

# Package ‘survivoR’

October 11, 2025

**Type** Package

**Title** Data from all Seasons of Survivor (US) TV Series in Tidy Format

**Version** 2.3.8

**Description** Datasets detailing the results, castaways, and events of each season of Survivor for the US, Australia, South Africa, New Zealand, and the UK. This includes details on the cast, voting history, immunity and reward challenges, jury votes, boot order, advantage details, and episode ratings. Use this for analysis of trends and statistics of the game.

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

**Imports** tidyrr, ggplot2, stringr, magrittr, glue, shiny, purrr, dplyr, crayon, readr, shinycssloaders, lubridate, DT, shinyjs

**Suggests** forcats, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://github.com/doehm/survivoR>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/doehm/survivoR/issues>

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2025-10-10 22:50:09 UTC

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---

`add_bipoc`*Adds BIPOC*

---

**Description**

Adds a BIPOC to the data frame. If any African American, Asian American, Latin American, or Native American is TRUE then BIPOC is TRUE.

**Usage**

```
add_bipoc(df)
```

**Arguments**

`df` Data frame. Requires `castaway_id`.

**Value**

Data frame with BIPOC added.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

get_cast("US47") |>
  add_bipoc()
```

---

`add_castaway`*Add castaway*

---

**Description**

Adds castaway to a data frame. Input data frame must have `castaway_id`.

**Usage**

```
add_castaway(df)
```

**Arguments**

`df` Data frame. Requires `castaway_id`.

**Value**

Data frame with castaway.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

df_no_castaway <- confessionals |>
  filter_us(47) |>
  group_by(castaway_id) |>
  summarise(n = sum(confessional_count))

df_no_castaway |>
  add_castaway()
```

---

add_demogs	Add demographics
------------	------------------

---

**Description**

Add demographics that includes age, gender, race/ethnicity, and lgbtqia+ status to a data frame with `castaway_id`.

**Usage**

```
add_demogs(df)
```

**Arguments**

df	Data frame. Requires <code>castaway_id</code> .
----	-------------------------------------------------

**Value**

Data frame with `castaway` added to it.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

get_cast("US47") |>
  add_demogs()
```

---

add_finalist	<i>Add winner</i>
--------------	-------------------

---

**Description**

Adds a winner flag to the data set.

**Usage**

```
add_finalist(df)
```

**Arguments**

df	Data frame. Requires version_season and castaway_id.
----	------------------------------------------------------

**Value**

A data frame with a logical flag for the winner

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  add_winner()
```

---

add_full_name	<i>Add full name</i>
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---

**Description**

Adds full name to the data frame. Useful for plotting and making tables.

**Usage**

```
add_full_name(df)
```

**Arguments**

df	Data frame. Requires castaway_id.
----	-----------------------------------

**Value**

Data frame with full name.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

get_cast("US47") |>
  add_full_name()
```

---

`add_gender`*Add gender*

---

**Description**

Adds gender to a data frame

**Usage**

```
add_gender(df)
```

**Arguments**

`df` Data frame. Requires `castaway_id`.

**Value**

Data frame with gender added to it.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

get_cast("US47") |>
  add_gender()
```

---

`add_jury`*Add jury member*

---

**Description**

Adds a jury member flag to the data set.

**Usage**

```
add_jury(df)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Requires version\_season and castaway\_id.

**Value**

A data frame with a logical flag for the jury members

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  add_jury()
```

---

add_lgbt	<i>Add LGBTQIA+ status</i>
----------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

Adds the LGBTQIA+ flag to the data frame.

**Usage**

```
add_lgbt(df)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Requires castaway\_id and version\_season.

**Value**

Data frame with the LGBTQIA+ flag added.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

get_cast("US47") |>
  add_lgbt()
```



---

add_result	<i>Add result</i>
------------	-------------------

---

**Description**

Adds the result and place to the data frame.

**Usage**

```
add_result(df)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Requires castaway\_id and version\_season.

**Value**

Data frame with result and place added.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

get_cast("US47") |>
  add_result()
```

---

add_tribe	<i>Add tribe</i>
-----------	------------------

---

**Description**

Adds tribe to a data frame for a specified stage of the game e.g. original, swapped, swapped\_2, etc.

**Usage**

```
add_tribe(df, .tribe_status = "Original")
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Requires version\_season and castaway\_id,  
.tribe\_status          Tribe status e.g. original, swapped, swapped\_2, etc.

**Value**

Data frame with tribe added.

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  add_tribe()
```

---

add_tribe_colour	<i>Add tribe colour</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Add tribe colour to the data frame. Useful for preparing the data for plotting with ggplot2.

**Usage**

```
add_tribe_colour(df, .tribe_status = "Original")
```

**Arguments**

df	Data frame. Requires version_season and tribe.
.tribe_status	Tribe status e.g. original, swapped, swapped_2, etc.

**Value**

Data frame with tribe\_colour added

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

get_cast("US47") |>
  add_tribe() |>
  add_tribe_colour()
```

---

`add_winner`*Add winner*

---

**Description**

Adds a winner flag to the data set.

**Usage**

```
add_winner(df)
```

**Arguments**

`df` Data frame. Requires `version_season` and `castaway_id`.

**Value**

A data frame with a logical flag for the winner

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  add_winner()
```

---

`advantage_details`*Advantage Details*

---

**Description**

A dataset containing the details and characteristics of each idol and advantage. This maps to `advantage_movement`

**Usage**

```
advantage_details
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

advantage\_id The ID / primary key of the advantage

advantage\_type Advantage type e.g. hidden immunity idol, extra vote, steal a vote, etc

clue\_details Details if a clue existed for the advantage and if so where was the clue found

location\_found The location the idol or advantage was found

conditions Extra details about the unique conditions of the idol or advantage

**Details**

There are split idols which need to be combined to be played. In these case the first one found is given an ID. The second or subsequent parts are given the same ID with a trailing letter. For example in season 40 Denise found an idol that was split (USHI4002). Later she found the other half (USHI4002b). When played the second half is considered to have 'absorbed' into the first idol. The first idol found is always considered the primary idol.

---

advantage_movement	<i>Advantage Movement</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

A dataset containing the movement details of each advantage or hidden immunity idol. Each row is considered an event e.g. the idol was found, played, etc. If the advantage changed hands it records who received it. The logical flow is identified by the sequence\_id.

**Usage**

advantage\_movement

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

castaway Name of the castaway involved in the event e.g. found, played, received, etc.

castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU.

advantage\_id The ID / primary key of the advantage  
 sequence\_id The sequence of events. For example sequence\_id == 1 usually means the advantage was found. Each subsequent event follows the sequence\_id  
 day The day the event occurred  
 episode The episode the event occurred  
 event The event e.g. the advantage was found, played, received, etc  
 played\_for If the advantage or idol was played this records who it was played for  
 played\_for\_id the ID for who the advantage or idol was played for  
 success If the play was successful or not. Only relevant for advantages since playing a hidden immunity idol is always successful in terms of saving who it was played for.  
 votes\_nullified In the case of hidden immunity idols this is the count of how many votes were nullified when played  
 sog\_id Stage of game ID for joining to vote\_history and challenge\_results

---

auction_details	<i>Survivor Auction Details</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------

---

## Description

The details of the items purchased at the Survivor Auction. survivor\_auction is at the castaway level and includes all castaways whether or not they purchased an item and auction\_details is at the item level.

## Usage

auction\_details

## Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show  
 version\_season Version season key  
 season The season number  
 item Item number  
 item\_description Item description  
 category The item category. See details for more.  
 castaway Castaway  
 castaway\_id Castaway ID  
 covered If the item was covered or not  
 cost The amount paid for the item  
 money\_remaining How much money the castaway has remaining

auction\_num If the same item is auctioned for a second time it has a value of 2

participated The names of castaways that could participate in the purchased item e.g. sharing a tub of peanut butter with the tribe

notes Additional notes

alternative\_offered If and alternative was offered to the player after purchase

alternative\_accepted If they accepted the alternative offer

other\_item Description of the refused item

other\_item\_category Category of the refused item

### Details

Each item has been categorised into 5 main categories:

1. Food and drink: The most common item. It may be simply food or drink, not necessarily both.
2. Comfort: Things like a shower, toothpaste, etc
3. Letters from home
4. Advantage: Could be a clue to a hidden immunity idol, advantage in the next challenge, or in the current auction
5. Bad item: The not good item, typically one of the covered items. Whether or not it's actually bad is subjective, but where someone is hoping for pizza and gets bat soup I consider it a bad item.

### Source

[https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

---

boot\_mapping

*Boot mapping*

---

### Description

A mapping table for easily filtering to the set of castaways that are still in the game after a specified number of boots.

### Usage

boot\_mapping

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

episode Episode number

order The number of boots that there have been in the game e.g. if order == 2 there have been 2 boots in the game so far and there are N-2 castaways left in the game

final\_n The final number of castaways e.g. you can filter to the final 4 by filter(boot\_mapping, final\_n == 4). There are missing values where players have returned to the game. This means there are multiple stages of the game where there is a different make up of the final 8, for example. This field just takes the last set so that you can filter for final\_n and it will return a single set of castaways.

n\_boots Similar to final\_n but the number of boots in the game. This is different to order where order counts if someone has been booted twice. n\_boots is simply the number of people in the season minus the final\_n.

sog\_id Stage of game ID for joining to vote\_history and challenge\_results

castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU.

castaway Name of the castaway

tribe Name of the tribe the castaway was on

tribe\_status The status of the tribe e.g. original, swapped, merged, etc. See details for more

game\_status Logical flag to identify if the castaway is currently in the game. If FALSE the castaway is on Redemption Island or Edge of Extinction.

**Source**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series)) [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

---

boot\_order

*Boot order*

---

**Description**

Similar to the castaways dataset, boot\_order records the order in which castaways left the game. If a player was voted out of the game, returned to the game like seasons such as Redemption Island, and then voted out again, they will have two rows in the table.

**Usage**

boot\_order

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season Season number

castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU (TBA).

castaway Name of castaway. Generally this is the name they were most commonly referred to or nickname e.g. no one called Coach, Benjamin. He was simply Coach

episode Episode number

day Number of days the castaway survived. A missing value indicates they later returned to the game that season

order Boot order. Order in which castaway was voted out e.g. 5 is the 5th person voted of the island

result Final result

**Source**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series)); [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page); ack\_ features from Matt Stiles <https://github.com/stiles/survivor-voteoffs>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
castaways %>%
  filter(season == 40)
```

---

castaways

*Castaways*

---

**Description**

A dataset containing details on the results for every castaway and season

**Usage**

```
castaways
```



**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show  
 version\_season Version season key  
 season Season number  
 full\_name Full name of the castaway  
 castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU (TBA).  
 castaway Name of castaway. Generally this is the name they were most commonly referred to or nickname e.g. no one called Coach, Benjamin. He was simply Coach  
 age Age of the castaway during the season they played  
 city City of residence during the season they played  
 state State of residence during the season they played  
 episode Episode number  
 day Number of days the castaway survived. A missing value indicates they later returned to the game that season  
 order Boot order. Order in which castaway was voted out e.g. 5 is the 5th person voted of the island  
 result Final result  
 place Place as a number e.g. Sole Survivor is 1, runner-up 2, etc  
 jury\_status Jury status  
 original\_tribe Original tribe name  
 finalist Logical. TRUE if the castaway was a finalists  
 jury Logical. TRUE if the castaway was a jury member  
 winner Logical. TRUE if the castaway was the winner  
 acknowledge Did the contestant acknowledge their teammates in one of these specific ways after snuffing — or just walk away?  
 ack\_gesture for any physical gestures towards the tribe after torch snuffing. Types: wave, nod, wink, bow or prayer sign with hands  
 ack\_look For making eye contact with one or more members of the tribe after torch snuffing  
 ack\_smile For smiling at the tribe after torch snuffing  
 ack\_speak For any verbal communication directed at the tribe after torch snuffing  
 ack\_quote What, if anything, the contestant said. Direct quotes only.  
 ack\_score The score is derived from the four subcategories of acknowledgment: words, look, gesture, and smile. Each true value in these categories adds 1 to the score.

**Source**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series)); [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page); ack\_ features from Matt Stiles <https://github.com/stiles/survivor-voteoffs>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
castaways %>%
  filter(season == 40)
```

---

castaway_details	<i>Castaway details</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

A dataset containing details on the castaways for each season

**Usage**

```
castaway_details
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

`castaway_id` ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU (TBA).

`full_name` Full name of the castaway

`full_name_detailed` A detailed version of `full_name` for plotting e.g. 'Boston' Rob Mariano

`castaway` Short name of the castaway. Name typically used during the season. Sometimes there are multiple people with the same name e.g. Rob C and Rob M in Survivor All-Stars. This field takes the most verbose name used

`last_name` Last name

`date_of_birth` Date of birth

`date_of_death` Date of death

`gender` Gender of castaway

`african` TRUE if African-American or African-Canadian as per [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

`asian` TRUE if Asian-American or Asian-Canadian as per [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

`latin_american` TRUE if Latin-American as per [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

`native_american` TRUE if Native-American as per [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

`bipoc` Black, Indigenous, or Person of Colour

`lgbt` LGBTQIA+ status as listed on the survivor wiki.

`personality_type` The Myer-Briggs personality type of the castaway

occupation Occupation  
 collar White Collar, Blue Collar, No Collar, or Unknown. WARNING: this is experimental. The classification has been made using a model and results may be inconsistent.  
 three\_words Answer to the question "three words to describe you?"  
 hobbies Answer to the question "what are your favourite hobbies?"  
 pet\_peeves Answer to the question "what are your pet peeves?"  
 race Race (if known)  
 ethnicity Ethnicity (if known)

### Details

Race and ethnicity data is included if known and can point to a source, rather than making an assumption about an individual.

poc has been deprecated and replaced with bipoc which is now logical and only for the US. bipoc is TRUE if any of african, asian, latin\_american, or native\_american is TRUE.

### Source

[https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page), <https://www.personality-database.com/>

### Examples

```
library(dplyr)
castaway_details |>
  count(gender)
```

---

castaway_scores	<i>Castaway scores</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

### Description

The challenge, vote history, and advantage scores are a measure of success or proficiency. Higher the better. See details.

### Usage

```
castaway_scores
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show  
 version\_season Version season key  
 season The season number

castaway\_id Castaway ID  
 castaway Castaway  
 score\_overall Overall score for the castaway. Use this to compare players across seasons  
 score\_outwit Outwit score  
 score\_outplay Outplay score  
 score\_outlast Outlast score  
 score\_result Score based on the placing in the season  
 score\_jury Jury score based on the proportional number of votes recieved  
 score\_vote Voting score for the season as a proportion of their potential max score  
 score\_adv Advantage score. Same as p\_score\_adv  
 score\_inf Influence score. Aim at capturing influence in the game e.g. higher the score, the higher their importance to the narrative of the episode/season  
 r\_score\_chal\_all Challenge score for all challenges  
 r\_score\_chal\_immunity Challenge score for immunity challenges  
 r\_score\_chal\_reward Challenge score for reward challenges  
 r\_score\_chal\_tribal Challenge score for tribals challenges  
 r\_score\_chal\_tribal\_immunity Challenge score for tribal immunity  
 r\_score\_chal\_tribal\_reward Challenge score for tribal reward  
 r\_score\_chal\_individual Challenge score for individual challenges  
 r\_score\_chal\_individual\_immunity Challenge score for individual immunity  
 r\_score\_chal\_individual\_reward Challenge score for individual reward  
 r\_score\_chal\_team Challenge score for team challenges  
 r\_score\_chal\_team\_reward Challenge score for team reward  
 r\_score\_chal\_team\_immunity Challenge score for team immunity  
 r\_score\_chal\_duel Challenge score for duels  
 p\_score\_chal\_all Challenge score for all challenges  
 p\_score\_chal\_immunity Challenge score for immunity challenges  
 p\_score\_chal\_reward Challenge score for reward challenges  
 p\_score\_chal\_tribal Challenge score for tribals challenges  
 p\_score\_chal\_tribal\_immunity Challenge score for tribal immunity  
 p\_score\_chal\_tribal\_reward Challenge score for tribal reward  
 p\_score\_chal\_individual Challenge score for individual challenges  
 p\_score\_chal\_individual\_immunity Challenge score for individual immunity  
 p\_score\_chal\_individual\_reward Challenge score for individual reward  
 p\_score\_chal\_team Challenge score for team challenges  
 p\_score\_chal\_team\_reward Challenge score for team reward  
 p\_score\_chal\_team\_immunity Challenge score for team immunity

p\_score\_chal\_duel Challenge score for duels  
 n\_votes\_received Number of votes received  
 n\_successful\_boots Number of successful boots  
 p\_successful\_boot Percentage of successful boots. Tribals where the castaway did not have a vote are removed from the calculation  
 n\_tribals Number of tribals attended  
 n\_tribals\_with\_vote Number of tribals attended where the player had a vote  
 r\_score\_vote Vote history score  
 p\_score\_vote Proportional vote history score for the season  
 r\_score\_adv Advantage scores  
 p\_score\_adv Scaled advantage scores - min max bewtween 0 and 1  
 n\_adv\_found Number of advantages found  
 n\_idols\_found number of idols found  
 n\_adv\_played Number of advantages played  
 n\_adv\_not\_played Number of advantages not played  
 n\_voted\_out\_with\_adv Number of advantages they were voted out with  
 n\_voted\_out\_with\_idol Number of idols they were voted out with

### Details

The difference between the r\_ and p\_ sores is the r\_ is the raw score which is the residual assuming equal probability. Higher the better. p\_ is the residual converted to a probability.

---

challenge\_description *Challenge Description*

---

### Description

A dataset detailing the challenges played and the elements they include over all seasons of Survivor

### Usage

```
challenge_description
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show  
 version\_season Version season key  
 season The season number  
 episode Episode number

challenge\_id Primary key  
 challenge\_number  
 challenge\_type  
 name The name of the challenge  
 recurring\_name Challenges can go by different names but are often associated with a particular challenge or element of a challenge. Some challenges use combinations of other challenges so it's not perfect but consistent with the wiki page. Use recurring\_name to analyse how often a challenge has been run.  
 description Description of the challenge  
 reward Description of the reward  
 additional\_stipulation Some challenges come with various rules or success criteria. This states those conditions.  
 race If the challenge is a race between tribes, teams or individuals  
 endurance If the challenge is an endurance event e.g. last tribe, team, individual standing  
 turn\_based If the challenge is turn bases i.e. conducted in rounds  
 puzzle If the challenge contains a puzzle element  
 puzzle\_slide If the challenge contained a slide puzzle  
 puzzle\_word If the challenge contained a word puzzle  
 precision If the challenge contains a precision element e.g. shooting an arrow, hitting a target, etc  
 precision\_catch If the challenge featured catching a ball or similar  
 precision\_roll\_ball If the challenge featured rolling a ball  
 precision\_slingshot If the challenge featured a slingshot, either the large version or handheld version  
 precision\_throw\_balls If the challenge featured throwing balls  
 precision\_throw\_coconuts If the challenge featured throwing coconuts  
 precision\_throw\_rings if the challenge featured throwing rings  
 precision\_throw\_sandbags if the challenge featured throwing sandbags  
 strength If the challenge has a strength based  
 balance If the challenge contains a balancing element. My refer to the player balancing on something or the player balancing an object on something e.g. The Ball Drop  
 balance\_beam If the challenge featured a balance beam of similar they were required to balance on  
 balance\_ball If the challenge featured balancing a ball on something  
 food If the challenge contains a food element e.g. the food challenge, biting off chunks of meat  
 knowledge If the challenge contains a knowledge component e.g. Q and A about the location  
 memory If the challenge contains a memory element e.g. memorising a sequence of items  
 fire If the challenge contains an element of fire making / maintaining  
 water If the challenge is held, in part, in the water

water\_swim If castaways had to swim in the challenge

water\_paddling If castaways were required to paddle a boat or similar

obstacle\_blindfolded If the challenge required castaways to be blindfolded

obstacle\_cargo\_net If the challenge featured a cargo net

obstacle\_chopping If castaways were required to chop a rope or similar

obstacle\_combination\_lock If the challenge feature a combination lock

obstacle\_digging If the challenge involved digging

obstacle\_knots If the challenge involved untying knots

obstacle\_padlocks If the challenge featured opening padlocks

mud If the challenge required castaways to get covered in mud

## Details

This data set contains the name, description, and descriptive features for each challenge where it is known. Challenges can go by different names so have included the unique name and the recurring challenge name. These are taken directly from the [Survivor Wiki](#). Sometimes there can be variations made on the challenge but go by the same name, or the challenge is integrated with a longer obstacle. In these cases the challenge may share the same recurring challenge name but have a different challenge name. Even if they share the same names the description could be different.

The features of each challenge have been determined largely through string searches of key words that describe the challenge. It may not be 100% accurate due to the different and inconsistent descriptions but in most part they will provide a good basis for analysis.

If any descriptive features need altering please let me know in the [issues](#).

For updated data please see the git version.

## Source

<https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Category:Challenges> [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
challenge_description
```

---

challenge_results	<i>Challenge Results</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

A dataset detailing the challenges played including reward and immunity challenges.

**Usage**

challenge\_results

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

episode Episode number

n\_boots The number of boots that there have been in the game e.g. if n\_boots == 2 there have been 2 boots in the game so far and there are N-2 castaways left in the game

castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU (TBA).

castaway Name of castaway. Generally this is the name they were most commonly referred to or nickname e.g. no one called Coach, Benjamin. He was simply Coach

outcome\_type Whether the challenge is individual or tribal. Some individual reward challenges may involve multiple castaways as the winner gets to choose who they bring along

tribe Current tribe the castaway is on

tribe\_status The status of the tribe e.g. original, swapped, merged, etc. See details for more

challenge\_type The challenge type e.g. immunity, reward, etc

challenge\_id Primary key to the challenge\_description data set which contains features of the challenge

result Result of challenge

result\_notes Additional notes about the result of the challenge

order\_of\_finish Order of finish for tribal challenges. Useful when there are 3 or more tribes to see who actually came first, second and who lost the challenge.

chosen\_for\_reward If after the reward challenge the castaway was chosen to participate in the reward

sit\_out TRUE if they sat out of the challenge or FALSE if they participate

team Team allocation when they are split into teams

sog\_id Stage of game ID for joining to boot\_mapping and vote\_history



**Source**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series)) [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
challenge_results %>%
  filter(season == 40)
```

---

challenge_summary	<i>Challenge Summary</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

A dataset summarising challenge\_results

**Usage**

```
challenge_summary
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns

**category** The category of the challenge e.g. tribal, individual, individual immunity, duel, etc. This makes it easy to split out the difference types of challenges and avoid complications such as 'Team / Individual' challenges where there is a dependent outcome structure. Join to challenge\_results using challenge\_id, version\_season and castaway\_id

**version** Country code for the version of the show

**version\_season** Version season key

**season** The season number

**episode** Episode number

**challenge\_id** Primary key to the challenge\_description data set which contains features of the challenge

**challenge\_type** The challenge type e.g. immunity, reward, etc

**outcome\_type** Whether the challenge is individual or tribal. Some individual reward challenges may involve multiple castaways as the winner gets to choose who they bring along

**tribe** Current tribe the castaway is on

**castaway** Name of castaway. Generally this is the name they were most commonly referred to or nickname e.g. no one called Coach, Benjamin. He was simply Coach

**castaway\_id** ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU (TBA).

`n_entities` Number of entities competing for the win e.g. the number of tribes, teams, or people.  
`n_winners` Number of winners (or winning entities) e.g. if there are two tribes there is only one winning tribe, if there are three tribes like the new era there are two winning tribes and one that goes to tribal council.  
`won` number of challenges won

### Source

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series)) [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

### Examples

```
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
challenge_summary %>%
  filter(version_season == 46)
```

---

confessionals

*Confessionals*

---

### Description

A dataset containing the count of confessionals per castaway per episode. A confessional is when the castaway is speaking directly to the camera about their game.

### Usage

```
confessionals
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

`version` Country code for the version of the show

`version_season` Version season key

`season` The season number

`episode` Episode number

`castaway` Name of the castaway

`castaway_id` ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU.

`confessional_count` The count of confessionals for the castaway during the episode

`confessional_time` The total time for all confessionals for the episode for each castaway

`exp_count` The expected confessional counts. See details.

`exp_time` The expected confessional time. See details.

## Details

Confessional data has been counted by contributors of the survivoR R package and consolidated with external sources. The aim is to establish consistency in confessional counts in the absence of official sources. Given the subjective nature of the counts and the potential for clerical error no single source is more valid than another. Therefore, it is reasonable to average across all sources.

In the case of double or extended episodes, if the episode only has one title it is considered a single episode. This means the average number of confessionals per person is likely to be higher for this episode given it's length. If there are two episode titles the confessionals are counted for the appropriate episode. This is to ensure consistency across all other datasets.

In the case of recap episodes, this episode is left blank.

The fields `exp_count` and `exp_time` are the expected values given the game events. For example players that attend tribal council, find advantages, go on rewards, and if it's their boot episode typically get more confessionals - we should expect them to get more as well. This enables analysis of the observed and expected confessionals and those that received more or fewer than expected.

If you also count confessionals, please get in touch and I'll add them into the package.

---

episodes	<i>Episodes</i>
----------	-----------------

---

## Description

A dataset containing details for each episode

## Usage

```
episodes
```

## Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

`version` Country code for the version of the show

`version_season` Version season key

`season` Season number

`episode_number_overall` The cumulative episode number

`episode` Episode number for the season

`episode_title` Episode title

`episode_label` A standardised episode label

`episode_date` Date the episode aired

`episode_length` Episode length in minutes

`viewers` Number of viewers (millions) who tuned in

`imdb_rating` IMDb rating for the episode on a scale of 0-10

`n_ratings` The number of ratings submitted to IMDb

`episode_summary` Description of the episode from wikipedia

**Source**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series))

---

filter_alive	<i>Filter Alive</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

Filters a given dataset to those that are still alive in the game at the start or end of a user specified episode.

**Usage**

```
filter_alive(df, .ep = NULL, .at = "end")
```

**Arguments**

df	Input data frame. Must have version_season
.ep	Episode. This will filter the castaways that are still alive at either the start or end of the episode.
.at	Either 'start' or 'end' to filter those who are still alive in the game.

**Value**

A data frame filtered to castaways who are alive.

**Examples**

```
library(survivorR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_us(47) |>
  filter_alive(12) |>
  group_by(castaway) |>
  summarise(n = sum(confessional_count))
```

---

filter_finalist	<i>Filter to finalists</i>
-----------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

Filters a data set to the finalists of a given season.

**Usage**

```
filter_finalist(df)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Requires version\_season and castaway\_id.

**Value**

A data frame filtered to the finalists

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_finalist()
```

---

filter_final_n	<i>Filter final n</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Filters to the final n players e.g. the final 4.

**Usage**

```
filter_final_n(df, .final_n)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Input data frame. Must have version\_season  
.final\_n                An integer to represent the final n.

**Value**

A data frame filtered to only the final n

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_us(47) |>
  filter_final_n(6) |>
  group_by(castaway) |>
  summarise(n = sum(confessional_count))
```

---

**filter\_jury***Filter to jury*

---

**Description**

Filters a data set to the jury members of a given season.

**Usage**

```
filter_jury(df)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Requires version\_season and castaway\_id.

**Value**

A data frame filtered to the jury members

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_jury()
```

---

filter_new_era	<i>Filter to the new era seasons</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Filters a data set to all New Era seasons.

**Usage**

```
filter_new_era(df)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Must include version and season.

**Value**

A data frame filtered to the New Era seasons.

**Examples**

```
library(survivorR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_new_era() |>
  distinct(version_season)
```

---

filter_us	<i>Filter to US seasons</i>
-----------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Filter a data set to a specified set of US season or list of seasons. A shorthand version of filter\_vs() for the US seasons.

**Usage**

```
filter_us(df, .season = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Must include version and season.  
.season                Season or vector of seasons. If NULL it will filter to all US seasons.

**Value**

Data frame filtered to the specified US seasons

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_us(47)
```

---

<code>filter_vs</code>	<i>Filter version season</i>
------------------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Filters a data set to a specified version season or list of version seasons.

**Usage**

```
filter_vs(df, .vs)
```

**Arguments**

- `df` Data frame. Must have `version_season`
- `.vs` Version season.

**Value**

Data frame filtered to the specified version seasons

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_vs("US47")
```



---

filter_winner	<i>Filter to winners</i>
---------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Filters a data set to the winners of a given season.

**Usage**

```
filter_winner(df)
```

**Arguments**

df                      Data frame. Requires version\_season and castaway\_id.

**Value**

A data frame filtered to the winners

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)
library(dplyr)

confessionals |>
  filter_winner()
```

---

get_cast	<i>Get cast for a season</i>
----------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

For a given season (or seasons) the function will return a data frame of the cast.

**Usage**

```
get_cast(.vs)
```

**Arguments**

.vs                      Version season. Can be a vector of version\_season values.

**Value**

A data frame

**Examples**

```
library(survivoR)

get_cast("US47")
```

---

get_castaway_image	<i>Castaway images</i>
--------------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns the URL for the image of the specified castaways by their castaway\_id and season / version they were in

**Usage**

```
get_castaway_image(castaway_ids, version_season)
```

**Arguments**

castaway\_ids    Castaway ID  
 version\_season    Version season key for the season they played

**Value**

Character vector of URLs

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)

survivoR::castaways %>%
  filter(version_season == "US42") %>%
  mutate(castaway_image = get_castaway_image(castaway_id, version_season))
```

---

get_confessional_timing	<i>Confessional time</i>
-------------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Takes the output of the times recorded from the Shiny app and aggregates to the final confessional times and confessional counts. confessional\_time is the total duration in seconds for the episode. confessional\_count is the number of confessionals recorded to be at least 10 seconds apart.

**Usage**

```
get_confessional_timing(x, .vs, .episode, .mda = 3)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	Either a data frame or path(s) to the csv file containing all the time stamps from the Shiny app
<code>.vs</code>	Version season
<code>.episode</code>	Episode
<code>.mda</code>	Missing duration adjustment (MDA) in seconds. If either start or stop is missing from the records, the missing value is imputed with a 3 second adjustment by default.

**Value**

data frame

**Examples**

```
# After running app and recording confessionals, run...
# Example from a saved timing file

library(readr)

path <- system.file(package = "survivoR", "extdata/US4412.csv")
df_us4412 <- read_csv(path)
get_confessional_timing(df_us4412, .vs = "US44", .episode = 12)
```

---

journeys

*Journeys*

---

**Description**

Details on who went on Journeys, what they won or if they lost their vote.

**Usage**

```
journeys
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version	Country code for the version of the show
season	The season number
version_season	Version season key

episode Episode  
 sog\_id Stage of game ID  
 castaway\_id Castaway ID  
 castaway Castaway  
 reward The thing they won (or lost)  
 lost\_vote Logical. If they lost their vote  
 game\_played The game they played on the journey  
 chose\_to\_play If they chose to play or not  
 event The event that occurred e.g. risked vote, lost vote

---

 jury\_votes

*Jury votes*


---

### Description

A dataset containing details on the final jury votes to determine the winner for each season

### Usage

```
jury_votes
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show  
 version\_season Version season key  
 season The season number  
 castaway Name of the castaway  
 finalist The finalists for which a vote can be placed  
 vote Vote. 0-1 variable for easy summation  
 castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU.  
 finalist\_id The ID of the finalist for which a vote can be placed. Consistent with castaway ID

### Source

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series))

### Examples

```

library(dplyr)
jury_votes %>%
  filter(season == 40) %>%
  group_by(finalist) %>%
  summarise(votes = sum(vote))

```

---

`launch_confessional_app`*Launch Confessional App*

---

**Description**

Launches the confessional timing app in either a browser or viewer. Default is set to browser. The user is required to provide a path for which the time stamps are recorded.

**Usage**

```
launch_confessional_app(browser = TRUE, path = NULL, write = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>browser</code>	Open in browser instead of viewer. Default TRUE
<code>path</code>	Parent directory for output files. Default is a sub-folder 'confessional-timing' in the current working directory.
<code>write</code>	Write to disc. Default TRUE.

**Value**

An active R shiny application

**Examples**

```
## Only run this example in interactive R sessions

if(interactive()) {

  # launch app
  # launch_confessional_app()

}
```

---

`load_episode_transcripts`*Read episode transcripts*

---

**Description**

Read the episode transcripts from Github. File is large and not explicitly part of the package. Data is update by Matt Stiles.

**Usage**

```
load_episode_transcripts()
```

**Value**

A data frame of episode transcripts

**Examples**

```
# Run
# load_episode_transcripts()
# to load all transcripts
```

---

screen_time	<i>Screen Time</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

A dataset summarising the screen time of contestants on the TV show Survivor. Currently only contains Season 1-4 and 42.

**Usage**

```
screen_time
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version\_season Version season key

episode Episode number

castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Also includes two special IDs of host (i.e. Jeff Probst) or unknown (the image detection couldn't identify the face with sufficient accuracy)

screen\_time Estimated screen time for the individual in seconds.

**Details**

Individuals' screen time is calculated, at a high-level, via the following process:

1. Frames are sampled from episodes on a 1 second time interval
2. MTCNN detects the human faces within each frame
3. VGGFace2 converts each detected face into a 512d vector space
4. A training set of labelled images (1 for each contestant + 3 for Jeff Probst) is processed in the same way to determine where they sit in the vector space. TODO: This could be made more accurate by increasing the number of training images per contestant.

5. The Euclidean distance is calculated for the faces detected in the frame to each of the contestants in the season (+Jeff). If the minimum distance is greater than 1.2 the face is labelled as "unknown". TODO: Review how robust this distance cutoff truly is - currently based on manual review of Season 42.
6. A multi-class SVM is trained on the training set to label faces. For any face not identified as "unknown", the vector embedding is run into this model and a label is generated.
7. All labelled faces are aggregated together, with an assumption of 1 full second of screen time each time a face is seen.

---

season_palettes	<i>Season palettes</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

### Description

A dataset containing palettes generated from the season logos

### Usage

```
season_palettes
```

### Format

This nested data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

palette The season palette

### Source

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series))

---

season_summary	<i>Season summary</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

### Description

A dataset containing a summary of all seasons of Survivor

### Usage

```
season_summary
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show  
 version\_season Version season key  
 season Season number  
 season\_name Season name  
 n\_cast Number of cast in the season  
 n\_tribes Number of starting tribes  
 n\_finalists Number of finalists  
 n\_jury Number of jury members  
 location Location of the season  
 country Country the season was held  
 tribe\_setup Initial setup of the tribe e.g. heroes vs Healers vs Hustlers  
 full\_name Full name of the winner  
 winner\_id ID for the winner of the season (primary key)  
 winner Winner of the season  
 runner\_ups Runner ups for the season. Either one or two runner ups as a string  
 final\_vote Final vote allocation. See the jury\_votes data set for better aggregation of this data  
 timeslot Timeslot of the show in the US  
 premiered Date the first episode aired  
 ended Date the season ended  
 filming\_started Date the filming of the season started  
 filming\_ended Date the filming ended (39 or 42 days after the start)  
 viewers\_premiere Number of viewers (millions) who tuned in for the premier  
 viewers\_finale Number of viewers (millions) who tuned in for the finale  
 viewers\_reunion Number of viewers (millions) who tuned in for the reunion  
 viewers\_mean Average number of viewers (millions) who tuned in over the season  
 rank Season rank

**Source**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series)) [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)



---

still_alive	<i>Still alive</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

### Description

Finds the set of players that are still alive at either the start or end of an episode, or given a set number of boots.

### Usage

```
still_alive(.vs, .ep = NULL, .n_boots = NULL, .at = "end")
```

### Arguments

.vs	Version season
.ep	Episode to evaluate who is alive.
.n_boots	Number of boots
.at	Either 'start' or 'end'. If 'start' the flag will indicate who is alive at the start of the episode. If 'end' it will indicate who is alive at the end of the episode i.e. after tribal council.

### Value

Data frame

### Examples

```
library(survivorR)
library(dplyr)

# at the end of the episode
still_alive("US47", 12)

# at the start of the episode
still_alive("US47", 12, .at = "start")
```

---

survivor_auction	<i>Survivor Auction</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

### Description

A dataset showing who attended the Survivor Auction during the seasons they were held. `survivor_auction` is at the castaway level and includes all castaways whether or not they purchased an item and `auction_details` is at the item level.

**Usage**

```
survivor_auction
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

episode Episode number

n\_boots The number of boots so far in the game

castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU (TBA).

castaway Name of castaway. Generally this is the name they were most commonly referred to or nickname e.g. no one called Coach, Benjamin. He was simply Coach

tribe\_status The status of the tribe e.g. original, swapped, merged, etc. See details for more

tribe Tribe name

currency Currency

total Total amount either given to or found by the castaway

**Source**

[https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

---

survivor_pal	<i>Survivor season colour palette</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

ggplot2 scales for each season of Survivor.

**Usage**

```
survivor_pal(season = NULL, scale_type = "d", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

```
scale_fill_survivor(season = NULL, scale_type = "d", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

```
scale_colour_survivor(season = NULL, scale_type = "d", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

season	Season number
scale_type	Discrete or continuous. Input d or c.
reverse	Logical. Reverse the palette?
...	Other arguments passed on to methods.

**Details**

Palettes are created from the logo for the season.

**Value**

Scale functions for ggplot2  
 Scale functions for ggplot2  
 Scale functions for ggplot2

**Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
mpg %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = displ, fill = manufacturer)) +
  geom_histogram(colour = "black") +
  scale_fill_survivor(40)
```

---

tribes_pal	<i>Tribes colour palette</i>
------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

To create scale functions for ggplot. Given a season of Survivor, a palette is created from the tribe colours for that season including the merged tribe.

**Usage**

```
tribes_pal(season = NULL, scale_type = "d", reverse = FALSE, tribe = NULL, ...)

scale_fill_tribes(season = NULL, scale_type = "d", reverse = FALSE, ...)

scale_colour_tribes(season = NULL, scale_type = "d", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

season	Season number
scale_type	Discrete or continuous. Input d or c.
reverse	Logical. Reverse the palette?
tribe	Tribe names. Default NULL
...	Other arguments passed on to methods.

## Details

If it is intended the colours will correspond to the tribes e.g. a stacked bar chart of votes given to each finalist and the colour corresponds to their original tribe (as in the example below), the tribe vector needs to be passed to the scale function (for now). If no tribe vector is given it will simply treat the tribe colours as a colour palette.

## Value

Scale functions for ggplot2

Scale functions for ggplot2

Scale functions for ggplot2

## Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
library(stringr)
library(dplyr)
library(glue)
ssn <- 35
labels <- castaways %>%
  filter(
    season == ssn,
    str_detect(result, "Sole|unner")
  ) %>%
  select(castaway, original_tribe) %>%
  mutate(label = glue("{castaway} ({original_tribe})")) %>%
  select(label, castaway)
jury_votes %>%
  filter(season == ssn) %>%
  left_join(
    castaways %>%
      filter(season == ssn) %>%
      select(castaway, original_tribe),
    by = "castaway"
  ) %>%
  group_by(finalist, original_tribe) %>%
  summarise(votes = sum(vote)) %>%
  left_join(labels, by = c("finalist" = "castaway")) %>% {
    ggplot(., aes(x = label, y = votes, fill = original_tribe)) +
      geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 0.5) +
      scale_fill_tribes(ssn, tribe = .$original_tribe) +
      theme_minimal() +
      labs(
        x = "Finalist (original tribe)",
        y = "Votes",
        fill = "Original\\ntribe",
        title = "Votes received by each finalist"
      )
  }
```

---

tribe_colours	<i>Tribe colours</i>
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### Description

A dataset containing the tribe colours for each season

### Usage

```
tribe_colours
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

tribe Tribe name

tribe\_colour Colour of the tribe

tribe\_status Tribe status e.g. original, swapped or merged. In the instance where a tribe is formed at the swap by splitting 2 tribes into 3, the 3rd tribe will be labelled 'swapped'

### Source

<https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Tribe>

### Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(forcats)
df <- tribe_colours %>%
  group_by(season) %>%
  mutate(
    xmin = 1,
    xmax = 2,
    ymin = 1:n(),
    ymax = ymin + 1
  ) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(
    font_colour = ifelse(tribe_colour == "#000000", "white", "black")
  )
ggplot() +
  geom_rect(data = df,
    mapping = aes(xmin = xmin, xmax = xmax, ymin = ymin, ymax = ymax),
    fill = df$tribe_colour) +
```

```
geom_text(data = df,
  mapping = aes(x = xmin+0.5, y = ymin+0.5, label = tribe),
  colour = df$font_colour) +
theme_void() +
facet_wrap(~season, scales = "free_y")
```

tribe\_mapping

*Tribe mapping*

## Description

A mapping for castaways to tribes for each day (day being the day of the tribal council) This is useful for observing who is on what tribe throughout the game.

## Usage

```
tribe_mapping
```

## Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season The season number

episode Episode number

day The day of the tribal council

castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU.

castaway Name of the castaway

tribe Name of the tribe the castaway was on

tribe\_status The status of the tribe e.g. original, swapped, merged, etc. See details for more

## Details

Each season by episode and day holds a complete list of castaways still in the game and which tribe they are on. Moving through each day you can observe the changes in the tribe. For example the first day has all castaways mapped to their original tribe. The next day has the same minus the castaway just voted out. This is useful for observing the changes in tribe make either due to castaways being voted off the island, tribe swaps, who is on Redemption Island and Edge of Extinction.

## Source

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series)) [https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main\\_Page](https://survivor.fandom.com/wiki/Main_Page)

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viewers	<i>Viewers</i>
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**Description**

A dataset containing the viewer history for each season and episode

**Usage**

viewers

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show

version\_season Version season key

season Season number

episode\_number\_overall The cumulative episode number

episode Episode number for the season

episode\_title Episode title

episode\_label A standardised episode label

episode\_date Date the episode aired

episode\_length Episode length in minutes

viewers Number of viewers (millions) who tuned in

imdb\_rating IMDb rating for the episode on a scale of 0-10

n\_ratings The number of ratings submitted to IMDb

**Source**

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series))

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vote_history	<i>Vote history</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

## Description

A dataset containing details on the vote history for each season

## Usage

vote\_history

## Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

version Country code for the version of the show  
 version\_season Version season key  
 season The season number  
 episode Episode number  
 day Day the tribal council took place  
 tribe\_status The status of the tribe e.g. original, swapped, merged, etc. See details for more  
 tribe Tribe name  
 castaway Name of the castaway  
 immunity Type of immunity held by the castaway at the time of the vote e.g. individual, hidden (see details for hidden immunity data)  
 vote The castaway for which the vote was cast  
 vote\_event Extra details on the vote e.g. Won or lost the fire challenge, played an extra vote, etc  
 vote\_event\_outcome The outcome of the vote event  
 split\_vote If there was a decision to split the vote this records who the vote was split with. Helps to identify successful boots  
 nullified Was the vote nullified by a hidden immunity idol? Logical  
 tie If the set of votes resulted in a tie. Logical  
 voted\_out The castaway who was voted out  
 order Boot order. Order in which castaway was voted out e.g. 5 is the 5th person voted of the island  
 vote\_order In the case of ties this indicates the order the votes took place  
 castaway\_id ID of the castaway (primary key). Consistent across seasons and name changes e.g. Amber Brkich / Amber Mariano. The first two letters reference the country of the version played e.g. US, AU.  
 vote\_id ID of the castaway voted for  
 voted\_out\_id ID of the castaway voted\_out  
 sog\_id Stage of game ID for joining to boot\_mapping and challenge\_results  
 challenge\_id Primary key to the challenge\_description data set which contains features of the challenge. The helps map the immunity challenge which result in the tribal.



## Details

This data frame contains a complete history of votes cast across all seasons of Survivor. While there are consistent events across the seasons there are some unique events such as the 'mutiny' in Survivor: Cook Islands (season 13) or the 'Outcasts' in Survivor: Pearl Islands (season 7). For maintaining a standard, whenever there has been a change in tribe for the castaways it has been recorded as swapped. swapped is used as the term since 'the tribe swap' is a typical recurring milestone in each season of Survivor. Subsequent changes are recorded with a trailing digit e.g. swapped2. This includes absorbed tribes e.g. Stephanie was 'absorbed' in Survivor: Palau (season 10) and when 3 tribes are reduced to 2. These cases are still considered 'swapped' to indicate a change in tribe status.

Some events result in a castaway attending tribal but not voting. These are recorded as

Win The castaway won the fire challenge

Lose The castaway lost the fire challenge

None The castaway did not cast a vote. This may be due to a vote steal or some other means

Immune The castaway did not vote but were immune from the vote

Where a castaway has immunity == 'hidden' this means that player is protected by a hidden immunity idol. It may not necessarily mean they played the idol, the idol may have been played for them. While the nullified votes data is complete the immunity data does not include those who had immunity but did not receive a vote. This is a TODO.

In the case where the 'steal a vote' advantage was played, there is a second row for the castaway that stole the vote. The castaway who had their vote stolen are is recorded as None.

Many castaways have been medically evacuated, quit or left the game for some other reason. In these cases where no votes were cast there is a skip in the order variable. Since no votes were cast there is nothing to record on this data frame. The correct order in which castaways departed the island is recorded on castaways.

In the case of a tie, voted\_out is recorded as tie to indicate no one was voted off the island in that instance. The re-vote is recorded with vote\_order = 2 to indicate this is the second round of voting. In the case of a second tie voted\_out is recorded as tie2. The third step is either a draw of rocks, fire challenge or countback (in the early days of survivor). In these cases vote is recorded as the colour of the rock drawn, result of the fire challenge or 'countback'.

## Source

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor\\_\(American\\_TV\\_series\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Survivor_(American_TV_series))

## Examples

```
# The number of times Tony voted for each castaway in Survivor: Winners at War
library(dplyr)
vote_history %>%
  filter(
    season == 40,
    castaway == "Tony"
  ) %>%
  count(vote)
```

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