

List of univariate probability distributions

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1 Discrete distributions

This list gives an overview of the most popular univariate probability distributions and their most important properties.

In the following, let K and X denote appropriately distributed discrete and continuous random variables, respectively.

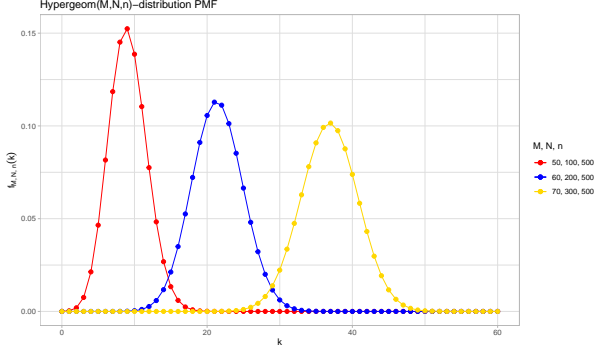
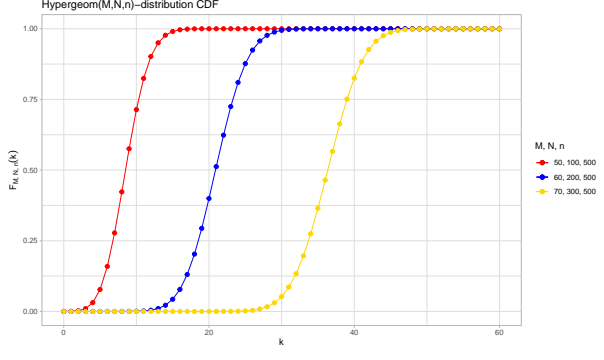
1.1 Discrete uniform(n) distribution

<p>Mass function</p> $f(k) = \frac{1}{n}$	<p>Distribution function</p> $P(\{K \leq k\}) = \frac{ \{i : k_i \leq k\} }{n}$
<p>Mean</p> $E[K] = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^n k_i$	<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}(K) = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^n k_i^2 - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^n k_i \right)^2 \right)$

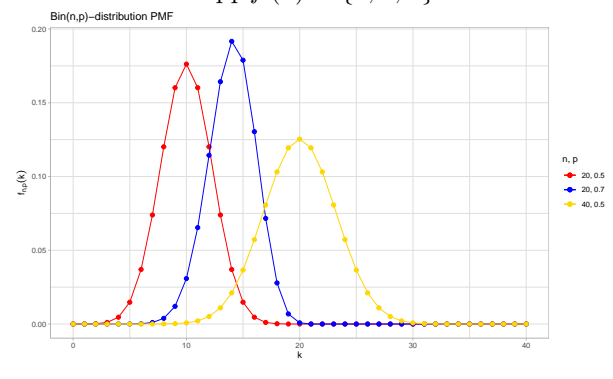
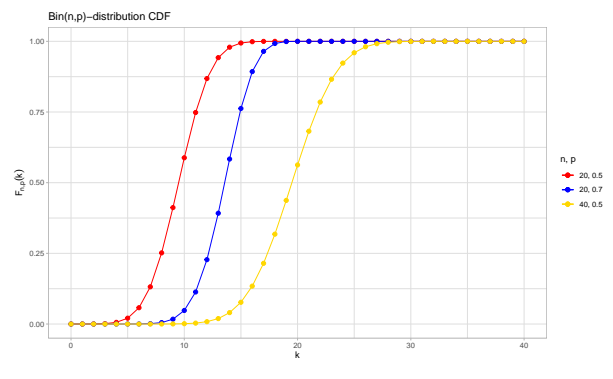
1.2 Bernoulli(p) distribution

<p>Mass function</p> $f(k) = \begin{cases} p & \text{for } k = 1 \\ 1 - p & \text{for } k = 0 \end{cases}$ <p>$\text{supp } f(k) = \{0, 1\}$</p>	<p>Distribution function</p> $P(\{K \leq k\}) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } k < 0 \\ 1 - p & \text{for } 0 \leq k < 1 \\ 1 & \text{for } k \geq 1 \end{cases}$	
<p>Mean</p> $E[K] = p$	<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}(K) = p(1 - p)$	<p>Fisher Information</p> $\mathcal{I}(\theta) = \frac{1}{\theta(1 - \theta)}$
<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X(t) = (1 - p + p \exp(t))$	<p>Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X(t) = (1 - p + p \exp(it))$	

1.3 Hypergeometric(M, N, n) distribution

<p>Mass function</p> $f(k) = \frac{\binom{M}{k} \binom{N-M}{n-k}}{\binom{N}{n}}$ 	<p>Distribution function</p> $P(\{K \leq k\}) = \sum_{i=\max\{0, n-N\}}^{\lfloor k \rfloor} \frac{\binom{M}{i} \binom{N}{ni}}{\binom{M+N}{n}}$ 
<p>Mean</p> $E[K] = n \frac{M}{N}$	<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}(K) = n \frac{M}{N} \left(1 - \frac{M}{N}\right) \frac{N-n}{N-1}$

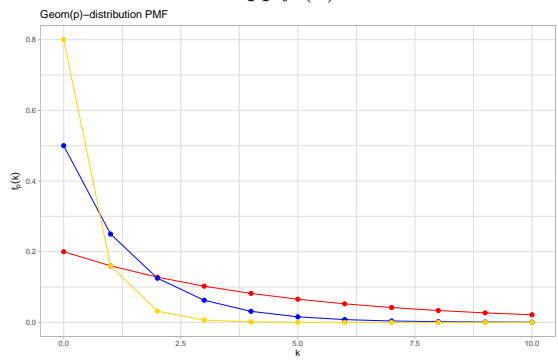
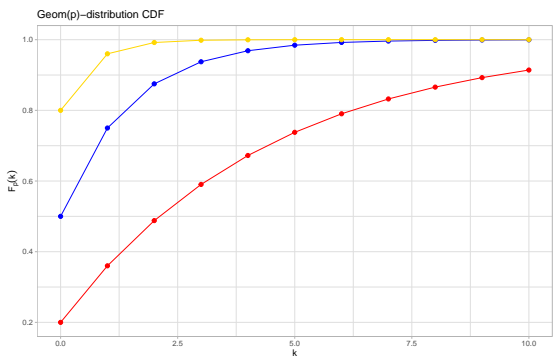
1.4 Binomial(n, p) distribution

<div>Mass function</div> $f\left(k\right)=\binom{n}{k}p^k\left(1-p\right)^{n-k}$ <div>$\text{supp } f\left(k\right)=\left\{0,..,n\right\}$</div> <div></div>		<div>Distribution function</div> $P\left(\left\{K\leq k\right\}\right)=\sum_{i=0}^{\left\lfloor k\right\rfloor}\binom{n}{i}p^i\left(1-p\right)^{n-i}$ <div></div>	
<div>Mean</div> $E\left[K\right]=np$		<div>Variance</div> $\text{Var}\left(K\right)=np\left(1-p\right)$	
		<div>Fisher Information</div> $\mathcal{I}\left(\theta\right)=\frac{n}{\theta\left(1-\theta\right)}\text{ for fixed }n$	
<div>Moment-generating function</div> $M_X\left(t\right)=\left(1-p+p\exp\left(t\right)\right)^n$		<div>Characteristic function</div> $\varphi_X\left(t\right)=\left(1-p+p\exp\left(it\right)\right)^n$	
<div>Maximum Likelihood Estimator</div> $\hat{p}=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^nk_i$			

- $\text{Bin}(m, p) + \text{Bin}(n, p) = \text{Bin}(m+n, p)$ ¹

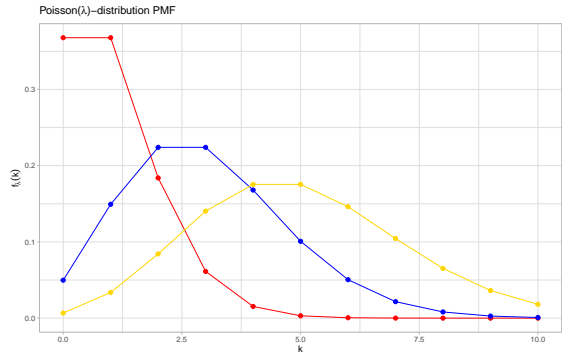
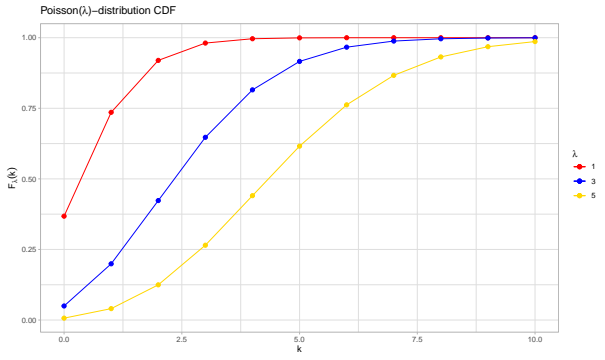
¹Where e.g. $\text{Bin}(n, p)$ represents a random variable with $\text{Bin}(n, p)$ -distribution, not the distribution itself.

1.5 Geometric(p) distribution

<p>Mass function</p> $f(k) = p(1-p)^{k-1}$ <p>$\text{supp } f(k) = \mathbb{N}$</p> 		<p>Distribution function</p> $P(\{K \leq k\}) = 1 - (1-p)^{\lfloor k \rfloor}$ 	
<p>Mean</p> $E[K] = \frac{1}{p}$		<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}(K) = \frac{1}{p^2} - \frac{1}{p}$	
		<p>Fisher Information</p> $\mathcal{I}(\theta) = \frac{1}{\theta^2} + \frac{1}{(1-\theta)^2 \theta}$	
<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X(t) = \frac{p \exp(t)}{1 - (1-p) \exp(t)}$		<p>Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X(t) = \frac{p \exp(it)}{1 - (1-p) \exp(it)}$	
<p>Maximum Likelihood Estimator</p> $\hat{p} = \frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^n k_i}$			

- $P(K \geq k+t \mid K \geq k) = P(K \geq t)$ (Memorylessness)

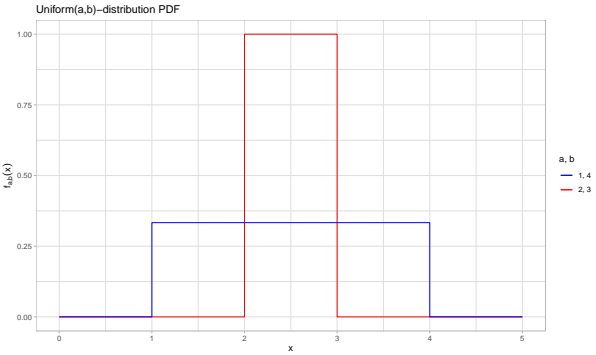
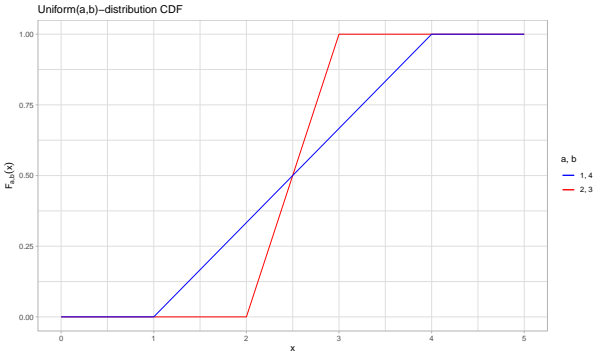
1.6 Poisson(λ) distribution

<p>Mass function</p> $f\left(k\right)=\frac{\lambda^k}{k!}\exp\left(-\lambda\right)$ <p>$\text{supp } f\left(k\right)=\mathbb{N}_0$</p> 		<p>Distribution function</p> $P\left(\left\{K\leq k\right\}\right)=\sum_{i=0}^{\lfloor k\rfloor}\frac{\lambda^i}{i!}\exp\left(-\lambda\right)$ 	
<p>Mean</p> $E\left[K\right]=\lambda$		<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}\left(K\right)=\lambda$	
<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X\left(t\right)=\exp\left(\lambda\exp\left(t\right)-1\right)$		<p>Fisher Information</p> $\mathcal{I}\left(\theta\right)=\frac{1}{\theta}$	
<p>Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X\left(t\right)=\exp\left(\lambda\exp\left(it\right)-1\right)$		<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X\left(t\right)=\exp\left(\lambda\exp\left(t\right)-1\right)$	
<p>Maximum Likelihood Estimator</p> $\hat{\lambda}=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^nk_i$			

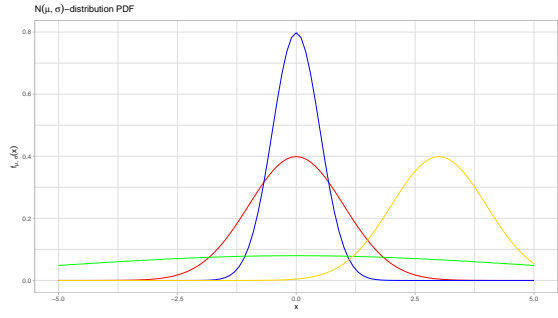
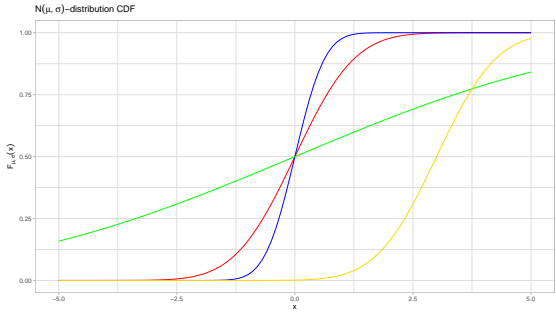
- $P(\alpha) + P(\beta) = P(\alpha + \beta)$
- $\text{Bin}(n, p) = P(np)$ as $n \rightarrow \infty, p \rightarrow 0$

2 Continous distributions

2.1 Continous uniform(a,b) distribution

<p>Density</p> $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & \text{for } x \in [a, b] \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ <p>$\text{supp } f(x) = [a, b]$</p> 	<p>Distribution function</p> $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x \leq a \\ \frac{x-a}{b-a} & \text{for } a < x \leq b \\ 1 & \text{for } x > b \end{cases}$ 
<p>Mean</p> $E[X] = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)$	<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{1}{12}(b - a)^2$
<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X(t) = \frac{\exp(tb) - 1}{tb} \text{ for } a = 0$	<p>Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X(t) = \frac{\exp(itb) - 1}{itb} \text{ for } a = 0$
<p>Maximum Likelihood Estimator</p> $\hat{b} = \max\{x_1, \dots, x_n\} \text{ for } a = 0$	

2.2 Normal(μ, σ^2) distribution

<p>Density</p> $f\left(x\right)=\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}\exp\left(-\frac{\left(x-\mu\right)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$ <p>$\text{supp } f\left(x\right)=\mathbb{R}$</p> 		<p>Distribution function</p> $F\left(x\right)=\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}\int_{-\infty}^x\exp\left(-\frac{\left(t-\mu\right)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)dt$ 	
<p>Mean</p> $E\left[X\right]=\mu$		<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}\left(X\right)=\sigma^2$	
<p>Fisher Information</p> $\mathcal{I}\left(\mu,\sigma^2\right)=\begin{pmatrix}\frac{1}{\sigma^2}&0\\0&\frac{1}{2\sigma^4}\end{pmatrix}$			
<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X\left(t\right)=\exp\left(t\mu+\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2t^2\right)$		<p>Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X\left(t\right)=\exp\left(it\mu+\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2t^2\right)$	
<p>Order</p>	<p>Raw moment</p>	<p>Maximum Likelihood Estimator</p>	
2	$\mu^2+\sigma_2$	$\hat{\mu}=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^nx_i\qquad\hat{\sigma}^2=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n\left(x_i-\bar{x}_n\right)^2$	
3	$\mu_3+3\mu\sigma_2$		
4	$\mu_4+6\mu_2\sigma_2+3\mu_4$		
5	$\mu_5+10\mu_3\sigma_2+15\mu\sigma_4$		
<p>Confidence intervals with confidence level $\left(1-\alpha\right)$</p> $\mu\in\left[\hat{\mu}-\tau_{n-1}\left(1-\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{\hat{\sigma}^2}{n}},\hat{\mu}+\tau_{n-1}\left(1-\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{\hat{\sigma}^2}{n}}\right]\qquad\sigma^2\in\left[\frac{\left(n-1\right)\hat{\sigma}^2}{\chi_{n-1}^2\left(1-\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)},\frac{\left(n-1\right)\hat{\sigma}^2}{\chi_{n-1}^2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)}\right]$			

- $N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2) + N(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2) = N(\mu_1 + \mu_2, \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)$

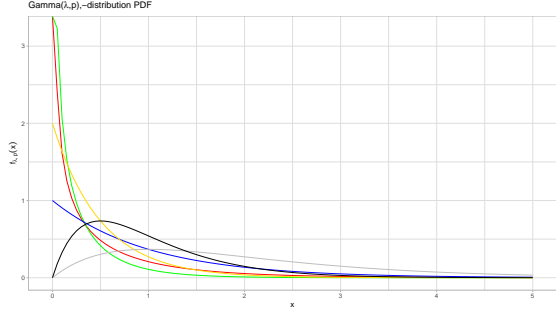
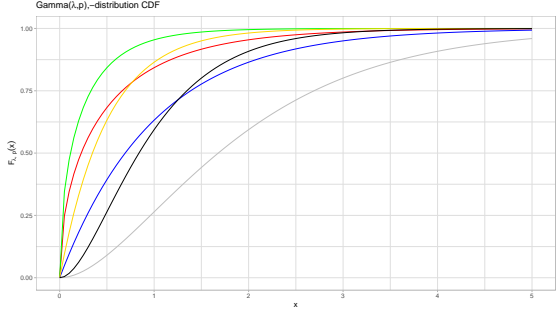
2.3 Gamma(λ, p) distribution

The Gamma-function $\Gamma : (0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is defined by

$$\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty t^{x-1} \exp(-t) dt.$$

It has the following useful properties

- $\Gamma(x+1) = x\Gamma(x) \forall x > 0$,
- $\Gamma(n+1) = n! \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$,
- $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi}$.

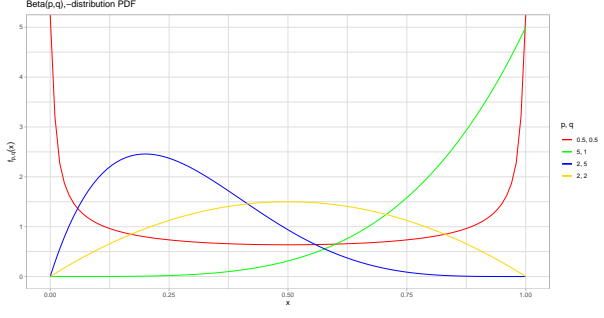
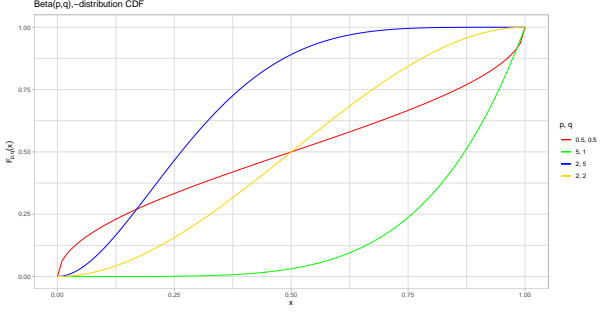
<p>Density</p> $f\left(x\right)=\frac{\lambda^p}{\Gamma\left(p\right)}x^{p-1}\exp\left(-\lambda x\right)$ <p>$\text{supp } f\left(x\right)=\mathbb{R}_0^+$</p> 		<p>Distribution function</p> $F\left(x\right)=\begin{cases}0 & \text{for } x\leq 0 \\ \frac{\lambda^p}{\Gamma\left(p\right)}\int_0^x t^{p-1}\exp\left(-\lambda t\right)dt & \text{for } x>0\end{cases}$ 	
<p>Mean</p> $E\left[X\right]=\frac{p}{\lambda}$	<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}\left(X\right)=\frac{p}{\lambda^2}$	<p>Fisher Information</p> $\mathcal{I}\left(\lambda,p\right)=\begin{pmatrix}\frac{d^2}{dp^2}\log\left(\Gamma\left(p\right)\right) & -\frac{1}{\lambda} \\ -\frac{1}{\lambda} & \frac{p}{\lambda^2}\end{pmatrix}$	
<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X\left(t\right)=\left(1-\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{-p}$		<p>Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X\left(t\right)=\left(1-\frac{it}{\lambda}\right)^{-p}$	
<p>Maximum Likelihood Estimator</p> $\hat{\lambda}=\frac{p}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}$			

- $\Gamma(\lambda, p) + \Gamma(\lambda, q) = \Gamma(\lambda, p+q)$
- $\Gamma(\lambda, 1) = \text{Exp}(\lambda)$

2.4 Beta(p, q) distribution

The Beta-function $B : (0, \infty) \times (0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ is defined by

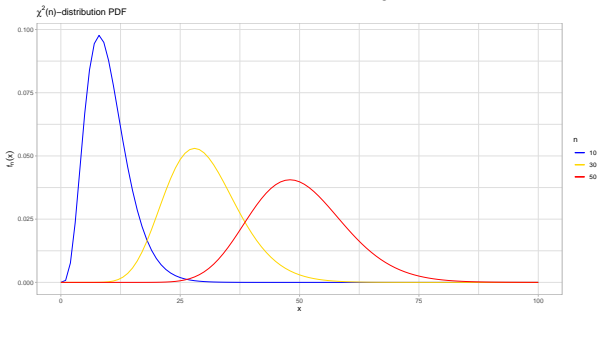
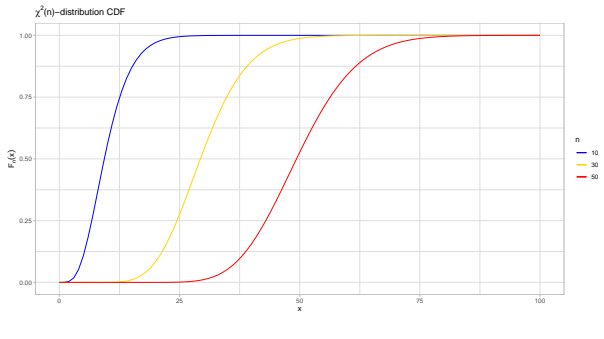
$$B(p, q) = \frac{\Gamma(q) \Gamma(p)}{\Gamma(p+q)}.$$

<p style="text-align: center;">Density</p> $f(x) = \frac{1}{B(p, q)} x^{p-1} (1-x)^{q-1}$ <p style="text-align: center;">$\text{supp } f(x) = [0, 1]$</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">Distribution function</p> $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ \frac{1}{B(p, q)} \int_0^x t^{p-1} (1-t)^{q-1} & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 1 & \text{for } x > 1 \end{cases}$ 
<p style="text-align: center;">Mean</p> $E[X] = \frac{p}{p+q}$	<p style="text-align: center;">Variance</p> $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{pq}{(p+q+1)(p+q)^2}$
<p style="text-align: center;">Fisher Information</p> $\mathcal{I}(p, q) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(p))}{\partial p^2} - \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(p+q))}{\partial(p+q)^2} & \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(q))}{\partial q^2} - \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(p+q))}{\partial(p+q)^2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(q))}{\partial q^2} - \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(p+q))}{\partial(p+q)^2} & \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(p))}{\partial p^2} - \frac{\partial^2 \log(\Gamma(p+q))}{\partial(p+q)^2} \end{pmatrix}$	
<p style="text-align: center;">Moment-generating function</p> $M_X(t) = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \left(\prod_{j=0}^{i-1} \frac{p+j}{p+q+j} \right) \frac{t^i}{i!}$	<p style="text-align: center;">Characteristic function</p> $-^2$

- $B(p, q) = \frac{\Gamma(\lambda, p)}{\Gamma(\lambda, p) + \Gamma(\lambda, q)}$

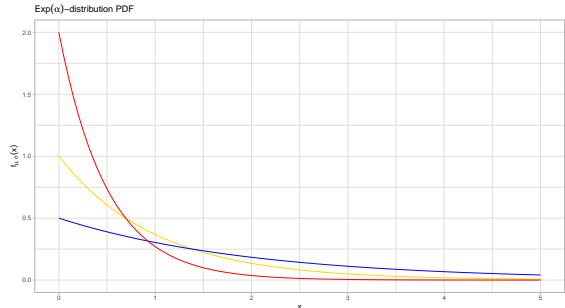
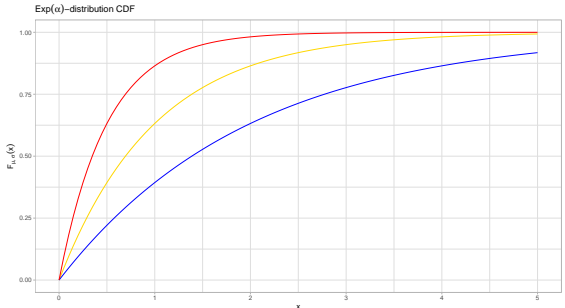
²The function has no closed-form expression.

2.5 Chi-square(n) distribution

<p style="text-align: center;">Density</p> $f(x) = \frac{1}{2^{\frac{n}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} x^{\frac{n}{2}-1} \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)$ <p style="text-align: center;">$\text{supp } f(x) = \mathbb{R}_0^+$</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">Distribution function</p> $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{\gamma(\frac{n}{2}, \frac{x}{2})}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$ 
<p style="text-align: center;">Mean</p> $E[X] = n$	<p style="text-align: center;">Variance</p> $\text{Var}(X) = 2n$
<p style="text-align: center;">Moment-generating function</p> $M_X(t) = (1 - 2t)^{-\frac{n}{2}}$	<p style="text-align: center;">Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X(t) = (1 - 2it)^{-\frac{n}{2}}$

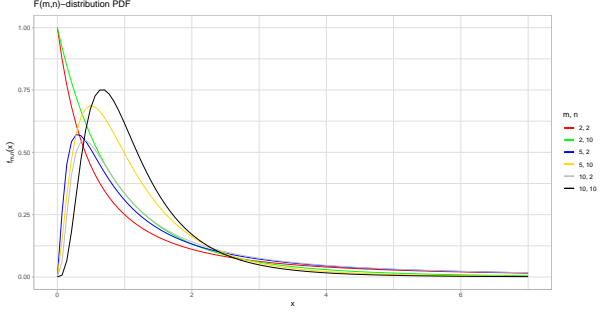
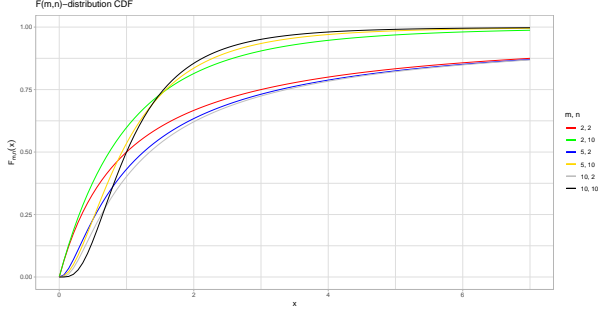
- $\chi^2(k) + \chi^2(l) = \chi^2(k+l)$
- $\chi^2(n) = N(n, 2n)$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$
- $\chi^2(n) = \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2})$

2.6 Exponential(α) distribution

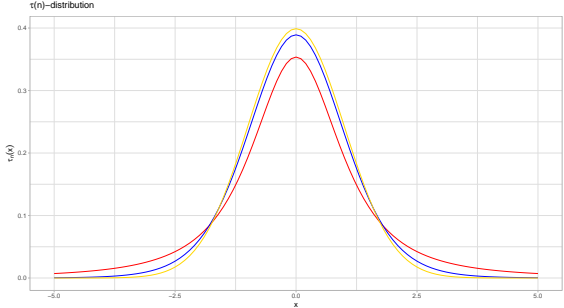
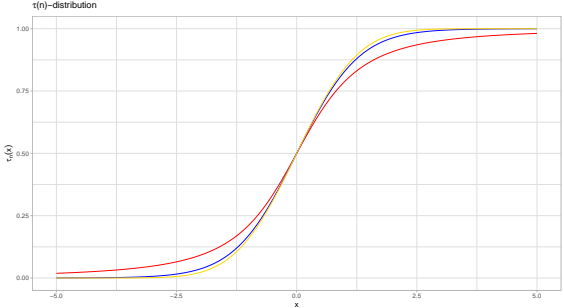
<p>Density</p> $f(x)=\begin{cases}\alpha\exp(-\alpha x) & \text{for } x\geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x<0\end{cases}$ <p>$\text{supp } f(x)=\mathbb{R}_0^+$</p> 		<p>Distribution function</p> $F(x)=\begin{cases}1-\exp(-\alpha x) & \text{for } x\geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x<0\end{cases}$ 	
<p>Mean</p> $E[X]=\frac{1}{\alpha}$	<p>Variance</p> $\text{Var}(X)=\frac{1}{\alpha^2}$	<p>Fisher Information</p> $\mathcal{I}(\theta)=\frac{1}{\theta^2}$	
<p>Moment-generating function</p> $M_X(t)=\frac{\alpha}{\alpha-t}$		<p>Characteristic function</p> $\varphi_X(t)=\frac{\alpha}{\alpha-it}$	
<p>Maximum Likelihood Estimator</p> $\hat{\alpha}=\frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}$			

- $P(X \geq x + t \mid X \geq x) = P(X \geq t)$ (Memorylessness)

2.7 Fisher(m, n) distribution

<p style="text-align: center;">Density</p> $f(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{m+n}{2}\right) \left(\frac{m}{n}\right)^{\frac{m}{2}}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)} x^{\left(\frac{m}{2}-1\right)} \left(1 + \frac{m}{n}x\right)^{-\frac{m+n}{2}}$ <p style="text-align: center;">$\text{supp } f(x) = \mathbb{R}_0^+$</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">Distribution function</p> <p style="text-align: center;">—</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">Mean</p> $E[X] = \frac{n}{n-2}$	<p style="text-align: center;">Variance</p> $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{2n^2(m+n-2)}{m(n-2)^2(n-4)}$

2.8 Student's(n) distribution

<p style="text-align: center;">Density</p> $f(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)\sqrt{n\pi}} \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{n}\right)^{-\frac{n+1}{2}}$ <p style="text-align: center;">$\text{supp } f(x) = \mathbb{R}$</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">Distribution function</p> <p style="text-align: center;">—</p> 
<p style="text-align: center;">Mean</p> $E[X] = 0$	<p style="text-align: center;">Variance</p> $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{n}{n-2}$

- $\tau(n) = N(0, 1)$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$