

# GALENE

LinkedIn's Search Architecture

# OVERVIEW

- Search at LinkedIn
  - Galene Infrastructure
  - Search Relevance



# BASIC SEARCH CONCEPTS

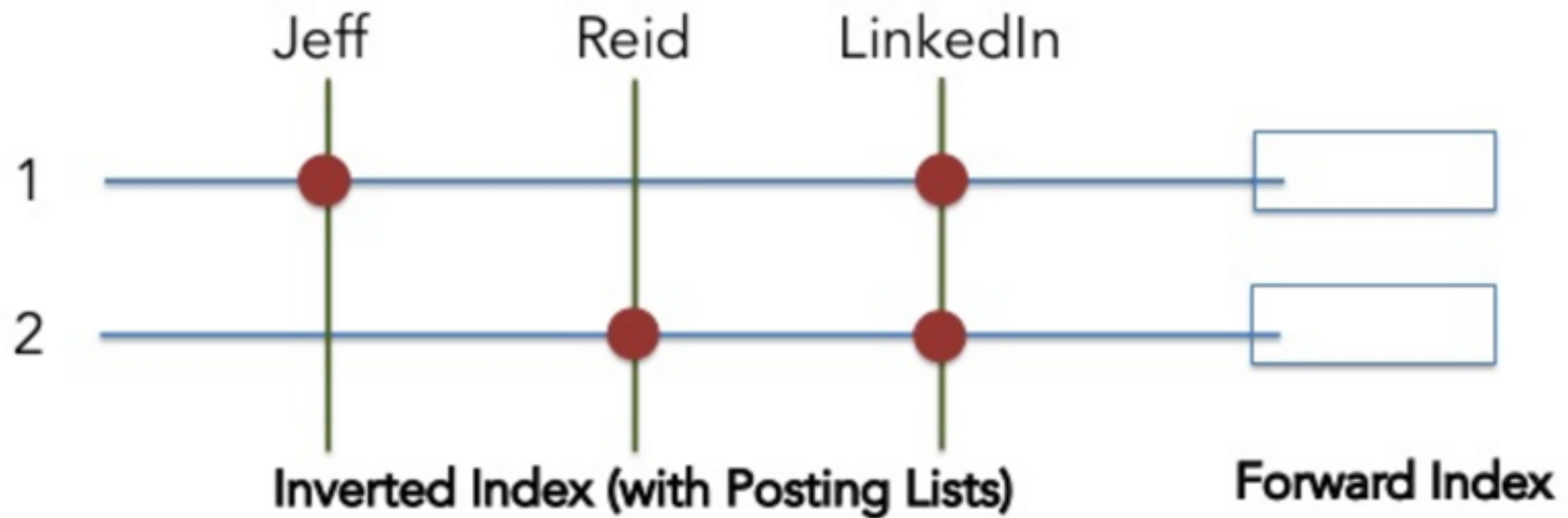
- Document
- Query
- Boolean Retrieval model
- Search Index
  - Inverted Index  
Term -> Doc mapping
  - Forward Index  
Doc -> Metadata mapping
- Posting List
- Relevance

1.

BLAH BLAH BLAH Jeff BLAH BLAH LinkedIn BLAH BLAH BLAH BLAH

2.

BLAH BLAH Reid BLAH LinkedIn BLAH BLAH BLAH BLAH BLAH BLAH BLAH





# LUCENE

- Open source API that supports -
  - Adding / deleting new documents to index
  - Query construction
  - Retrieving the documents
  - Score the retrieved documents

# LEGACY SEARCH

- Lucene based
- Challenges faced -
  - Too many open sourced independent components like *Sensei* for cluster management, *Zoie* for live updates, *Bobo*, *Cleo*, *Krati* etc
  - Rebuilding the entire index was difficult given the incremental approach
  - Live updates at entity level granularity
  - Inflexible scoring
  - Many requirements such as offline relevance, query rewriting, reranking, and blending not possible



# GALENE

- Lucene is retained as an indexing layer  
We use some elements of Lucene to assist in building indices, build query and retrieving documents
- Major steps - Creating Index; Retrieval; Scoring
- Important Galene features -
  - Offline Index Creation
  - Static Rank and Early Termination
  - Live updates at fine granularity
  - Flexible Relevance Framework
  - Faceting

# STATIC RANK & EARLY TERMINATION

- A global score of the document
- Each document has one SR but multiple documents can have same SR
- Could be anything from Number of connections / followers; length of the documents; Social signals etc
- Used in early termination
  - numToScore
- Posting List sorted on the basis of Static Rank



# GALENE INDEXING SCHEME

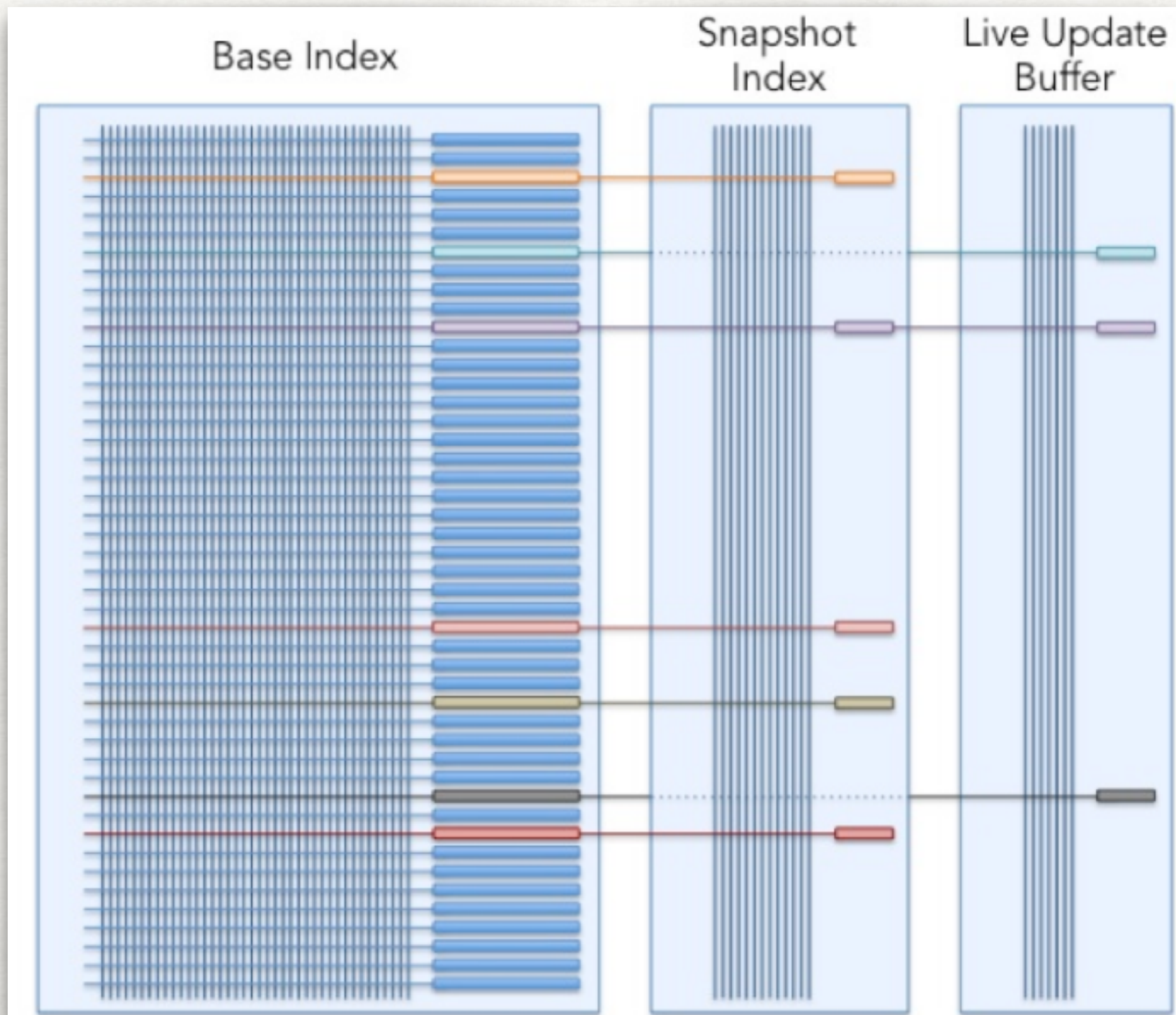
- Base Index
  - Generated periodically offline - every week
  - Lucene Index
  - Contains complex features
- Live update buffer
  - Inverted Index of our own format
  - In-memory
  - Contains incremental updates

# GALENE INDEXING SCHEME

- Snapshot Index
  - On disk snapshot of live index
  - Live index is folded regularly - every few hours



# GALENE INDEXING SCHEME

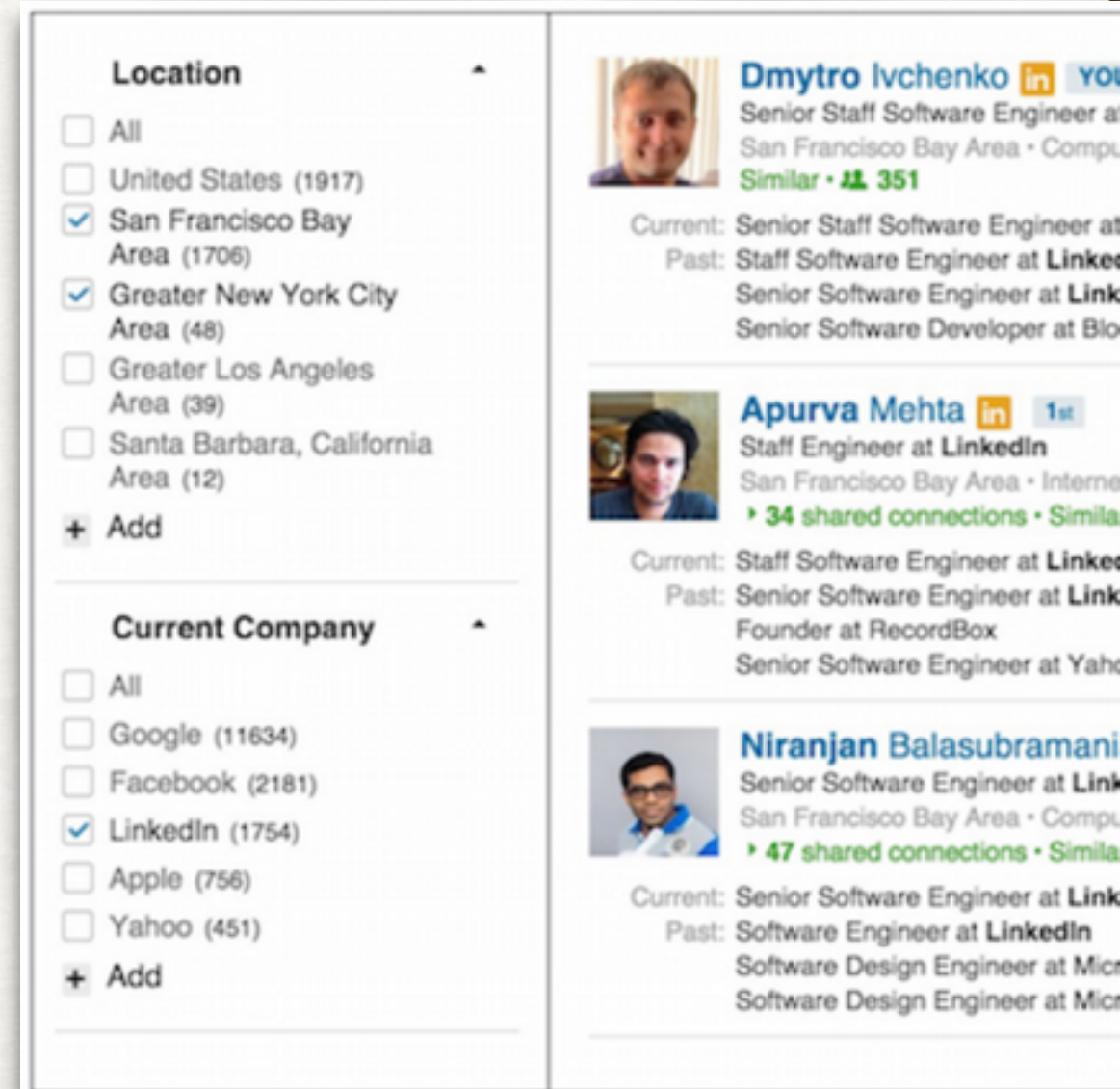


# A LOOK AT THE SCHEMA

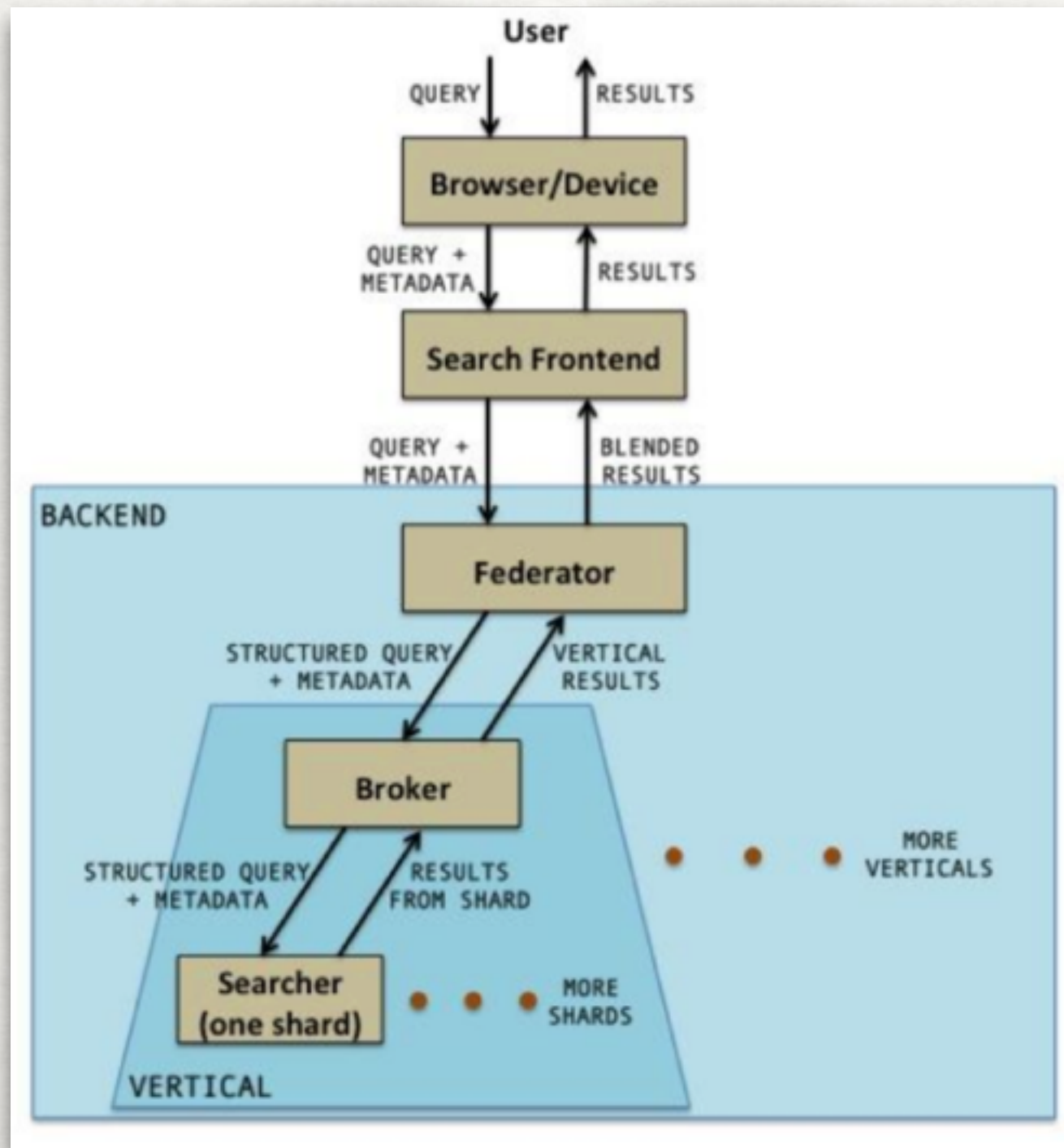


# FACETING

- Discoverable Facets
- Non-discoverable facets
- Early termination and Faceting
  - Discovery and counting
  - Challenge is to do two things at the same time -
    - Approximate facet counts for large values
    - Guarantee exact values for low counts
- <https://engineering.linkedin.com/faceting/many-facets-faceted-search>



# GALENE SEARCH STACK



- Federator and Broker
  - Rewrites the Query
  - Fans out
  - Combines the results
  - numToReturn
  - Plugins - Rewriter and HitMerger
- Searcher
  - Operates on single shard
  - Takes rewritten query and retrieves the documents
  - Scores the documents - using query, input metadata, match info
  - numToScore
  - Plugins - Scorer



# SEARCH AS A SERVICE (SEAS)

- Generally one vertical for one type of search / one index
- Searcher, Broker, IDS, Indexer, Live Updater
- IDS deploys the corresponding Base Index shard on all the searchers
- Live updaters receive live updates and generate Kafka event which Indexers and Searchers listen to; Online Transformer
- Indexer generates snapshot index and ships it to the corresponding searcher through IDS

# REWRITTEN QUERY LANGUAGE

AIMED TOWARDS MAKING EARLY TERMINATION SUCCESSFUL

- Term Query
  - title:mansi
- Phrase Query
  - "title:mansi title:gupta" [2]
- Boolean Query  
(Required clause, '+'; Optional clause, '?'; Excluded clause, '-' )
  - +title:term1 +description:term2
  - +schoolName:stanford -schoolType:primary
  - ?schoolName:stanford ?alternateName:stanford



# REWRITTEN QUERY LANGUAGE

AIMED TOWARDS MAKING EARLY TERMINATION SUCCESSFUL

- WOR Query (Weak-OR)
  - WOR title:ibm%5 title:technology%2 title:services%2 [6]
- FLEX Query
  - Diversification
    - ?companyName:ibm [2] ?companyName:oracle [2]
    - ?authorName:jeff [100] ?transcript:jeff [50]
  - Optionality
    - numToScore - 5,  
+companyName:ibm ?companyName:oracle [1]

QUESTIONS?