

# 01 KnapSack Dynamic

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 int max(int a, int b) { return (a > b)? a : b; }
4
5 int main(){
6
7     int profits[] = {0,60,100,120};
8     int weights[] = {0,10,20,30};
9
10    /* IMPORTANT : Add 0 as first entry in both the Arrays and then proceed
as usual*/
11    /* Number of objects = actual objects(inserted apart from 0 entry)*/
12
13    int objects = 3;
14    int capacity_constraint = 50;
15
16    int Table[objects+1][capacity_constraint+1];
17
18    for(int i=0 ;i<= objects;i++) {
19
20        for(int w=0 ; w <= capacity_constraint ; w++){
21
22            /*3 cases exist
23            1) Fill row 0 and col 0 with Zero
24            2) When weight of Object is less than a column use Formula
25            3) Copy the entry from previous row
26            */
27
28            if(i==0 || w==0){
29                Table[i][w]=0;
30            }
31            else if(weights[i]<=w){
32                Table[i][w] = max(Table[i-1][w] , Table[i-1][w-weights[i]] +
profits[i]);
33            }
34
35            else {
36                /* Weight of an Object is Greater*/
37                Table[i][w] = Table[i-1][w];
38            }
39        }
40    }
41
42    for(int i=0 ; i<objects+1;i++){
43        for(int j=0;j<capacity_constraint+1 ; j++){
44
45
46            printf(" %d ",Table[i][j]);
47        }
48        printf("\n");
49    }
50
51
52    printf(" Max Profit : %d ",Table[objects+1][capacity_constraint+1]);
53
54
55
56 }
```

# Matrix Multiplication

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main()
4 {
5     int a[10][10], b[10][10], result[10][10], r1, c1, r2, c2, i, j, k;
6
7     printf("Enter rows and column for first matrix: ");
8     scanf("%d %d", &r1, &c1);
9
10    printf("Enter rows and column for second matrix: ");
11    scanf("%d %d",&r2, &c2);
12
13    // Column of first matrix should be equal to column of second matrix and
14    while (c1 != r2)
15    {
16        printf("Error! column of first matrix not equal to row of
second.\n\n");
17        printf("Enter rows and column for first matrix: ");
18        scanf("%d %d", &r1, &c1);
19        printf("Enter rows and column for second matrix: ");
20        scanf("%d %d",&r2, &c2);
21    }
22
23    // Storing elements of first matrix.
24    printf("\nEnter elements of matrix 1:\n");
25    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
26        for(j=0; j<c1; ++j)
27        {
28            printf("Enter elements a%d%d: ",i+1, j+1);
29            scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
30        }
31
32    // Storing elements of second matrix.
33    printf("\nEnter elements of matrix 2:\n");
34    for(i=0; i<r2; ++i)
35        for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
36        {
37            printf("Enter elements b%d%d: ",i+1, j+1);
38            scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
39        }
40
41    // Initializing all elements of result matrix to 0
42    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
43        for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
44        {
45            result[i][j] = 0;
46        }
47
48    // Multiplying matrices a and b and
49    // storing result in result matrix
50    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
51        for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
52            for(k=0; k<c1; ++k)
53            {
54                result[i][j]+=a[i][k]*b[k][j];
55            }
56
57    // Displaying the result
58    printf("\nOutput Matrix:\n");
59    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
```

```
60     for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
61     {
62         printf("%d ", result[i][j]);
63         if(j == c2-1)
64             printf("\n\n");
65     }
66     return 0;
67 }
```

# Fractional KnapSack : Greedy

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 #define num_obj 7
4
5
6 void init_arrays(float* p_by_w,int n,float* profit,float* weight,float*
solutions){
7     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
8         p_by_w[i]=profit[i]/weight[i];
9         solutions[i]=0;
10    }
11 }
12
13 int main(){
14     float profits[]={10,5,15,7,6,18,3};
15     float weights[]={2,3,5,7,1,4,1};
16     float profit_by_weight[num_obj];
17     float solution[num_obj];
18
19     init_arrays(profit_by_weight,num_obj,profits,weights,solution);
20
21
22     int available_capacity=15;
23
24
25
26     for(int i=0;i<num_obj && available_capacity>0 ;i++){
27
28         int greatest=0;
29         int index = 0;
30
31         for(int j=0 ;j<num_obj;j++)
32         {
33             if(profit_by_weight[j]>greatest && solution[j]==0){
34                 index = j;
35                 greatest = profit_by_weight[j];
36             }
37         }
38
39         if(available_capacity >= weights[index]){
40             solution[index]=1;
41             available_capacity = available_capacity - weights[index];
42         }
43
44         /* Hanlde Fractionals */
45
46         else if(available_capacity < weights[index]){
47             float temp = available_capacity/weights[index];
48             solution[index]=temp;
49             available_capacity -= weights[index];
50         }
51     }
52
53     for(int i=0;i<num_obj;i++){
54         printf(" %f ",solution[i]);
55     }
56
57 }
```

# Matrix Chain Multiplication

## Dynamic Approach

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 int main(){
4
5     // D - Dimensions Array
6     int D[] = {5,4,6,2,7};
7
8     int Matrix[10][10]={0};
9     int Split[10][10]={0};
10
11     int n = 5; // Elements in Dimension Array
12     /*
13     Matrix - Matrix Cost Matrix
14     Split - Split Matrix stores where does the split occur
15     */
16
17     /* we need to find the cost for Matrix Multiplication in following Order
18        we need to find diagonal elements for upper triangle diagonals
19     */
20     int j,min,q;
21
22     for(int d=1 ; d < n-1 ; d++){
23
24         for(int i=1 ; i < n-d ; i++){
25
26             // i -> Rows , j is calculated using i and d
27
28             j= i+d;
29             min = 32767;
30             Matrix[i][j]=min;
31
32
33             for(int k=1 ; k<= j-1; k++){
34                 q = Matrix[i][k] + Matrix[k+1][j] + D[i-1] * D[k] * D[j];
35
36                 if(q<Matrix[i][j]){
37                     min = q;
38                     Split[i][j] = k;
39                 }
40
41                 Matrix [i][j] = min;
42             }
43         }
44     }
45
46
47     printf(" Answer : %d \n",Matrix[1][n-1]);
48
49     for(int i=1 ; i<n ;i++){
50
51         for(int j=1 ; j<n ;j++){
52             {
53                 printf(" %d ",Matrix[i][j]);
54             }
55
56             printf("\n");
57         }
58     }
59 }
```

# Merge Sort : DAC

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3
4 void Merge(int * Array,int low,int mid,int high){
5     int i=low;int j=mid+1;int k=0;
6     int TempArray[25];
7
8     while( (i<=mid) && (j<=high) ){
9         if(Array[i]<Array[j]){
10             TempArray[k]=Array[i];
11             i++;k++;
12         }
13         else if(Array[i]>Array[j]){
14             TempArray[k]=Array[j];
15             j++;k++;
16         }
17
18         else {
19             TempArray[k]=Array[i];
20             i++;j++;k++;
21         }
22     }
23
24     while(i<=mid){
25         TempArray[k]=Array[i];
26         i++;k++;
27     }
28
29     while(j<=high){
30         TempArray[k]=Array[j];
31         j++;k++;
32     }
33
34     /* Copy Back */
35     k=0;
36     for(int i=low;i<=high;i++,k++){
37         Array[i]=TempArray[k];
38     }
39 }
40
41 void MergeSort(int* Array,int low,int high){
42     if(low<high){
43         int mid = (low+high)/2;
44         MergeSort(Array,low,mid);
45         MergeSort(Array,mid+1,high);
46         Merge(Array,low,mid,high);
47     }
48 }
49
50 int main(){
51     int trial[]={50,30,40,10,20,0};
52     MergeSort(trial,0,5);
53
54     for(int i=0;i<6;i++){
55         printf(" %d ",trial[i]);
56     }
57 }
```

# Naive String Matching

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<string.h>
3
4 int main(){
5
6     char String[20];
7     char Pattern[20];
8
9     printf("Enter the String ? \n");
10    scanf("%s",String);
11
12    printf("Enter the Pattern in String : ' %s ' \n",String);
13    scanf("%s",Pattern);
14
15    int flag=0;
16
17    int string_len = strlen(String);
18    int pattern_len = strlen(Pattern);
19
20    for(int i=0;i<string_len;i++){
21
22        int j; /* Note declared outside its loop */
23        for(j=0;j<pattern_len;j++){
24            if(String[i+j] != Pattern[j])
25                break;
26        }
27
28        if(j == pattern_len){
29            flag=1;
30            printf("Pattern has been found at index : %d \n",i);
31        }
32    }
33
34    if(!flag){
35        printf("Pattern didnt match anywhere");
36    }
37
38 }
```

# Backtracking : N Queens Problem

```
1 #include<stdbool.h>
2 #include<stdio.h>
3
4
5
6 bool isSafetoPlace(int board[][10],int row,int column,int n){
7     /*Queen will be safe to place if and only if
8         1) No Other Queen is Placed in same column -to find itterate over
previous
9         2) No Other Queen is Placed in Right Upper Diagonal
10        3) No Other Queen is Placed in Left Upper Diagonal
11    */
12    // 1 - Same Column Check
13    for(int i=0 ;i<row;i++){
14        if(board[i][column]==1){
15            /* Queen already placed in some previous row at the column we are
checking for . Thus we cannot place so return false*/
16            return false;
17        }
18    }
19
20
21
22    // 2 - Right Upper Diagonal
23
24    int x=row;
25    int y=column;
26
27    while(x>=0 && y<n){
28        if(board[x][y]==1)
29            {return false;}
30        x--;
31        y++;
32    }
33
34    //3 - Left Upper Diagonal
35
36    x=row;
37    y=column;
38
39    while(x>=0 && y>=0){
40        if(board[x][y]==1)
41            {return false;}
42        x--;
43        y--;
44    }
45    /* if control reaches upto here it means , these conditions are not
satisfied and Queen is safe to be placed*/
46
47    return true;
48 }
49
50 void DisplayBoard(int board[][10],int n){
51     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
52
53         for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
54
55             if(board[i][j]==1){
56                 printf(" Q ");
57             }
```



```

58         else {
59             printf(" _ ");
60         }
61     }
62 }
63
64     printf("\n\n");
65 }
66 }
67
68 bool solveNQueen(int board[][10],int current_row,int n){
69     /*Base Case: successfully placed Queens in N rows */
70     if(current_row == n){
71         /* Print Board Config*/
72         printf("\n\n ***** \n\n");
73         DisplayBoard(board,n);
74         return false;
75     }
76
77     /* Recursive Case: Try to find the the right column in current row*/
78     for(int current_column=0;current_column<n;current_column++){
79
80         if(isSafeToPlace(board,current_row,current_column,n)){
81             // Place the Queen assuming this is correct position
82             board[current_row][current_column]=1;
83
84             /* Ask the Remaining Board if next Queen can be Placed in Next
85 Row*/
86             bool canNextQueenBePlaced = solveNQueen(board,current_row+1,n);
87             if(canNextQueenBePlaced){
88                 /* it means we have placed Queen above is Right and need not
89 be shifted*/
90                 return true;
91             }
92
93             /* if next queen cannot be placed , our above assumption is wrong
94 and needs to be corrected , Queen needs to be shifted in the current row and
95 possibiliites need to be recalculated*/
96             // Backtrack
97             else board[current_row][current_column]=0;
98         }
99     }
100
101     // At this control point we have tried all possible positions in current
102 row but have failed to place a Queen, hence return False
103
104     return false;
105 }
106
107 int main(){
108     /* Initialize board to 0 */
109     int board[10][10]={0};
110
111     solveNQueen(board,0,4);
112
113 }

```

## QuickSort : DAC

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 void swap(int* Array,int a,int b){
4     int temp=Array[a];
5     Array[a]=Array[b];
6     Array[b]=temp;
7 }
8
9 int Partition(int Array[],int low,int high){
10     int pivot = Array[low];
11     int i=low-1;
12     int j=high+1;
13
14     while(i<j){
15         do{
16             i++;
17         }while(Array[i]<=pivot);
18
19         do{
20             j--;
21         }while(Array[j]>pivot);
22
23         if(i<j){
24             swap(Array,i,j);
25         }
26     }
27
28     swap(Array,low,j);
29     return j;
30 }
31 void QuickSort(int Array[],int low,int high){
32
33     if(low<high){
34
35         int partition_index = Partition(Array,low,high);
36         QuickSort(Array,low,partition_index-1);
37         QuickSort(Array,partition_index+1,high);
38     }
39 }
40
41
42 int main(){
43     int Array[7]={50,20,30,10,5,60,70};
44     QuickSort(Array,0,6);
45
46     for(int i=0;i<7;i++){
47         printf(" %d ",Array[i]);
48     }
49 }
```