## HW-Sprint-06-Essential-Statistics.R

## r1617576

## 2023-01-03

```
#Install Packages
install.packages("titanic")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.2'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("tidyverse")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.2'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("dplyr")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.2'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
#Load Library
library(titanic)
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.4.0
                     v purrr 1.0.0
## v tibble 3.1.8
                      v dplyr 1.0.10
## v tidyr
          1.2.1
                    v stringr 1.5.0
                  v forcats 0.5.2
          2.1.3
## v readr
## -- Conflicts -----
                                            ## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
library(dplyr)
#Drop NA (Missing Value)
titanic_train <- na.omit(titanic_train)</pre>
nrow(titanic_train)
## [1] 714
#Glimpse Titanic
glimpse(titanic_train)
## Rows: 714
## Columns: 12
## $ PassengerId <int> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19~
## $ Survived <int> 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1~
## $ Pclass
             <int> 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 3, 2, 3, 1, 3, 3, 3, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 3~
## $ Name
               <chr> "Braund, Mr. Owen Harris", "Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Fl~
```

```
## $ Sex
                                 <chr> "male", "female", "female", "female", "male", "male
                                 <dbl> 22, 38, 26, 35, 35, 54, 2, 27, 14, 4, 58, 20, 39, 14, 55, ~
## $ Age
## $ SibSp
                                 <int> 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 3, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 4, 1, 0, 0, 0~
                                 <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 5, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0~
## $ Parch
## $ Ticket
                                 <chr> "A/5 21171", "PC 17599", "STON/O2. 3101282", "113803", "37~
## $ Fare
                                 <dbl> 7.2500, 71.2833, 7.9250, 53.1000, 8.0500, 51.8625, 21.0750~
## $ Cabin
                                 <chr> "", "C85", "", "C123", "", "E46", "", "", "", "G6", "C103"~
                                 ## $ Embarked
#1.Split Data
set.seed(24)
n <- nrow(titanic_train)</pre>
id <- sample(1:n, size=n*0.7) #70% train 30% test
train_data <- titanic_train[id, ]</pre>
test_data <- titanic_train[-id, ]</pre>
#2.Train Model
model_train <- glm(Survived ~ Pclass + Age + Sex,</pre>
                                     data = train_data,
                                     family ="binomial")
summary(model_train)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Survived ~ Pclass + Age + Sex, family = "binomial",
             data = train_data)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
             Min
                                1Q
                                         Median
                                                                     3Q
                                                                                     Max
## -2.7144 -0.6682 -0.4020
                                                                               2.3580
                                                             0.6402
##
## Coefficients:
                               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 5.010600 0.605971
                                                                       8.269 < 2e-16 ***
                             -1.283121
                                                     0.166373 -7.712 1.24e-14 ***
## Pclass
## Age
                             ## Sexmale
                             -2.534947
                                                     0.249507 -10.160 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
             Null deviance: 673.56 on 498 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 450.94 on 495 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 458.94
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
#3.Predict And Evaluate Model
train_data$prob_survived <- predict(model_train,type = "response")</pre>
train_data$pred_survived <- ifelse(train_data$prob_survived >= 0.5,1,0)
#4. Confusion matrix of Train Model
conM_titanic <- table(train_data$pred_survived,train_data$Survived,</pre>
                                           dnn = c("Predicted", "Actual"))
```

```
acc_train <- (conM_titanic[1,1] + conM_titanic[2,2])/sum(conM_titanic)</pre>
prec_train <- conM_titanic[2,2] / (conM_titanic[2,1]+conM_titanic[2,2])</pre>
rec_train <- conM_titanic[2,2] / (conM_titanic[1,2]+conM_titanic[2,2])</pre>
f1_train <- 2*((prec_train*rec_train)/(prec_train+rec_train))</pre>
cat("Accuracy:", acc_train, "\nPrecision:", prec_train, "\nRecall:", rec_train, "\nF1:", f1_train)
## Accuracy: 0.7955912
## Precision: 0.7659574
## Recall: 0.7128713
## F1: 0.7384615
#5.Test Model
model_test <- glm(Survived ~ Pclass + Age, data = test_data, family = "binomial")</pre>
summary(model_test)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Survived ~ Pclass + Age, family = "binomial", data = test_data)
## Deviance Residuals:
                 1Q
                     Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -1.8168 -0.8308 -0.6149 0.9364
                                         2.0955
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 3.42892
                           0.70859
                                    4.839 1.30e-06 ***
              -1.24956
                           0.21681 -5.763 8.25e-09 ***
## Pclass
## Age
               -0.03906
                           0.01188 -3.287 0.00101 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 290.94 on 214 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 250.21 on 212 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 256.21
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
#6.Predict And Evaluate Model of Test Model
test_data$prob_survived <- predict(model_test,type = "response")</pre>
test_data$pred_survived <- ifelse(test_data$prob_survived >= 0.5,1,0)
#7. Confusion matrix of Test Model
conM_titanic2 <- table(test_data$pred_survived,test_data$Survived,</pre>
                      dnn = c("Predicted", "Actual"))
acc_test <- (conM_titanic2[1,1] + conM_titanic2[2,2])/sum(conM_titanic2)</pre>
prec_test <- conM_titanic2[2,2] / (conM_titanic2[2,1]+conM_titanic2[2,2])</pre>
rec_test <- conM_titanic2[2,2] / (conM_titanic2[1,2]+conM_titanic2[2,2])</pre>
f1_test <- 2*((prec_test*rec_test)/(prec_test+rec_test))</pre>
cat("Accuracy:", acc_test, "\nPrecision:", prec_test, "\nRecall:", rec_test, "\nF1:", f1_test)
```

## Accuracy: 0.7069767 ## Precision: 0.6712329 ## Recall: 0.5568182 ## F1: 0.6086957