

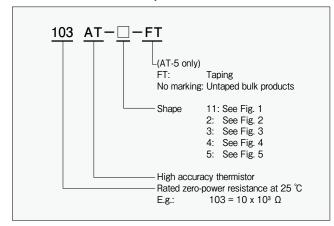
### High accuracy thermistor

# AT Thermistor

The AT series thermistor features high accuracy with tight resistance and B-value tolerances ( $\pm 1\%$ ).

- Features: Uniform shape facilitates automated assembly
  - Long term reliability
  - Five different standard shapes available

#### Product number explanation

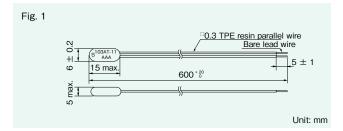


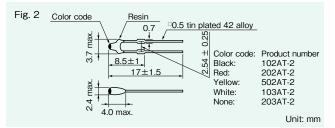
#### Applications

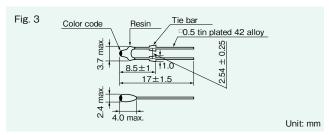
Office automation, measuring instruments, controllers, mobile devices, battery chargers, battery packs, fan motors, home electronics, HVAC equipment, solar systems, security, thermometers, automotive, vending machines, refrigerated display cases, agricultural equipment

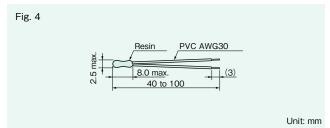
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#### Dimensions









#### Specifications

Product number	R <sub>25</sub> <sup>1</sup>	R <sub>25</sub> tolerance	B value <sup>2</sup>	Dissipation factor (mw / °C)	Thermal time constant (s) <sup>3</sup>	Rated power at 25 °C (mW)	Operating temperature range (°C)
102AT-11	1.00 kΩ	± 1%	3100 K ± 1%			13	- 50 to 90
202AT-11	2.00 kΩ		3182 K ± 1%		approx. 75		
502AT-11	5.00 kΩ		3324 K ± 1%	approx. 2.6			
103AT-11	10.0 kΩ		3435 K ± 1%				- 50 to 105
203AT-11	20.0 kΩ		4013 K ± 1%				
102AT-2	1.00 kΩ		3100 K ± 1%	approx. 2.0	approx. 15	10	- 50 to 90
202AT-2	2.00 kΩ		3182 K ± 1%				
502AT-2	5.00 kΩ		3324 K ± 1%				
103AT-2、3	10.0 kΩ		3435 K ± 1%				- 50 to 110
203AT-2	20.0 kΩ		4013 K ± 1%				
103AT-4	10.0 kΩ		3435 K ± 1%		approx. 10		- 30 to 90
103AT-5	10.0 kΩ		3435 K ± 1%	approx. 2.5	approx. 15	12.5	- 50 to 110

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ : Rated zero-power resistance at 25  $^{\circ}$ C  $^{2}$ : B value calculated from rated zero-power resistance at 25  $^{\circ}$ C and 85  $^{\circ}$ C

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$ : Time required to reach 63.2% of temperature difference. Measured with sensor suspended in mid-air.

#### Reliability data

Item		Criteria		
Resistance to soldering heat	AT-2, 3, 4	ΔR, ΔB ± 1%		
Resistance to soldering neat	AT-5	5 s at 260 °C or 1.5 s at 350 °C	ΔN, ΔD ± 1%	
Solderability	AT-2, 3	2 s at 245 °C. Flux material: Rosin 25%, ethyl alcohol 75%.	More than 90% soldered	
Solderability	AT-4, 5	2 s at 235 °C. Flux material: Rosin 25%, ethyl alcohol 75%.	lwore than 90% soldered	
	AT-11	10 s at 30 N (horizontal pull)	$\Delta$ R, $\Delta$ B $\pm$ 1% and visual inspection	
Tanaila atranetta (land	AT-2, 3	A load of 2 N is applied to the wire terminations in vertical direction for 10 s (see Fig. 1)		
Tensile strength (lead wire)	AT-4	60 s at 5 N (horizontal pull)		
	AT-5	A load of 2 N is applied to the wire terminations in vertical direction for 3 s (see Fig. 1)		
	AT-11	5 N, ten times, 90°		
Tanada a Caraba a de a de a	AT-2, 3	One time, 90°		
Termination bending	AT-4	1 N, five times, 90°		
	AT-5	2.5 N, two times, 90°		
	AT-11, 2, 3	Three times natural fall to a maple board from 1 m height.		
Free fall	AT-4	Three times natural fall to a maple board from 0.75 m height.		
	AT-5	One time natural fall to a maple board from 1 m height.		
Mallana	AT-11, 2, 3, 5	1000 V AC for one minute	Less than 1 mA	
Voltage proof	AT-4	100 V DC for one second		
las dation registers	AT-11, 2, 3, 5	500 V DC	O 100 MO	
Insulation resistance	AT-4	100 V DC	Over 100 MΩ	
Dry heat	AT-11	1000 hours at 105 °C (90 °C⁴)	ΔR, ΔB ± 1%	
	AT-2, 3, 5	1000 hours at 110 °C (90 °C⁴)		
	AT-4	1000 hours at 90 °C		
Damp heat	AT-11	1000 hours at 70 °C and 90% humidity Electrical load: 1 mA DC		
(under electrical load)	AT-2, 3, 4, 5	1000 hours at 40 °C and 90% humidity Electrical load: 1 mA DC		
	AT-11	100 cycles as below: 1 55 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 3 minutes 3. 85 °C for 30 minutes 4. Room temperature for 3 minutes		
Temperature cycle	AT-2, 3	100 cycles as below: 1 30 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 3 minutes 3. 90 °C for 30 minutes 4. Room temperature for 3 minutes		
(thermal shock)	AT-4	100 cycles as below: 1 20 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 1 minute 4. Room temperature for 1 minute		
	AT-5	100 cycles as below: 1 30 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 3 minutes 3. 90 °C for 30 minutes 4. Room temperature for 3 minutes		

<sup>4:</sup> Conditions for 102AT-11, 202AT-11, 102AT-2, 202AT-2

#### Resistance / temperature characteristics

Temperature	Product number							
(°C)	102AT	202AT	502AT	103AT	203AT			
- 50	24.46	55.66	154.6	329.5	1253			
- 40	14.43	32.34	88.91	188.5	642.0			
- 30	8.834	19.48	52.87	111.3	342.5			
- 20	5.594	12.11	32.44	67.77	190.0			
- 10	3.651	7.763	20.48	42.47	109.1			
0	2.449	5.114	13.29	27.28	64.88			
10	1.684	3.454	8.840	17.96	39.71			
20	1.184	2.387	6.013	12.09	24.96			
25	1.000	2.000	5.000	10.00	20.00			
30	0.8486	1.684	4.179	8.313	16.12			
40	0.6189	1.211	2.961	5.827	10.65			
50	0.4587	0.8854	2.137	4.160	7.181			
60	0.3446	0.6587	1.567	3.020	4.943			
70	0.2622	0.4975	1.168	2.228	3.464			
80	0.1999	0.3807	0.8835	1.668	2.468			
85	0.1751	0.3346	0.7722	1.451	2.096			
90	0.1536	0.2949	0.6771	1.266	1.788			
100			0.5265	0.9731	1.315			
110			0.4128	0.7576	0.9807			
B <sub>25/85</sub>	3100 K	3182 K	3324 K	3435 K	4013 K			

#### Caution

AT-2, 3, 5

- When bending the lead wires using for example a radio plier make sure to have a minimum distance from the sensor head of 3 mm.
- Do not apply a mechanical load of more than 2 N in the way depicted in Fig. 1 below. The variation of the load direction should be less then 0.3 mm (see Fig. 2).

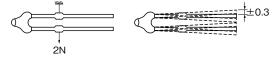
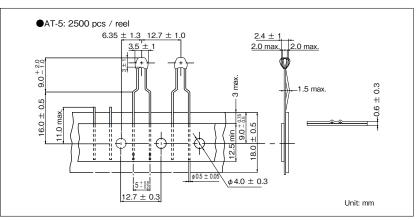


Fig. 1

Fig. 2

When soldering make sure to have a minimum distance of 5 mm (8.5 mm), use a soldering iron with 50 W and solder for maximum 7 (2) seconds at 340 °C (350 °C). If you plan to cut the lead wire shorter than the above minimum distance please contact us.
 The values in brackets are for AT-5.

Taping dimensions



Unit: kΩ

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