

Programming Fundamentals

Lab Report

Lab 11



Group Members Name & Reg #:	<u>Muhammad Haris Irfan</u> (FA18-BCE-090)
Class	Programming Fundamentals CSC103 (BCE-2B)
Instructor's Name	Dilshad Sabir

In Lab Tasks

Question no: 1

Write a C Program that does the following:

1. Declares a C-String called '**m1**' and initializes it with text "Programming is great fun!".
2. Uses C-function puts() to print this string.
3. Asks the user to enter a String named '**m2**' (**Hint**: Use gets() function for this.)
4. Concatenates the two strings and stores the result in '**m3**'.

For example, if the user enters **m2** as "Not Really!", **m3** should be "Programming is great

fun! Not really!"

5. Inserts the user entered array (**m2**) into **m1** after "Programming is ..."

Solution:

The Code for the following code is attached below,

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <string.h>
4  int main()
5  {
6      char m1[]={"Programming is great fun!"};
7      char m2[50];
8      char m3[50];
9      puts(m1);
10
11
12      printf("\nenter a string to be printed?\n");
13      gets(m2);    /// character input
14
15      printf("%s\n", m2);
16
17      strcat(m1,m2);
18      strcpy(m3,m1);
19      printf("%s\n",m3);
20
21  }
22

```

The Result of the following code is attached below:

```

C:\Users\Hp\Documents\CodeBlocks\C\Lab11Task1\bin\Debug\Lab11Task1.exe
Programming is great fun!
enter a string to be printed?
NO!
NO!
Programming is great fun!NO!
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 8.668 s
Press any key to continue.

```

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Question no: 2(A)

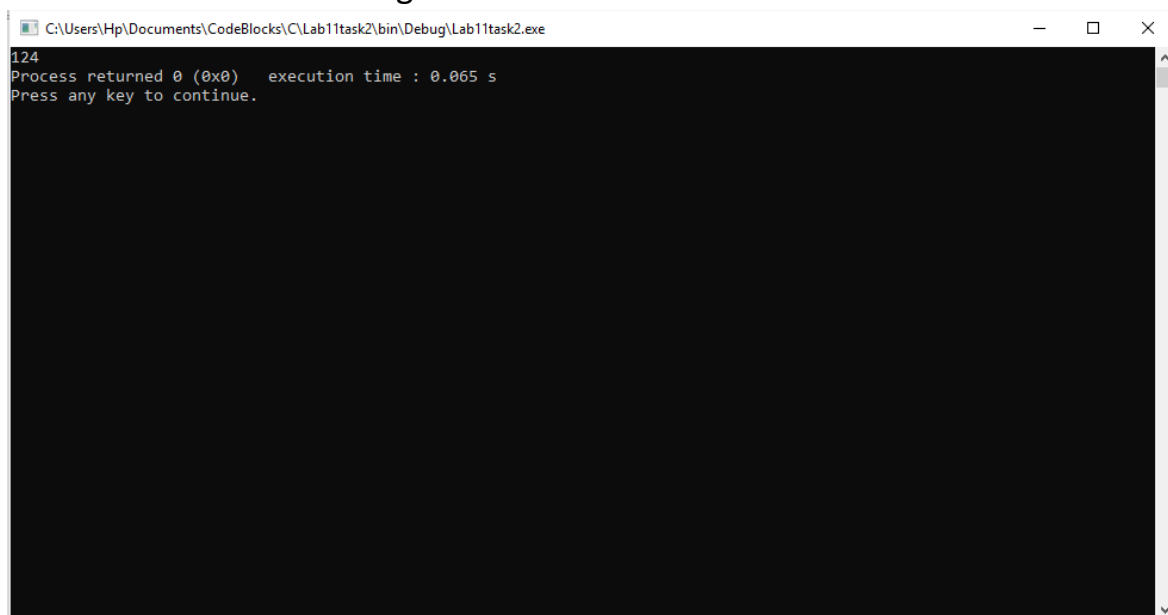
Write a program that converts a string like "124" to an integer 124.

Solution

The code is shown below for the given program,

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3
4  int main()
5  {
6      char ml[20]={"124"};
7      int x=0;
8
9
10     for(int i=0; i<9 ;i++)
11     {
12         if(ml[i]=='1')
13         {
14             x=x+1*100;
15         }
16         if(ml[i]=='2')
17         {
18             x=x+(2*10);
19         }
20
21         if(ml[i]=='4')
22         {
23             x=x+(4*1);
24         }
25     }
26
27     printf("%d",x);
28
29
30 }
```

The Result of the following code is attached below:



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Question no: 2(B)

Write a program that replaces two or more consecutive blanks in a string by a single blank.

For example, if the input is

“Grim return to the planet of apes!!”

the output should be

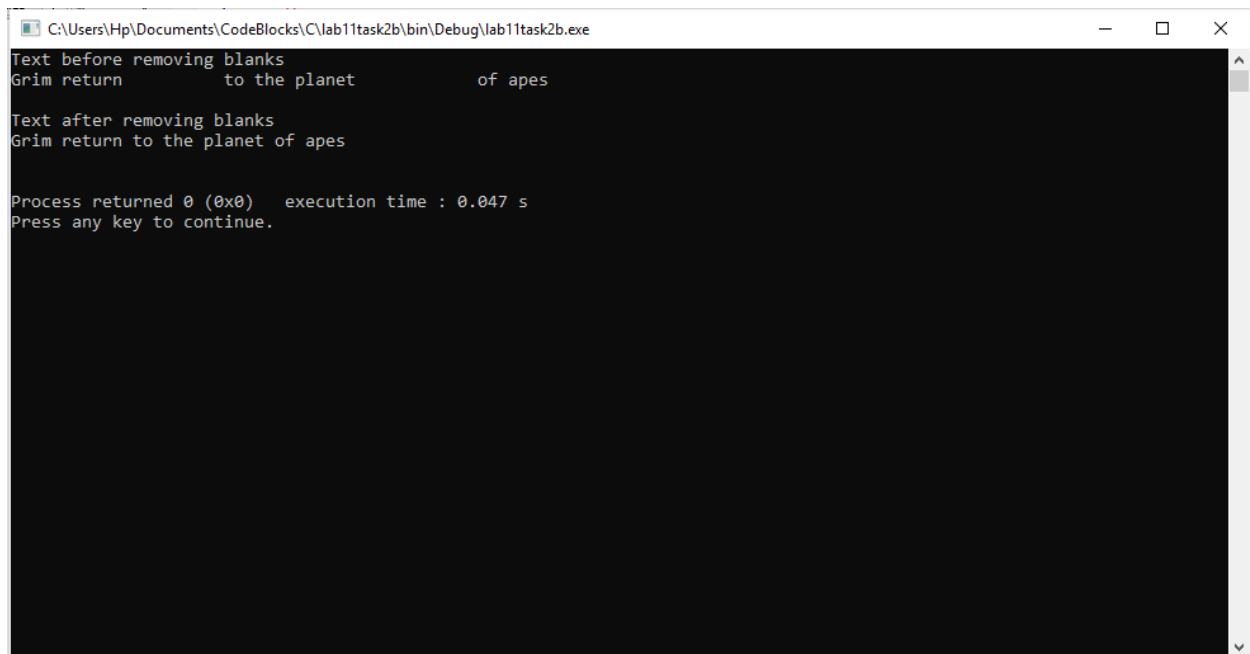
“Grim return to the planet of apes!!”

Solution

The code is shown below for the given program,

```
4  int main()
5  {
6      char text[1000]={"Grim return          to the planet          of apes "}, blank[1000];
7      int c = 0, d = 0;
8
9
10
11     while (text[c] != '\0') {
12         if (text[c] == ' ') {
13             int temp = c + 1;
14             if (text[temp] != '\0') {
15                 while (text[temp] == ' ' && text[temp] != '\0') {
16                     if (text[temp] == ' ') {
17                         c++;
18                     }
19                     temp++;
20                 }
21             }
22             blank[d] = text[c];
23             c++;
24             d++;
25         }
26     }
27
28     blank[d] = '\0';
29     printf("Text before removing blanks\n%s\n\n", text);
30     printf("Text after removing blanks\n%s\n\n", blank);
31
32     return 0;
33 }
```

The Result of the following code is attached below:



```
C:\Users\Hp\Documents\CodeBlocks\C\lab11task2b\bin\Debug\lab11task2b.exe
Text before removing blanks
Grim return      to the planet      of apes

Text after removing blanks
Grim return to the planet of apes

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.047 s
Press any key to continue.
```

THE END

*there was no post lab for this lab.