

Problem 10.4.3.

Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}) \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ counterclockwise around the boundary C of the region R by Green's theorem, where

$$\mathbf{F} = [x^2 e^y, y^2 e^x], \quad R \text{ the rectangle with vertices } (0, 0), (2, 0), (2, 3), (0, 3)$$

Solution.

Problem 10.4.7.

Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}) \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ counterclockwise around the boundary C of the region R by Green's theorem, where

$$\mathbf{F} = \nabla (x^3 \cos^2(xy)), \quad R : 1 \leq y \leq 2 - x^2$$

Solution.

Problem 10.4.15.

Using the following equation,

$$\iint_R \Delta w \, dx \, dy = \oint_C \frac{\partial w}{\partial n} \, ds$$

Find the value of $\int_C \frac{\partial w}{\partial n} \, ds$ taken counterclockwise over the boundary C of the region R .

$$w = e^x \cos y + xy^3, \quad R : 1 \leq y \leq 10 - x^2, \quad x \geq 0$$

Solution.

Problem 10.4.16.

Using the following equation,

$$\iint_R \Delta w \, dx \, dy = \oint_C \frac{\partial w}{\partial n} \, ds$$

find the value of $\int_C \frac{\partial w}{\partial n} \, ds$ taken counterclockwise over the boundary C of the region R .

$$W = x^2 + y^2, \quad C : x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

Confirm the answer by direct integration.

Solution.

Problem 10.4.19.

Show that $w = e^x \sin y$ satisfies Laplace's equation $\Delta w = 0$ and, using the following equation,

$$\iint_R \left[\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right)^2 \right] \, dx \, dy = \oint_C w \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial n} \right) \, ds$$

integrate $w \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial n} \right)$ counter-clockwise around the boundary curve C of the rectangle $0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 5$.

Solution.

Problem 10.5.2.

Derive a parametric representation, $z = f(x, y)$ or $g(x, y, z) = 0$, by finding the **parameter curves** (curves $u = \text{const}$ and $v = \text{const}$) of the surface and a normal vector $\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{r}_u \times \mathbf{r}_v$ of the surface.

$$xy\text{-plane in polar coordinates } \mathbf{r}(u, v) = [u \cos v, u \sin v], \quad (\text{thus } u = r, v = \theta)$$

Solution.

Problem 10.5.3.

Derive a parametric representation by finding the parameter curves of the surface and a normal vector of the surface.

$$\text{Cone } \mathbf{r}(u, v) = [u \cos v, u \sin v, cu]$$

Solution.

Problem 10.5.5.

Derive a parametric representation by finding the parameter curves of the surface and a normal vector of the surface.

$$\text{Paraboloid of revolution } \mathbf{r}(u, v) = [u \cos v, u \sin v, u^2]$$

Solution.

Problem 10.5.7.

Derive a parametric representation by finding the parameter curves of the surface and a normal vector of the surface.

$$\text{Ellipsoid } \mathbf{r}(u, v) = [a \cos v \cos u, b \cos v \sin u, c \sin v]$$

Solution.

Problem 10.5.14.

Find a normal vector. Sketch the surface and parameter curves.

$$\text{Plane } 4x + 3y + 2z = 12$$

Solution.

Problem 10.5.15.

Find a normal vector. Sketch the surface and parameter curves.

$$\text{Cylinder of revolution } (x - 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 25$$

Solution.

Problem 10.5.18.

Find a normal vector. Sketch the surface and parameter curves.

$$\text{Elliptic cone } z = \sqrt{x^2 + 4y^2}$$

Solution.

Problem 10.6.3.

Evaluate the flux integral, $\int_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dA$, for the given data. Describe the kind of surface.

$$\mathbf{F} = [0, x, 0], \quad S : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1, \quad x, y, z \geq 0$$

Solution.

Problem 10.6.5.

Evaluate the flux integral for the given data. Describe the kind of surface.

$$\mathbf{F} = [x, y, z], \quad S : \mathbf{r} = [u \cos v, u \sin v, u^2], \quad 0 \leq u \leq 4, \quad -\pi \leq v \leq \pi$$

Solution.

Problem 10.6.7.

Evaluate the flux integral for the given data. Describe the kind of surface.

$$\mathbf{F} = [0, \sin y, \cos z], \quad S \text{ the cylinder } x = y^2, \text{ where } 0 \leq y \leq \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad 0 \leq z \leq y$$

Solution.

Problem 10.6.13.

Evaluate the surface integral, $\iint_S G(\mathbf{r}) dA$, for the following data. Indicate the kind of surface.

$$G = x + y + z, \quad z = x + 2y, \quad 0 \leq x \leq \pi, \quad 0 \leq y \leq x$$

Solution.**Problem 10.6.15.**

Evaluate the surface integral for the following data. Indicate the kind of surface.

$$G = (1 + 9xz)^{3/2}, \quad S : \mathbf{r} = [u, v, u^3], 0 \leq u \leq 1, \quad -2 \leq v \leq 2$$

Solution.