

Temporizador Systick

Informática II – R2003



Se pide realizar la oscilación o parpadeo de un led mediante la utilización del Systick. Plantear la maquina de estados y realizar las inicializaciones necesarias.

Nota: Se recomienda utilizar el puerto 0, pin 22.

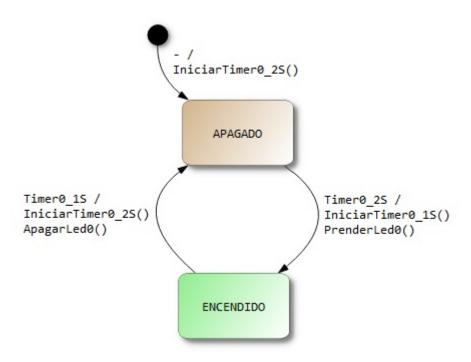


Pasos a seguir para la resolución:

- 1. Realizar la maquina de estados.
- 2. Generar el código de la misma (puede ser con switch case, puntero a función o if else).
- 3. Crear un proyecto nuevo en MCUXpresso.
- 4. Importar o copiar los archivos de la maquina de estado.
- 5. Hacer las inicializaciones correspondientes y "acomodar" el código.



Maquina de estado





Inicialización

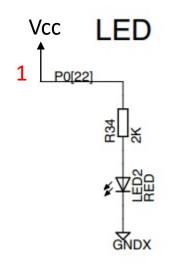
```
define LED
                                                                                     0,22
/oid inicializar( void )
   // Inicializo el clock en 100MHz
   Init PLL();
                                                                                   Estados de
                                                                               PINSEL GPIO
   // Inicializo el timer Systick
                                                                               PINSEL FUNC1
   Init Systick();
                                                                               PINSEL_FUNC2
                                                                               PINSEL FUNC3
   // Inicializo el pin como salida
   Init GPIO();
                                                                               SALIDA
void Init GPIO( void )
                                                                        ifndef REV_D
   SetPINSEL(LED, PINSEL_GPIO);
                                                                          #define OFF
                                                                                          0
   SetDIR(LED, SALIDA);
   SetPIN(LED,OFF);
                                                                          #define OFF
                                                                                          0
```

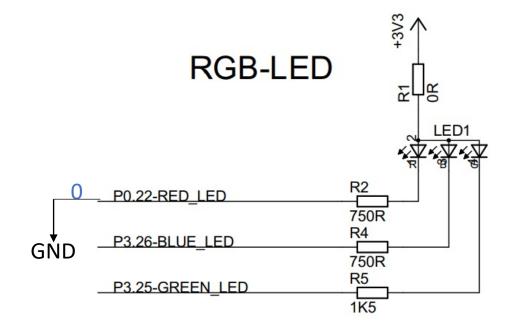


Comparación de revisiones del LPC1769

LPC1769 rev. B

LPC1769 rev. D







Seguimos con la inicialización

23.1 Basic configuration

The System Tick Timer is configured using the following registers:

- Clock Source: Select either the internal CCLK or external STCLK (P3.26) clock as the source in the STCTRL register.
- Pins: If STCLK (P3.26) was selected as clock source enable the STCLK pin function in the PINMODE register (Section 8.5).
- 3. Interrupt: The System Tick Timer Interrupt is enabled in the NVIC using the appropriate Interrupt Set Enable register.



Registros Systick

Table 439. System Tick Timer register map

Name	Description	Access	Reset value[1]	Address
STCTRL	System Timer Control and status register	R/W	0x4	0xE000 E010
STRELOAD	System Timer Reload value register	R/W	0	0xE000 E014
STCURR	System Timer Current value register	R/W	0	0xE000 E018
STCALIB	System Timer Calibration value register	R/W	0x000F 423F	0xE000 E01C

Reset Value reflects the data stored in used bits only. It does not include content of reserved bits.

Si tenemos configurado el PLL, el valor de STCALIB corresponde a un tick cada 10ms.

$$STRELOAD = \left(\frac{STCALIB}{N}\right) - 1$$
 Si N = 1, y PLL inicializado, tengo el Tick cada 10ms.



Registros Systick - STCTRL

Table 440. System Timer Control and status register (STCTRL - 0xE000 E010) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description	Reset value
0	ENABLE	System Tick counter enable. When 1, the counter is enabled. When 0, the counter is disabled.	0
1	TICKINT System Tick interrupt enable. When 1, the System Tick interrupt is enabled. When 0, the System Tick interrupt is disabled. When enabled, the interrupt is generated when the System Tick counter counts down to 0.		0
2	CLKSOURCE System Tick clock source selection. When 1, the CPU clock is selected. When 0, the external clock pin (STCLK) is selected.		1

Table 440. System Timer Control and status register (STCTRL - 0xE000 E010) bit description ...continued

Bit	Symbol	Description	Reset value
15:3	-	Reserved, user software should not write ones to reserved bits. The value read from a reserved bit is not defined.	
16	COUNTFLAG	System Tick counter flag. This flag is set when the System Tick counter counts down to 0, and is cleared by reading this register.	
31:17	 Reserved, user software should not write ones to reserved bits. The value read from a reserved bit is not defined. 		NA



Inicialización Systick

Otra forma...

```
void Init_Systick( void )
{
    STRELOAD = (STCALIB/N) - 1; // 1 miliseg con PLL a 100 MHZ.

    STCTRL |= 1 << 0; // ENABLE
    STCTRL |= 1 << 1; // TICKINT
    STCTRL |= 1 << 2; // CLKSOURCE
}</pre>
```



Implementación del Handler

```
void SysTick_Handler(void)
{
   tiempo--;
}
```

Vamos al MCUXpresso!!