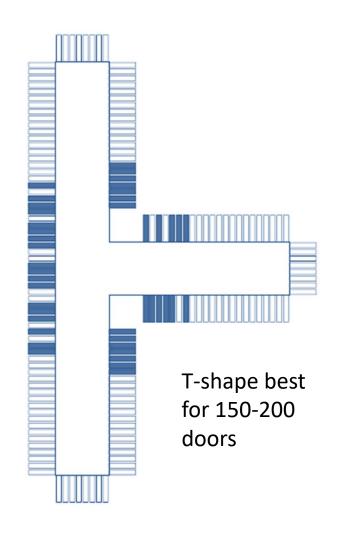


Logistics network used for LTL and PX

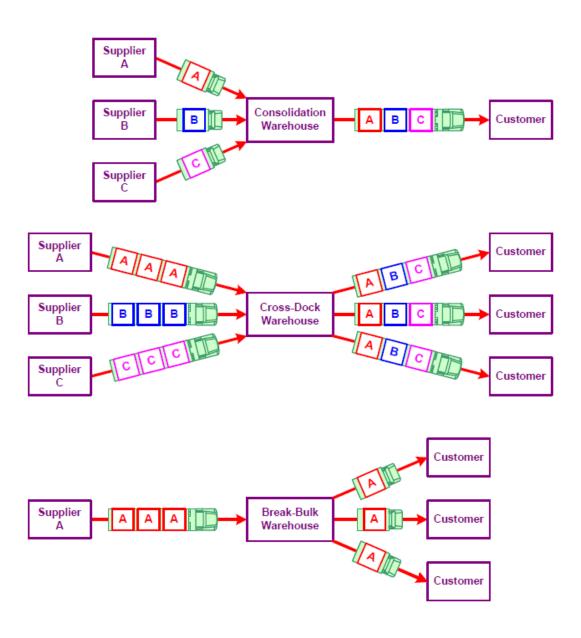


LTL Terminal



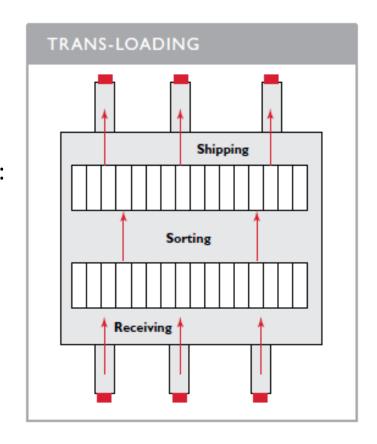


Types of Warehouses



Transloading

- Process of transferring a shipment from one transport vehicle to another
 - a.k.a. (or similar to) transshipping
- Advantages of transloading at a port prior to transport to inland distribution centers (DCs):
 - Contents of four 40-ft containers fit into three 53-ft domestic containers or semi-trailers
 - Empty 40-ft containers don't need to be returned from DC
 - Can re-sort and delay final assignment to DCs instead of shipping full contents to a single DC
- Disadvantage: Increased handling (cost and damage)



Savannah Logistics Cluster







I-75 Commercial Vehicle Lanes

- Heavy truck traffic between just south of Atlanta and Port of Savannah
- Proposed project would consist of two barrier-separated commercial vehicle only lanes along I-75 median
- Would reduce
 - Congestion
 - Truck/car accidents
 - Maintenance cost of general purpose lanes
- Open to traffic in 2029
- Cost estimate is \$1.8 billion



Appalachian Regional Port

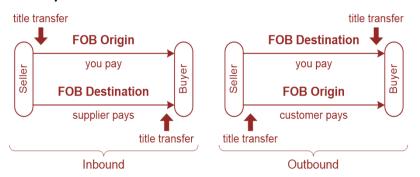
- Example of an *inland port*
- Provides direct 388-mile rail route to/from Port of Savannah
- Bypasses Atlanta congestion
- Reduces truck congestion at port
- Eliminates need for transloading
- Opened August 2018





Misc. Freight Terms

- Demurrage
- per-day fee to keep container/trailer
- Drayage
- short-distance transport (dray horse)
- Dunnage
- material to secure cargo in container (air bag, "popcorn")
- Bill of Lading (blockchain)
- contract between carrier and shipper that serves as title for shipment
- FOB (Free-on-Board)
- indicates when seller transfers title to buyer



Truck vs. Tractor-Trailer



- Reefer
- refrigerated container or trailer
- Bobtail



- Common Carrier (vs Private Carrier)
- carrier that serves general public
- 3PL (third-party logistics provider)
- firm that specializes in providing warehousing and transportation services for hire

Misc. Freight Terms (cont)

- Deadheading
- truck travel without a load
- Doubles



• Fifth Wheel (and Kingpin)



- Hours-of-Service (HOS) regulations
- "Drivers may drive up to 11 hours in the 14-hour on-duty window after they come on duty following 10 or more consecutive hours off duty"
- Sleeper, Driver Team
- allows non-stop travel with one person driving while other sleeps
- Tare Weight
- Tare = Gross vehicle weight Payload
- Lumper
- laborer hired by a trucker to unload freight at a warehouse