

1. What is meant by worst-case analysis?

Where the case with the most number of operations is used

2. For each of the following pieces of code answer the following two questions:

a) How many times *operation* is being executed? (Give the exact number)

b) What is the computational complexity (running time) of the piece of code in the big-O notation?

2.1 `int i = 100;`
`while (i > 0) {`
 operation
 i = i - 1;
`}`

a) 100 b) $O(1)$

2.2 `for (int i=0; i<n; i++)`
 `for (int j=0; j<n; j++)`
 `for (int k=0; k<n; k++)`
 operation

a) n^3 b) $O(n^3)$

2.3 `for (i=1; i<2*n; i++)`
 `for (j=1; j<n; j++)`
 operation

a) $2n^2$ b) $O(n^2)$

2.4 `for (i=n; i>1; i=i/3)`
 operation

a) $\log_3(n)$ b) $O(\log n)$

2.5 `for (int i=0; i<2*n; i = i + 2)`
 operation

a) $\frac{2n}{2} = n$ b) $O(n)$

3. List the following formulas in order of running time analysis, from most preferred (fastest) to least preferred (slowest): $3n-2$, 1 , $5n+n^2$, $3\log n$, 2^n , $10n^4$, \sqrt{n} , $3n^3-5n+n^4$.

1, $3\log n$, \sqrt{n} , $3n-2$, $5n+n^2$, $3n^3-5n+n^4$, $10n^4$, 2^n