

Planning and Analysis for Wind Energy in Libya

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Presentation Outline



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graph TD; A[Presentation Outline] --- B[Wind Energy Modeling]; A --- C[Capacity Factor of Wind Energy Resources]; A --- D[Variability of Wind Energy Resources]; A --- E[Aggregation of Wind Energy Resources];
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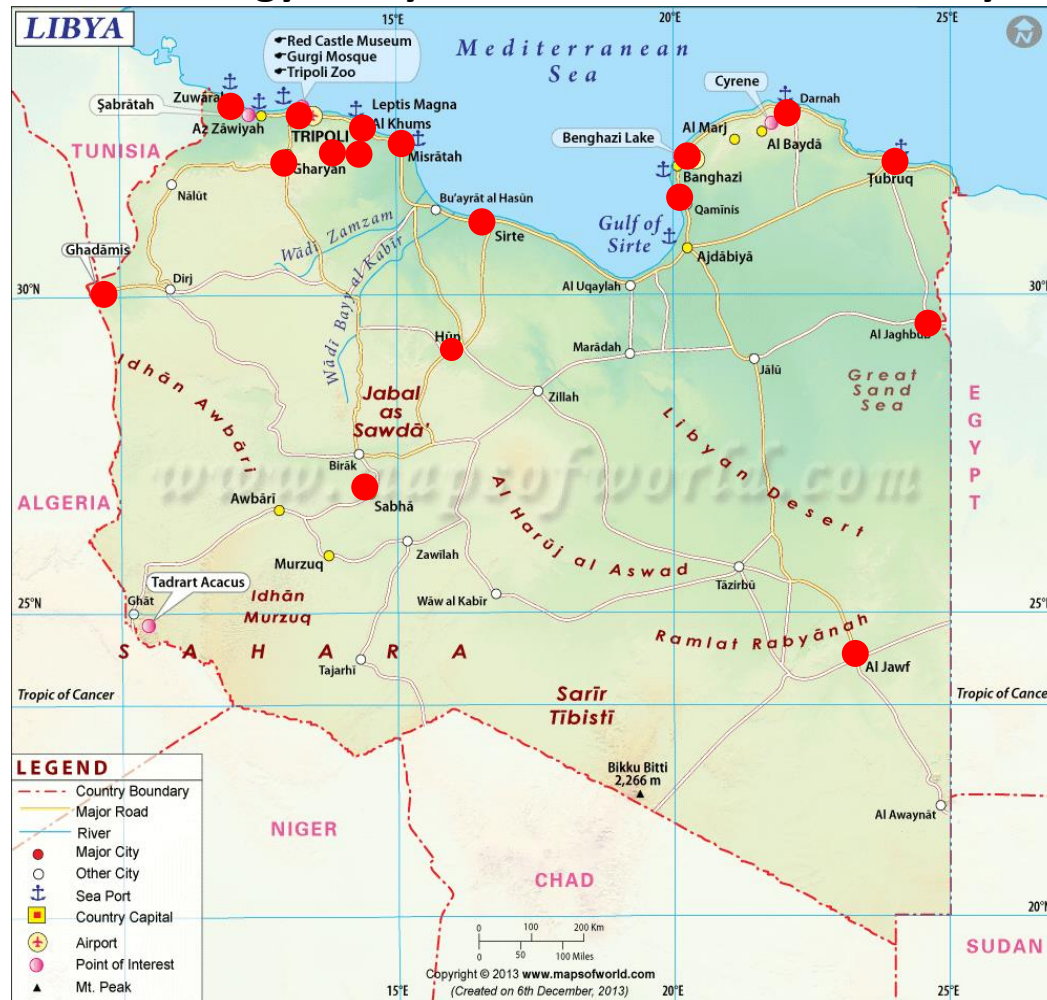
**Wind Energy
Modeling**

**Capacity Factor of
Wind Energy
Resources**

**Variability of
Wind Energy
Resources**

**Aggregation of
Wind Energy
Resources**

Wind Energy Analysis for Some Locations in Libya



9 Locations for Comparison of Wind Energy Modeling and Analysis:

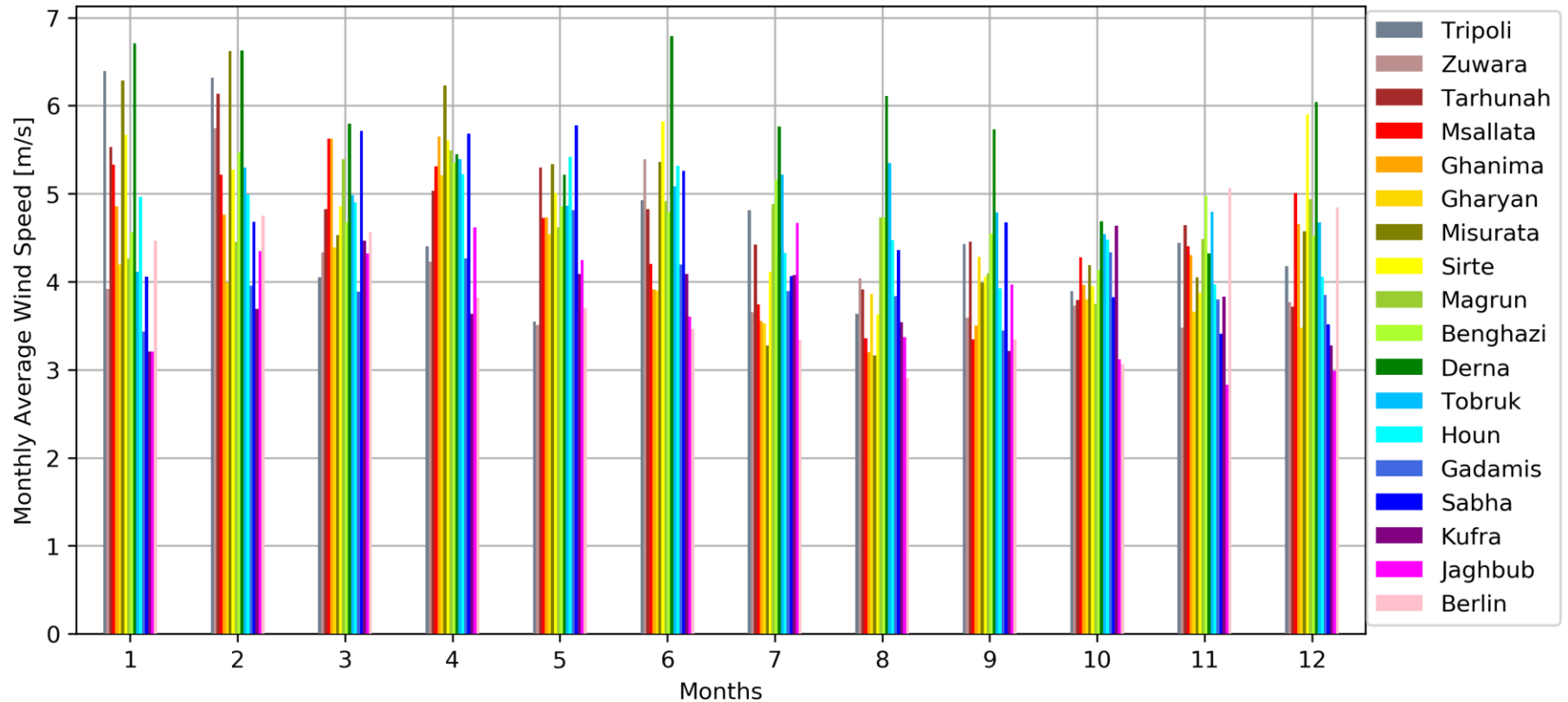
Tripoli, Misurata, Tarhunah, Ghanima, Msallata, Zuwara, Gharyan, Sirte, Benghazi, Magrun, Derna, Houn, Gadamis, Sabha, Kufra, Tobruk, Jaghbub

Typical Meteorological Year (TMY) data represents the weather for a "median year".

Data are retrieved from NREL's Developer Network: <https://developer.nrel.gov/>

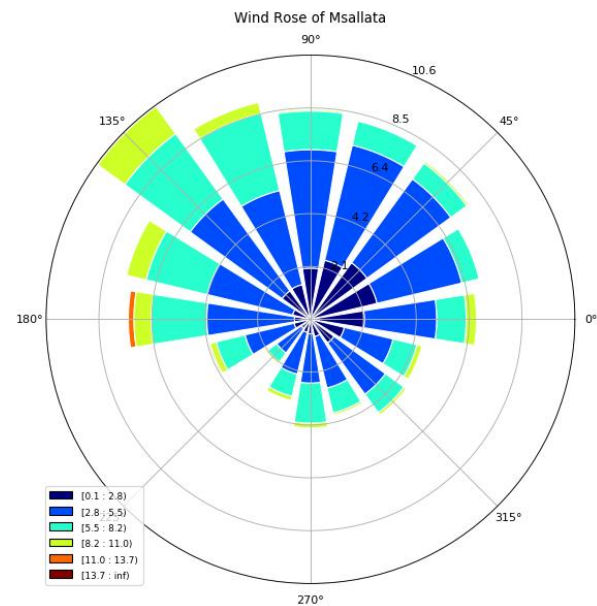
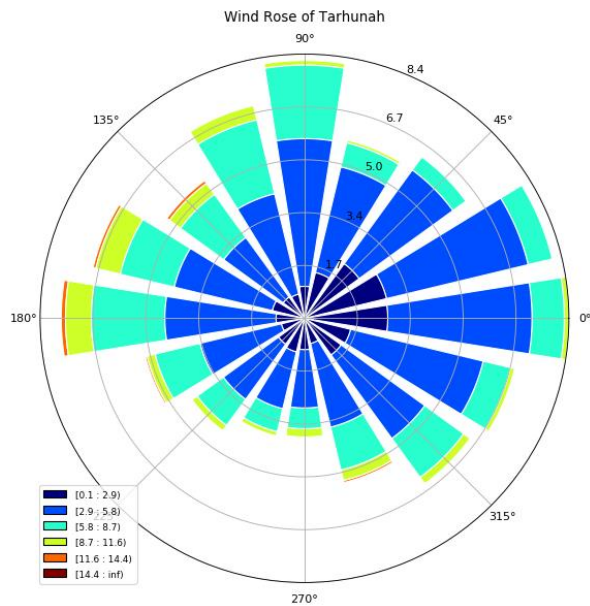
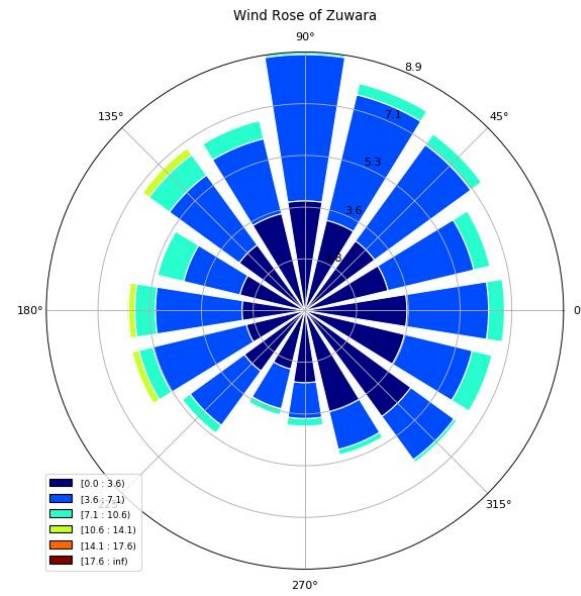
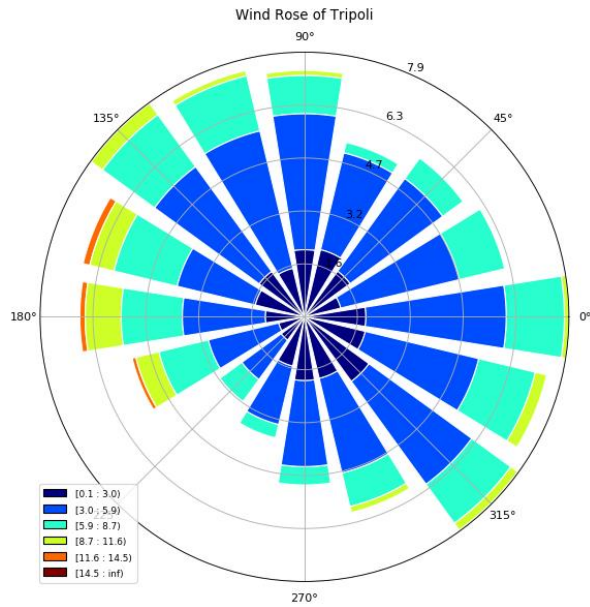
Comparison of Monthly Average Wind Speed (m/s) at Height of 10m

Berlin in Germany has been added just for sake of comparison.



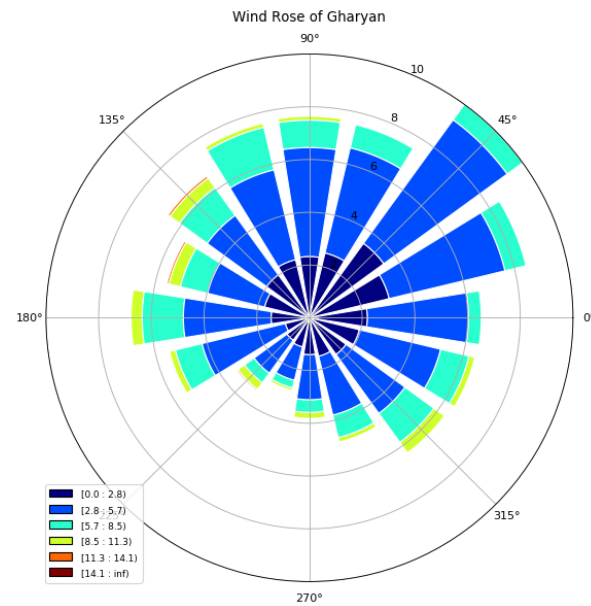
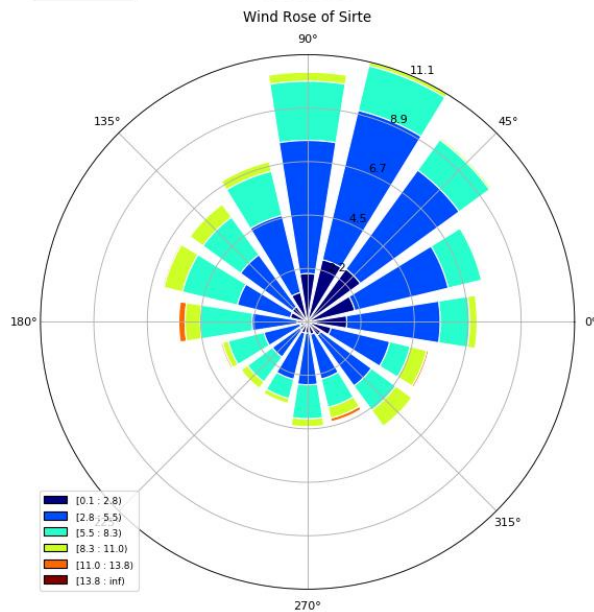
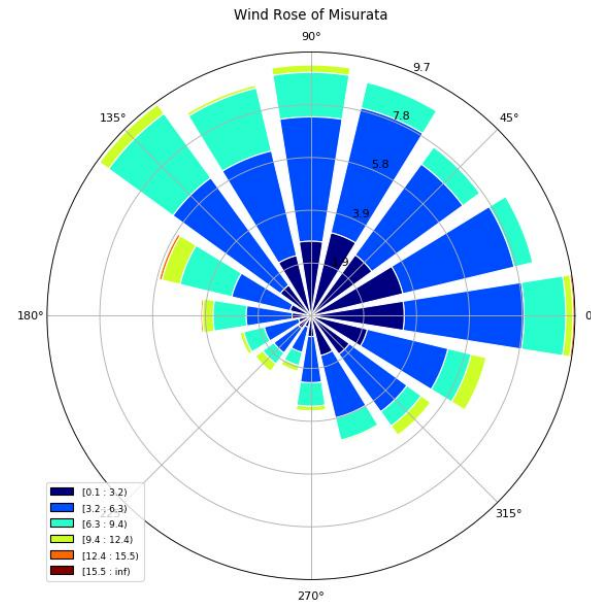
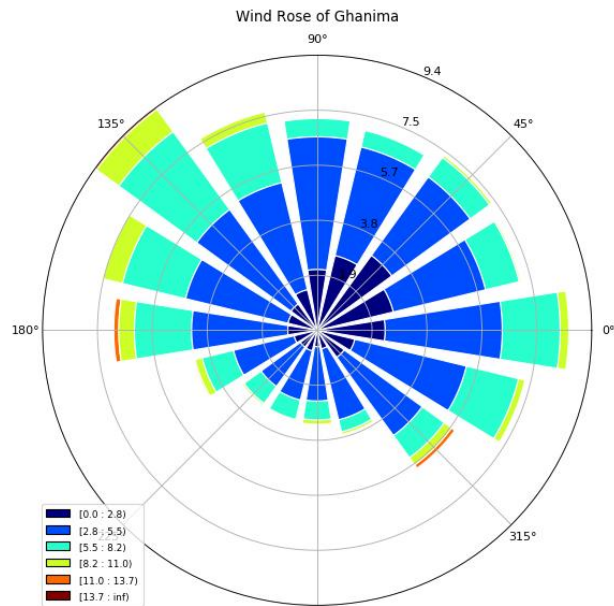
Comparison of Wind Roses (m/s) at Height of 10m

Wind Roses: Pie charts of wind speed and direction at each locations



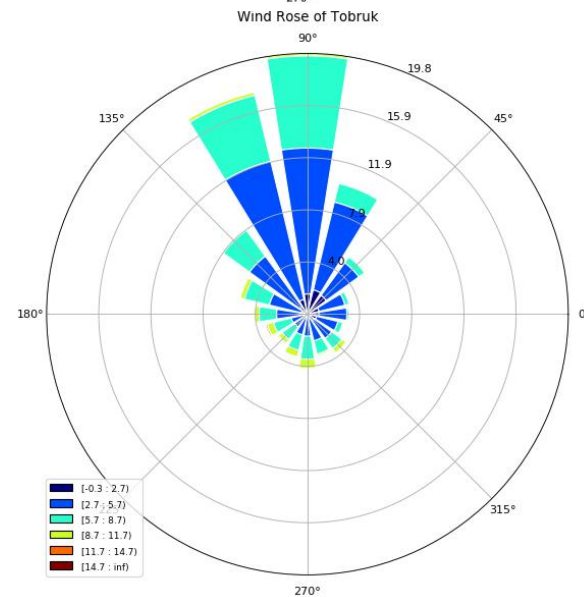
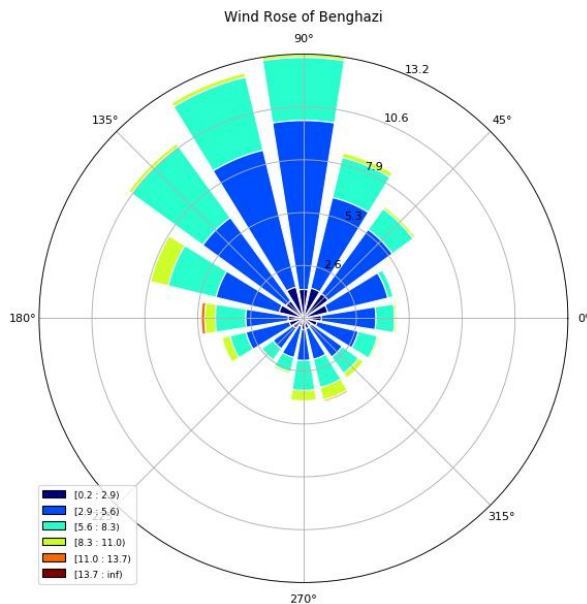
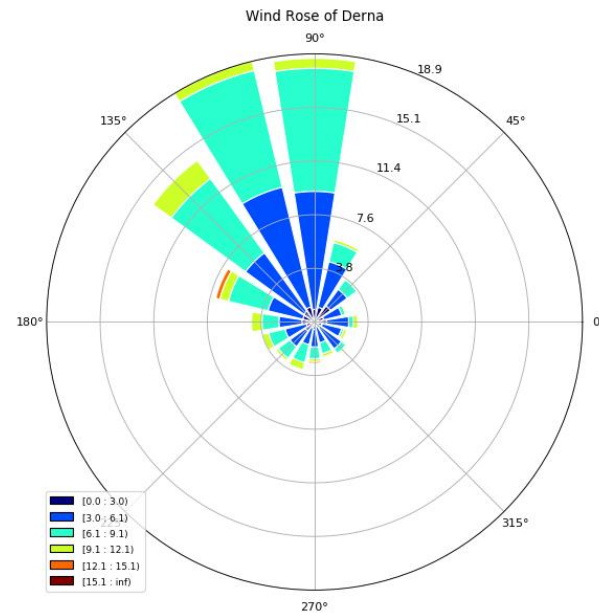
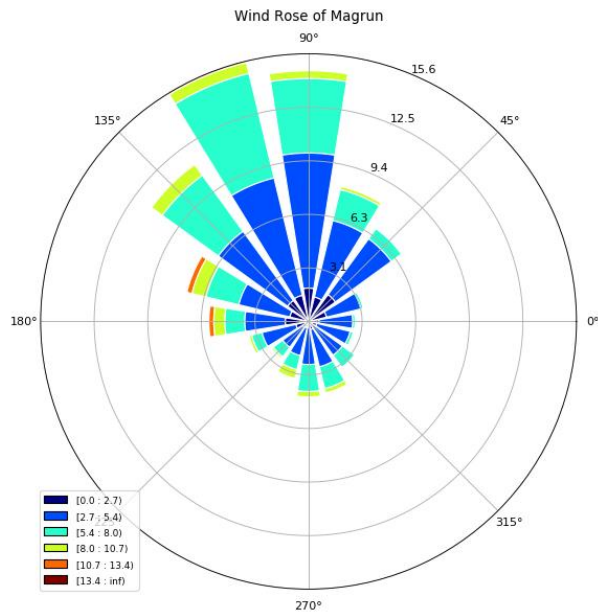
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Wind Roses: Pie charts of wind speed and direction at each locations



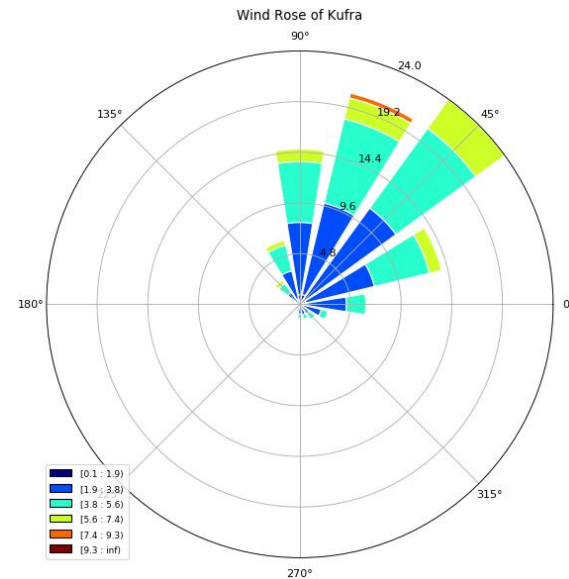
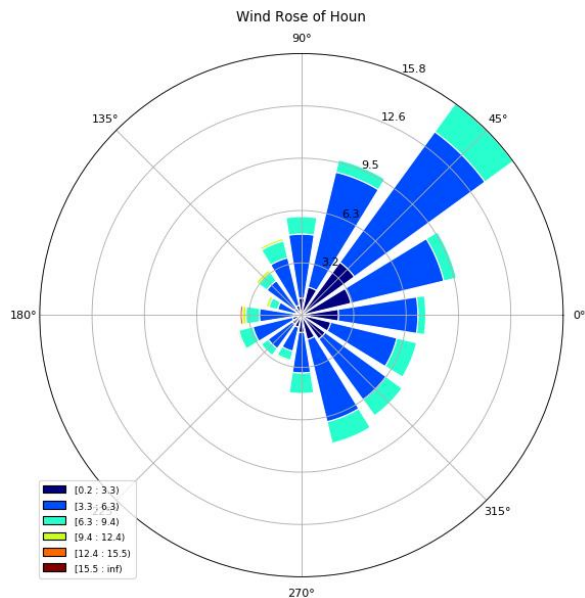
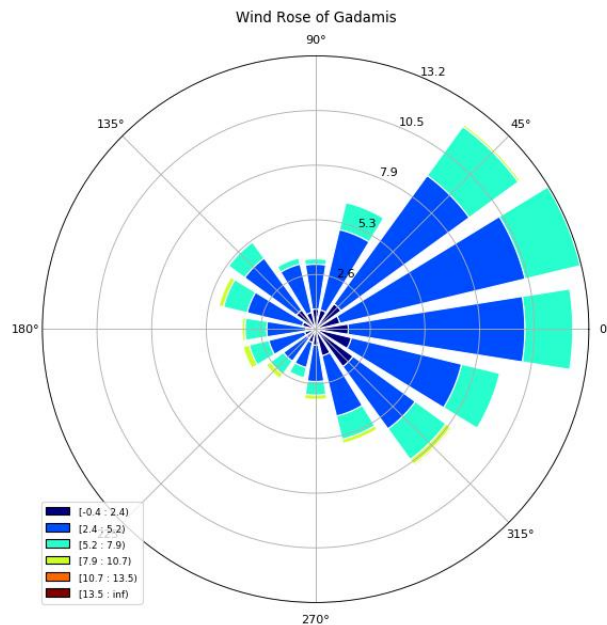
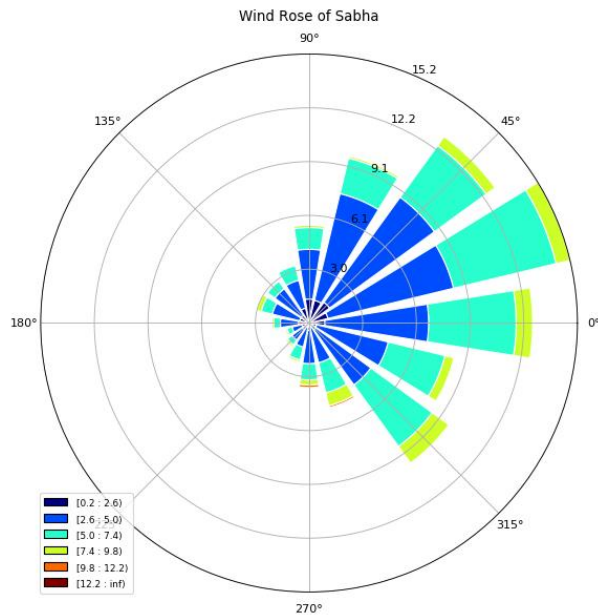
Comparison of Wind Roses (m/s) at Height of 10m

Wind Roses: Pie charts of wind speed and direction at each locations



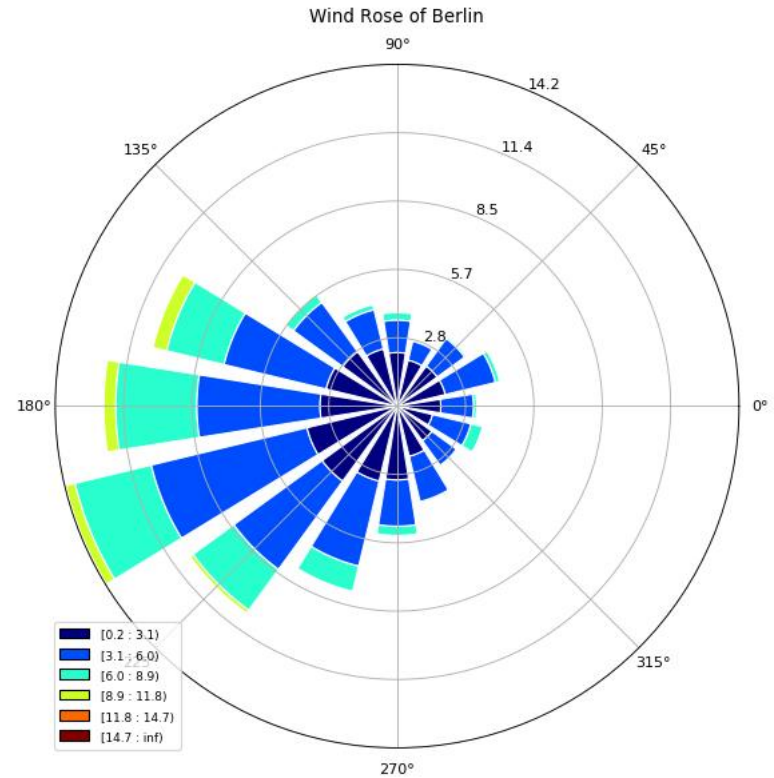
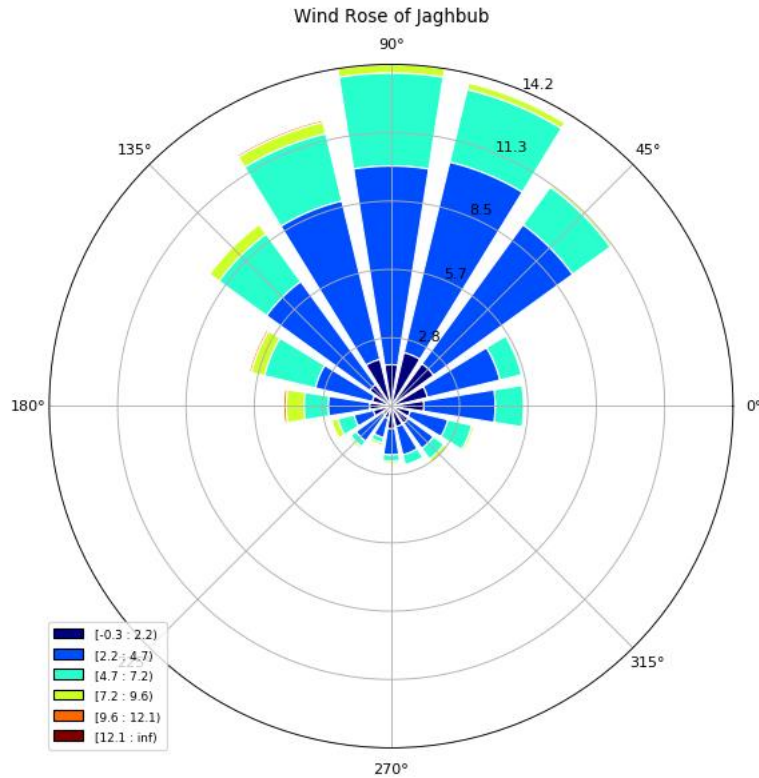
Comparison of Wind Roses (m/s) at Height of 10m

Wind Roses: Pie charts of wind speed and direction at each locations



Comparison of Wind Roses (m/s) at Height of 10m

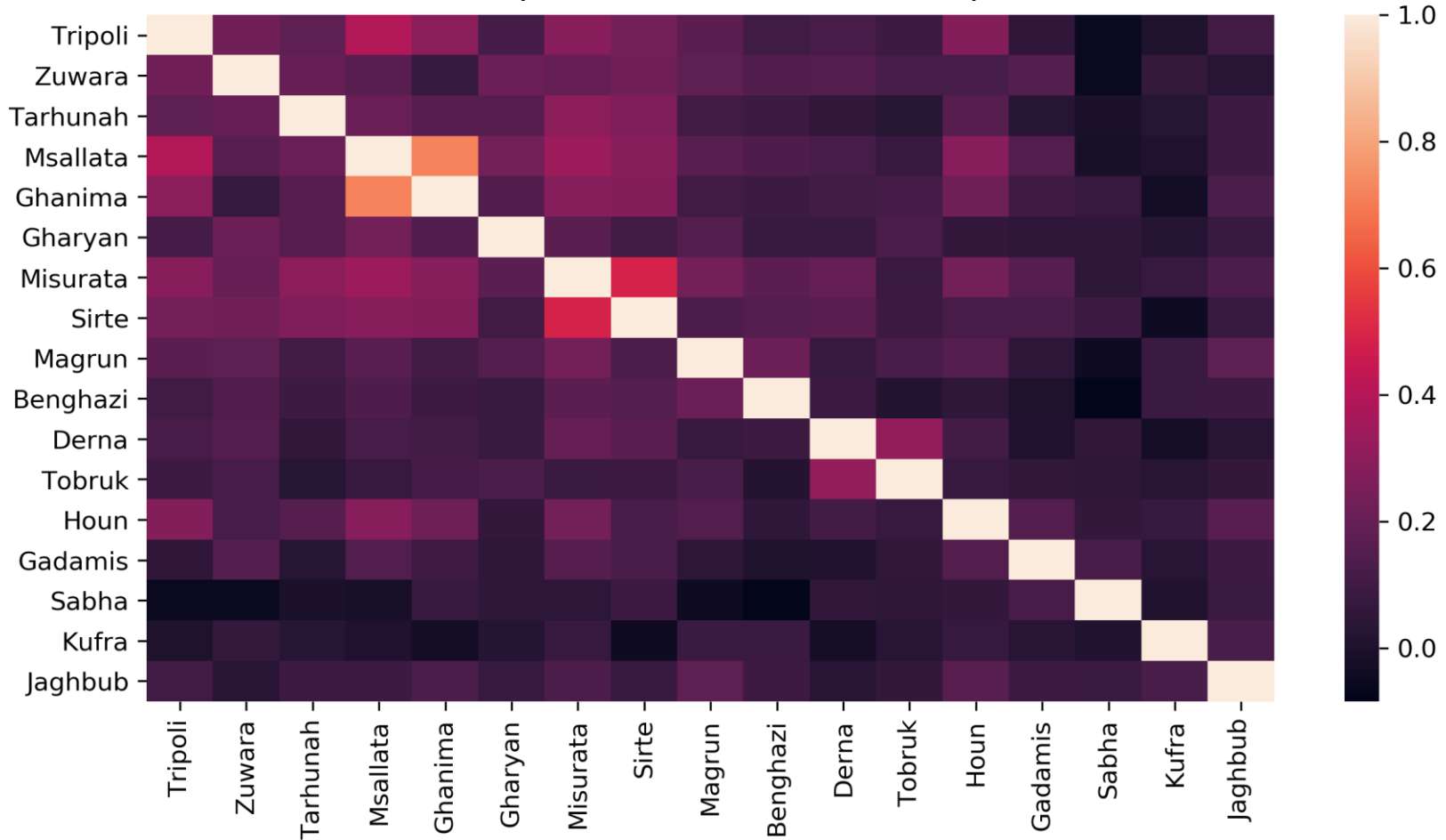
Wind Roses: Pie charts of wind speed and direction at each locations



Comparison of Wind Roses (m/s) at Height of 10m

Correlation of wind speeds

Heat map of correlations of wind speeds



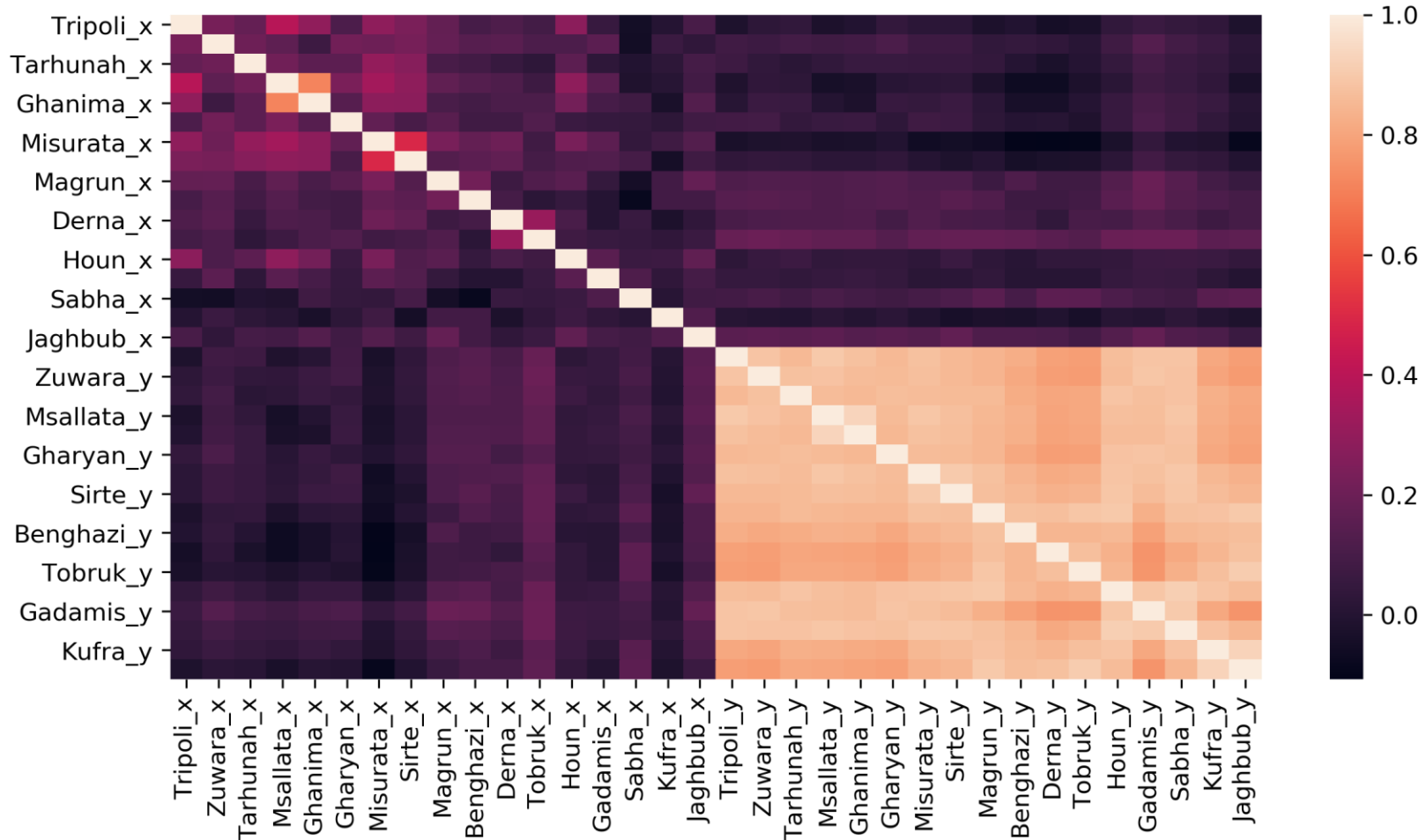
Comparison of Wind Roses (m/s) at Height of 10m

Correlation of wind speeds with solar global horizontal irradiance (GHI)

Wind speed variables as (location_x)

Solar irradiance variables as (location_y)

Heat map of correlations between wind speed and GHI

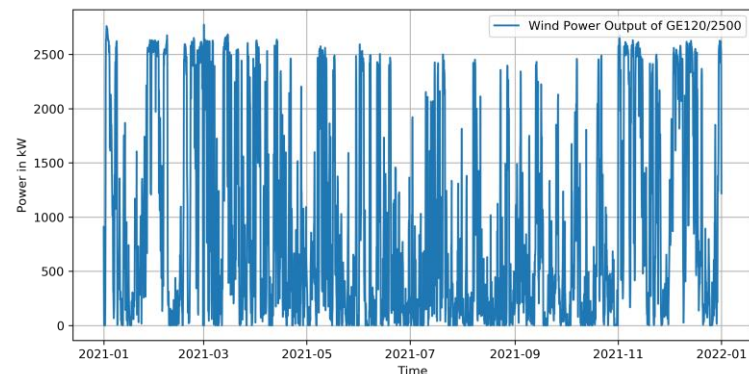


Modeling of Wind Energy

The wind power modeled from the wind speed at each location with a turbine at height of 100m. Using a wind turbine is GM120/2.5 https://www.thewindpower.net/turbine_en_592_ge-energy_2.5-120.php

General data

- Manufacturer: [GE Energy \(Etats-Unis\)](#)
- Model: 2.5-120
- Rated power: 2,500 kW
- Rotor diameter: 120 m
- No more available
- Wind class: IEC TC IIIs (DiBT WZII)
- Offshore model: no
- Swept area: 11,310 m²
- Specific area: 4.53 m²/kW
- Number of blades: 3
- Power control: Pitch
- Commissioning: 2014



Rotor

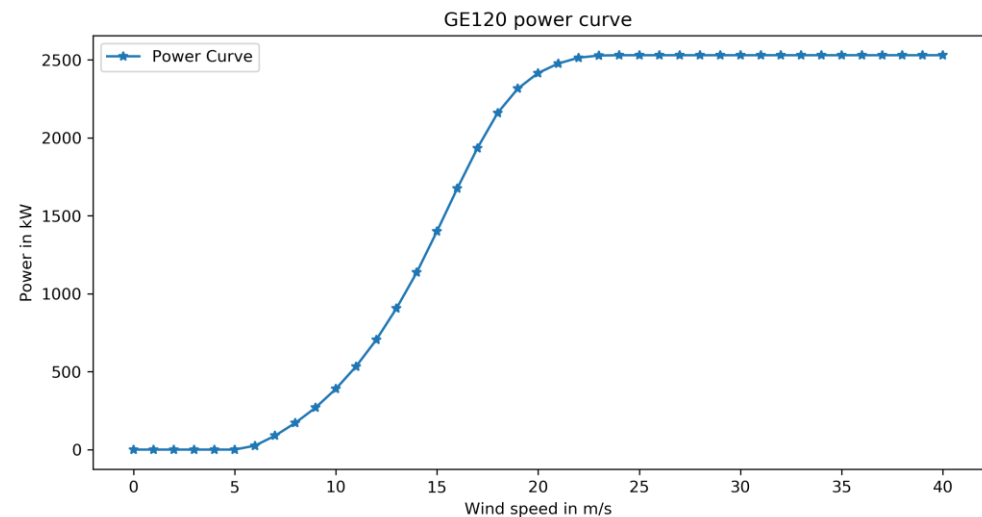
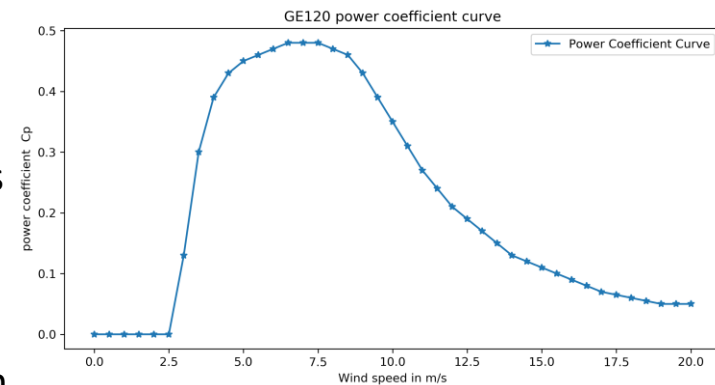
- Cut-in wind speed: 3 m/s
- Rated wind speed: 12 m/s
- Cut-off wind speed: 20 m/s

Generator

- Type: DFIG

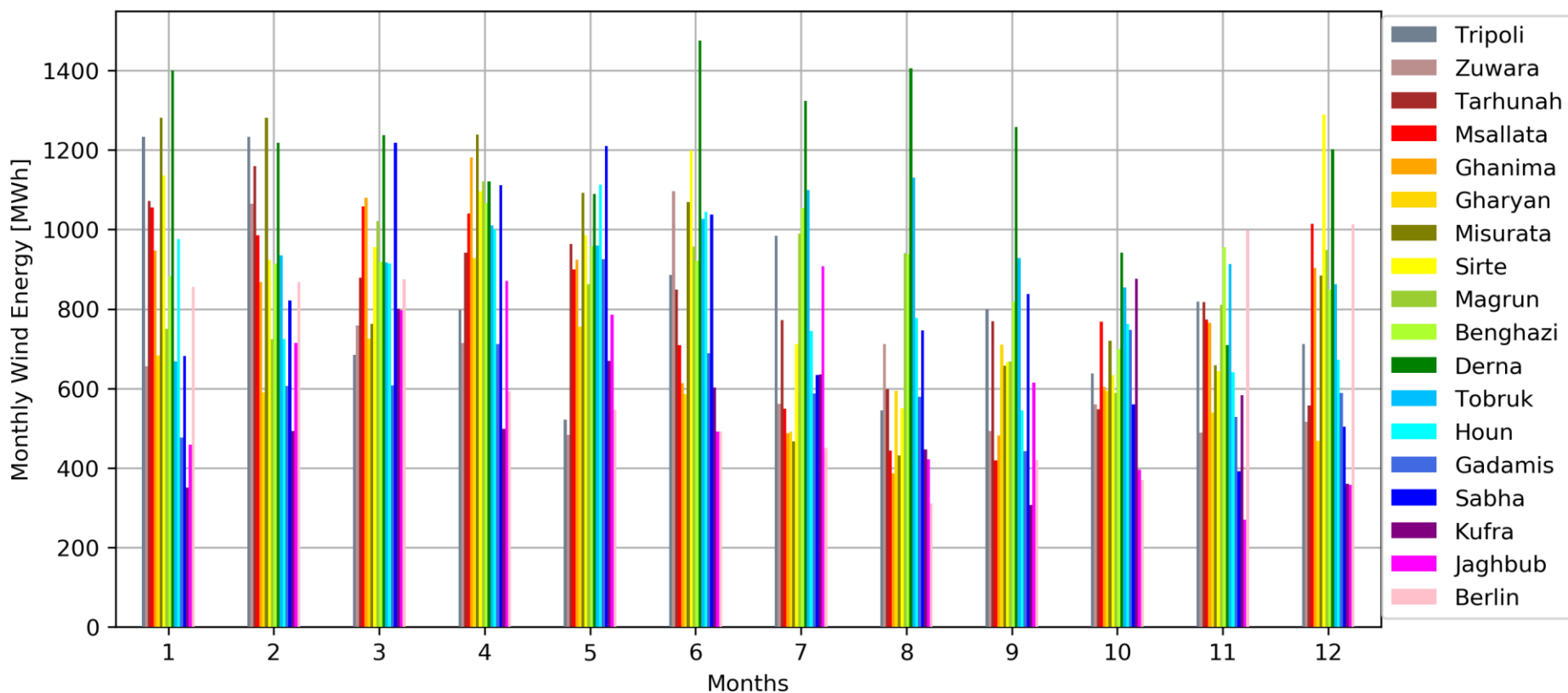
Tower

- Minimum hub height: 85 m
- Maximum hub height: 139 m



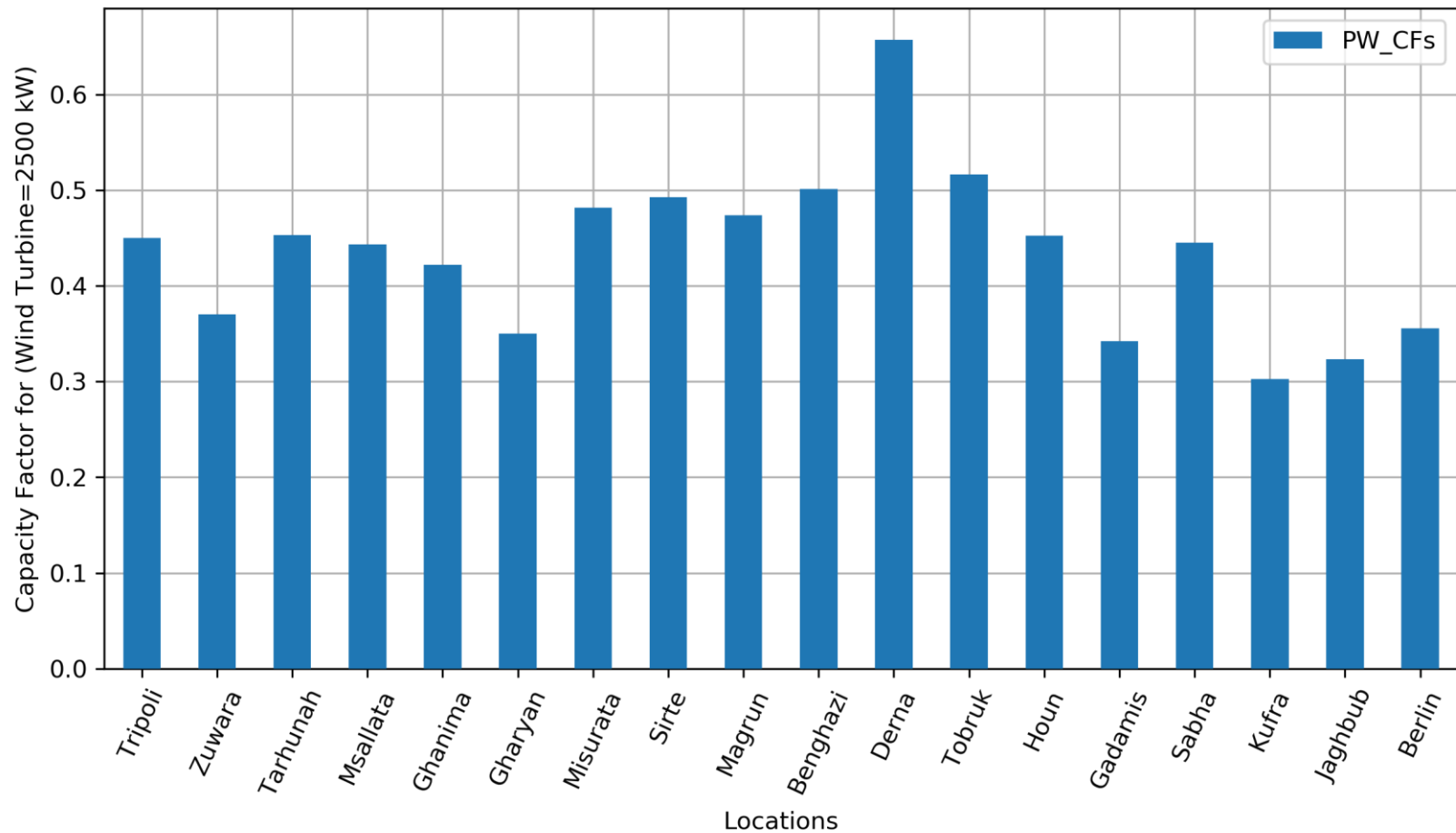
Comparison of Accumulated Wind Energy (MWh) at Height of 100m

Berlin in Germany has been added just for sake of comparison.



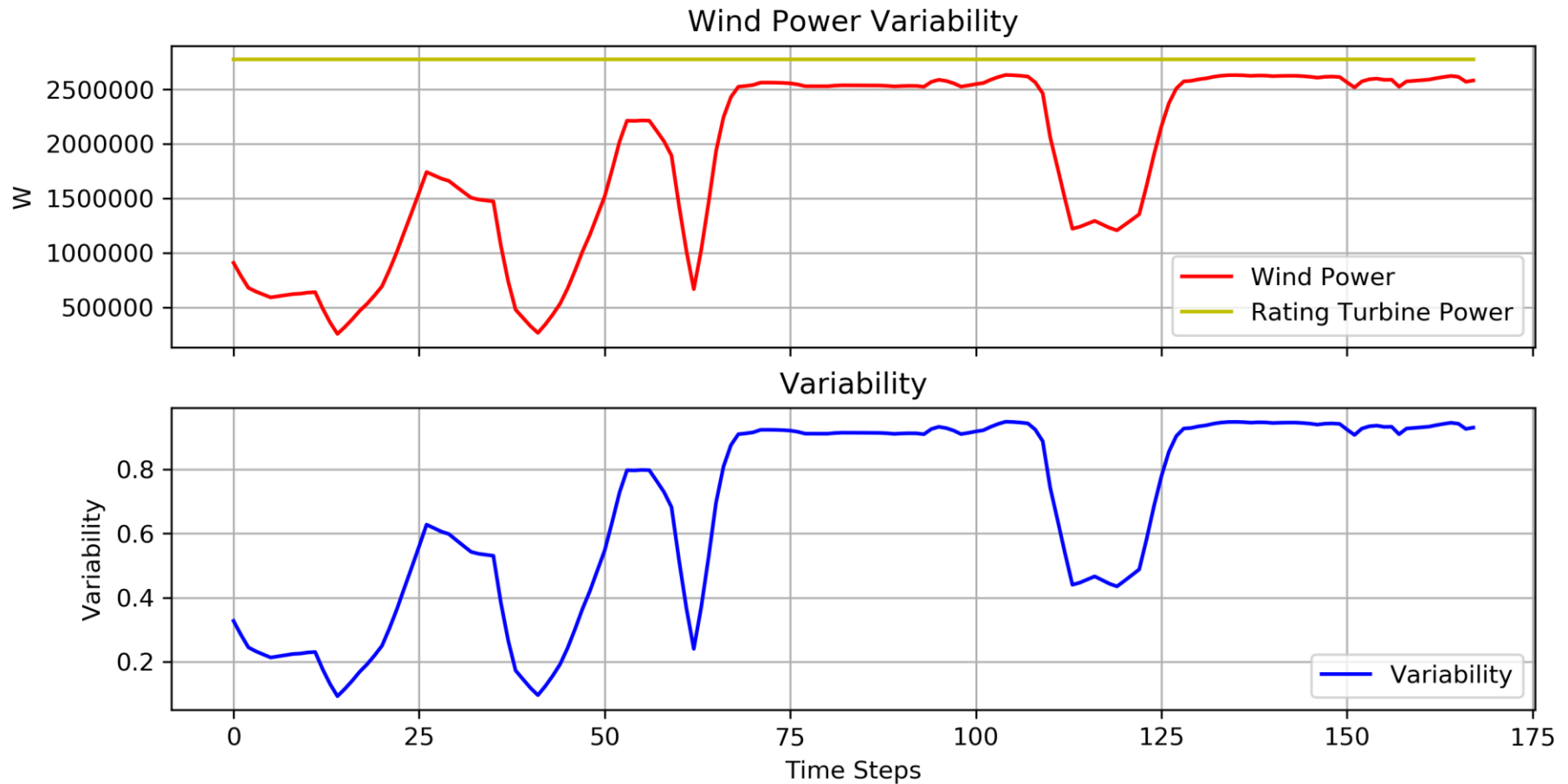
Comparison of Net Capacity Factors (NFC)

The Capacity Factor is calculated based on GE120/2500 Turbine at height of 100m



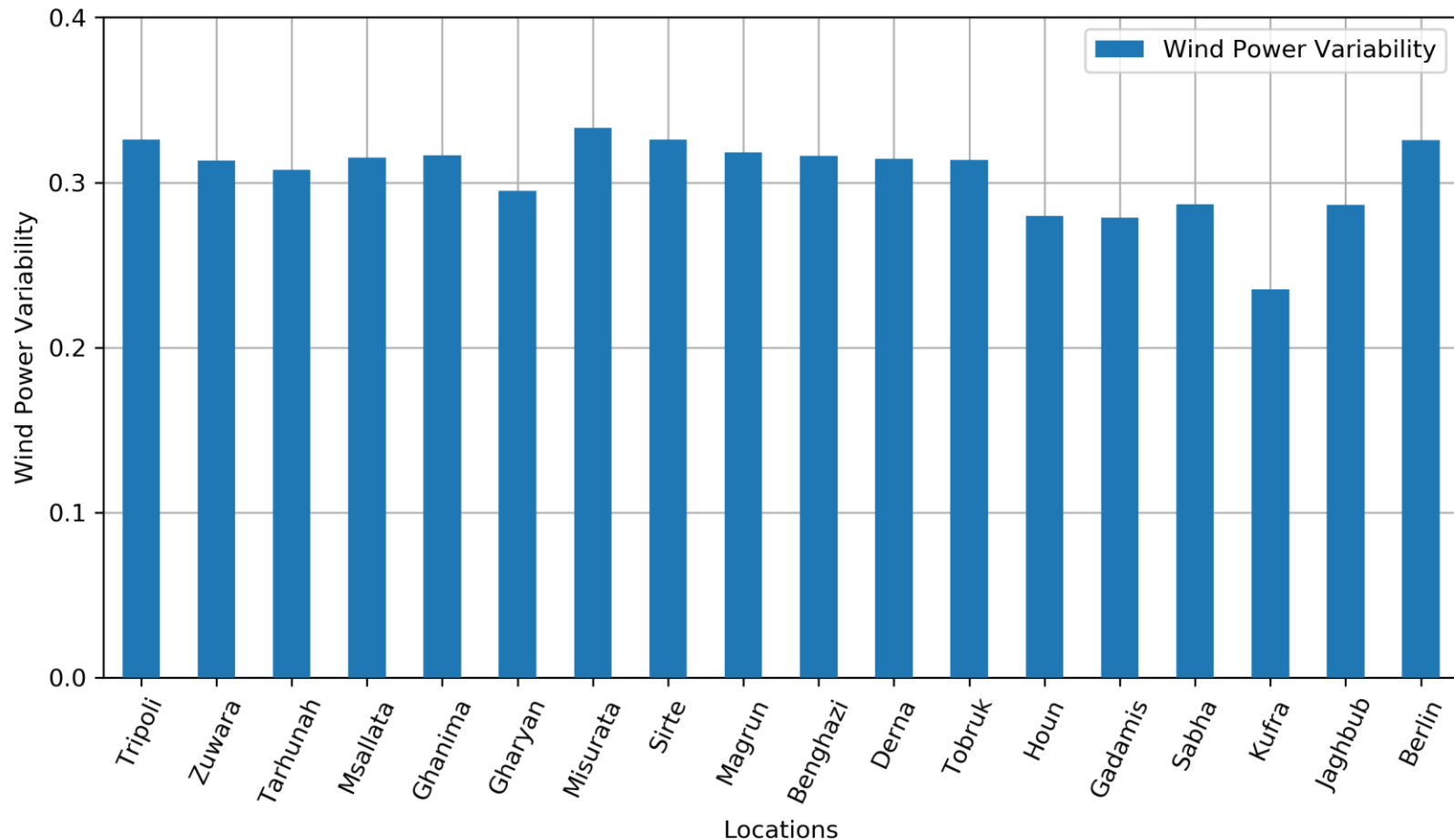
Comparison of Wind Power Variability

The variability of wind energy at a given location which is deviated from the wind power at rating power of the turbine 2500kW



Comparison of Wind Power Variability

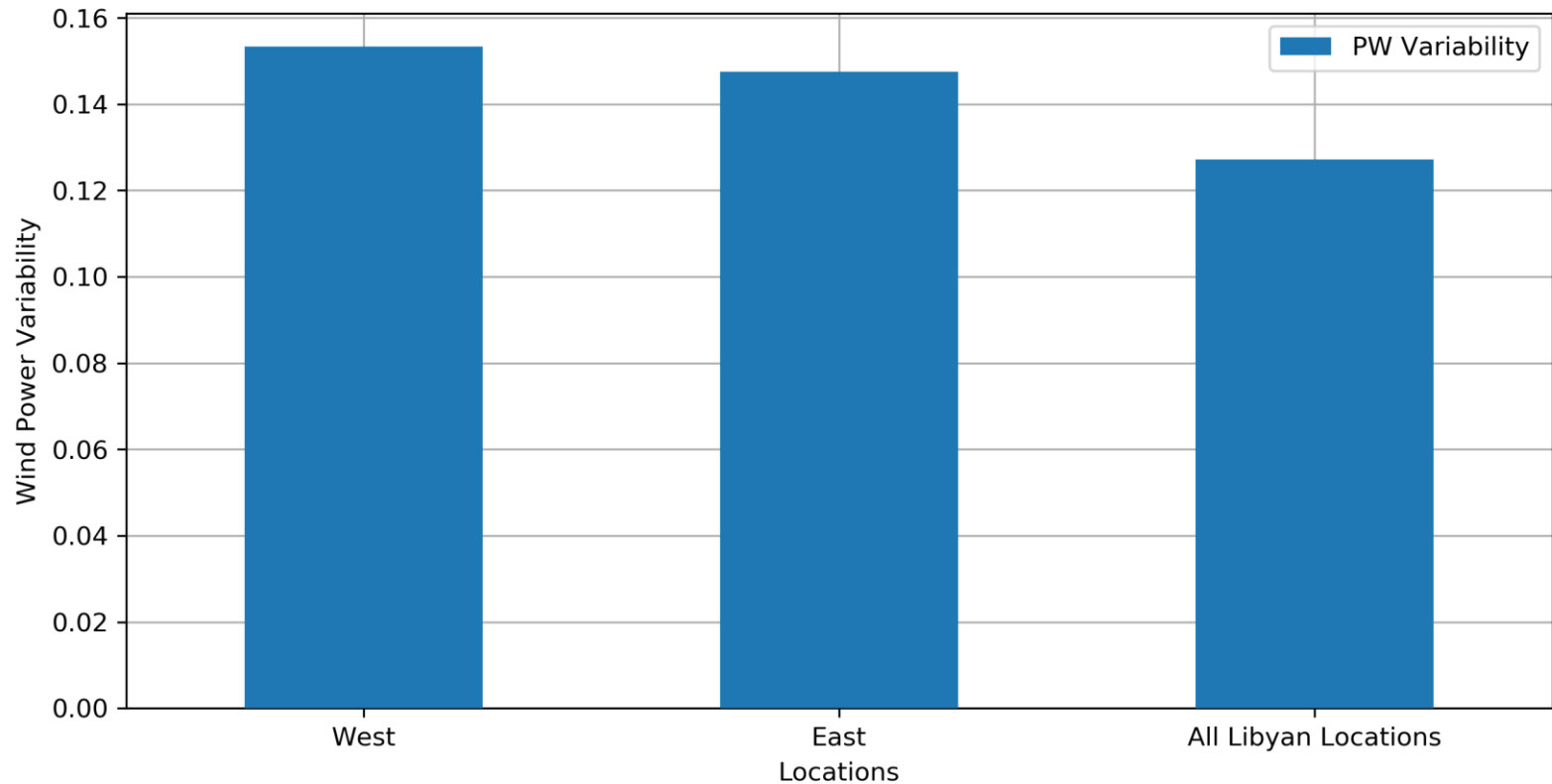
The variability of wind energy at a given location which is deviated from the wind power at rating power of the turbine 2500kW



Comparison of Aggregated Wind Power Variability

The wind resources are aggregated based to their locations:

- West Region: Tripoli, Misurata, Tarhunah, Ghanima, Msallata, Zuwara, Gharyan, Sirte, Houn, Gadamis, Sabha.
- East Region: Benghazi, Magrun, Derna, Kufra, Tobruk, Jaghbub.
- All Locations: Tripoli, Misurata, Tarhunah, Ghanima, Msallata, Zuwara, Gharyan, Sirte, Benghazi, Magrun, Derna, Houn, Gadamis, Sabha, Kufra, Tobruk, Jaghbub.



Improvement of Variability Due to Aggregated Wind Resources

The wind resources are aggregated based to their locations:

- West Region: Tripoli, Misurata, Tarhunah, Ghanima, Msallata, Zuwara, Gharyan, Sirte, Houn, Gadamis, Sabha.
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Improvement at Aggregated Locs = $(1 - (\text{Agg_var} / \text{min_Agg_Var@Region})) * 100$

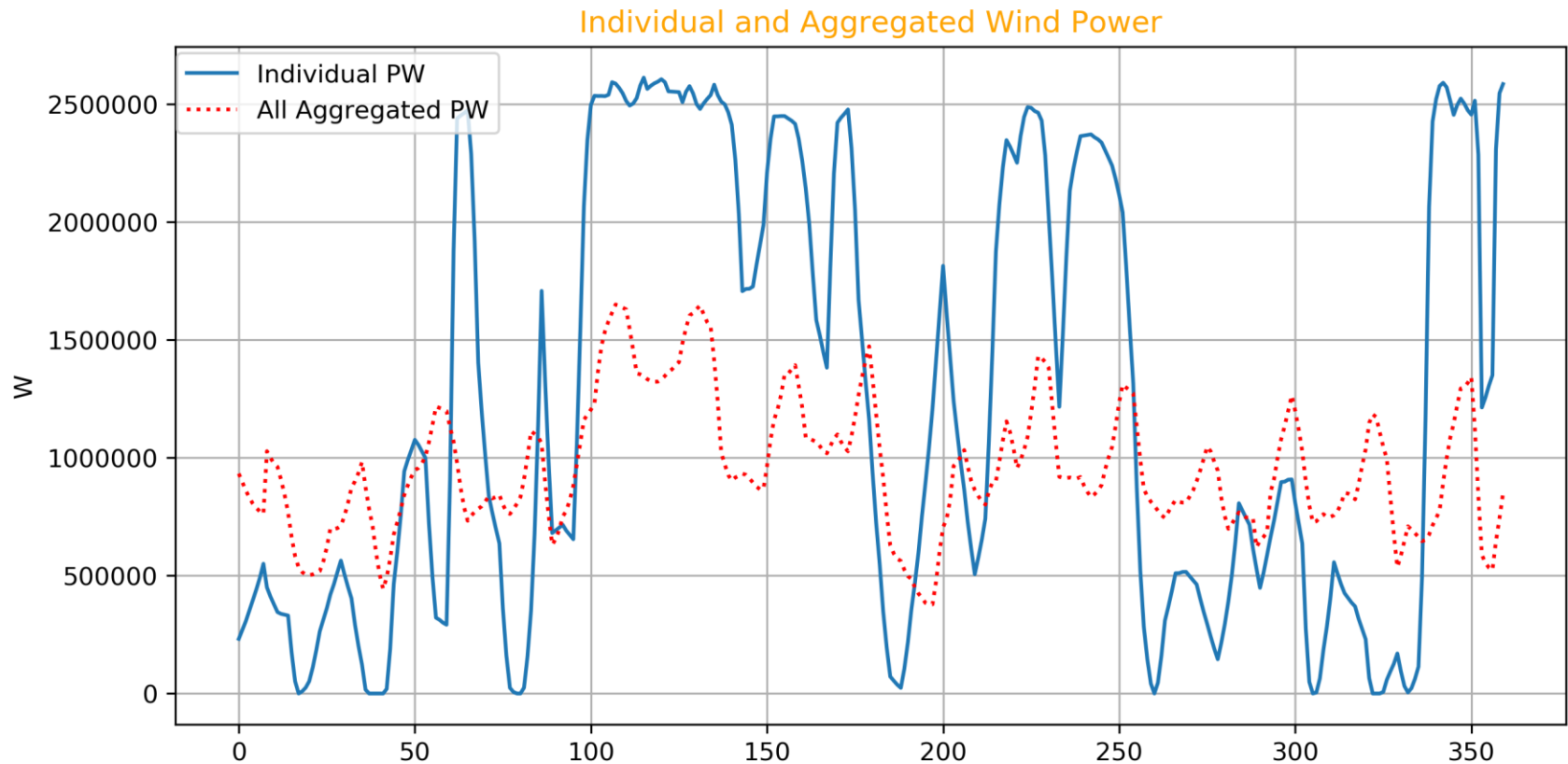
Improvement (%)	Agg vs. Best West	Agg vs. Best East	Agg vs. Best All
West	44.93%	34.75%	34.75%
East	47.06%	37.27%	37.27%
All Libyan Locations	54.32%	45.88%	45.88%

Visualization of Aggregated Wind Power Variability

The wind resources are aggregated based to their locations:

- All Locations: Tripoli, Misurata, Tarhunah, Ghanima, Msallata, Zuwara, Gharyan, Sirte, Benghazi, Magrun, Derna, Houn, Gadamis, Sabha, Kufra, Tobruk, Jaghbub.

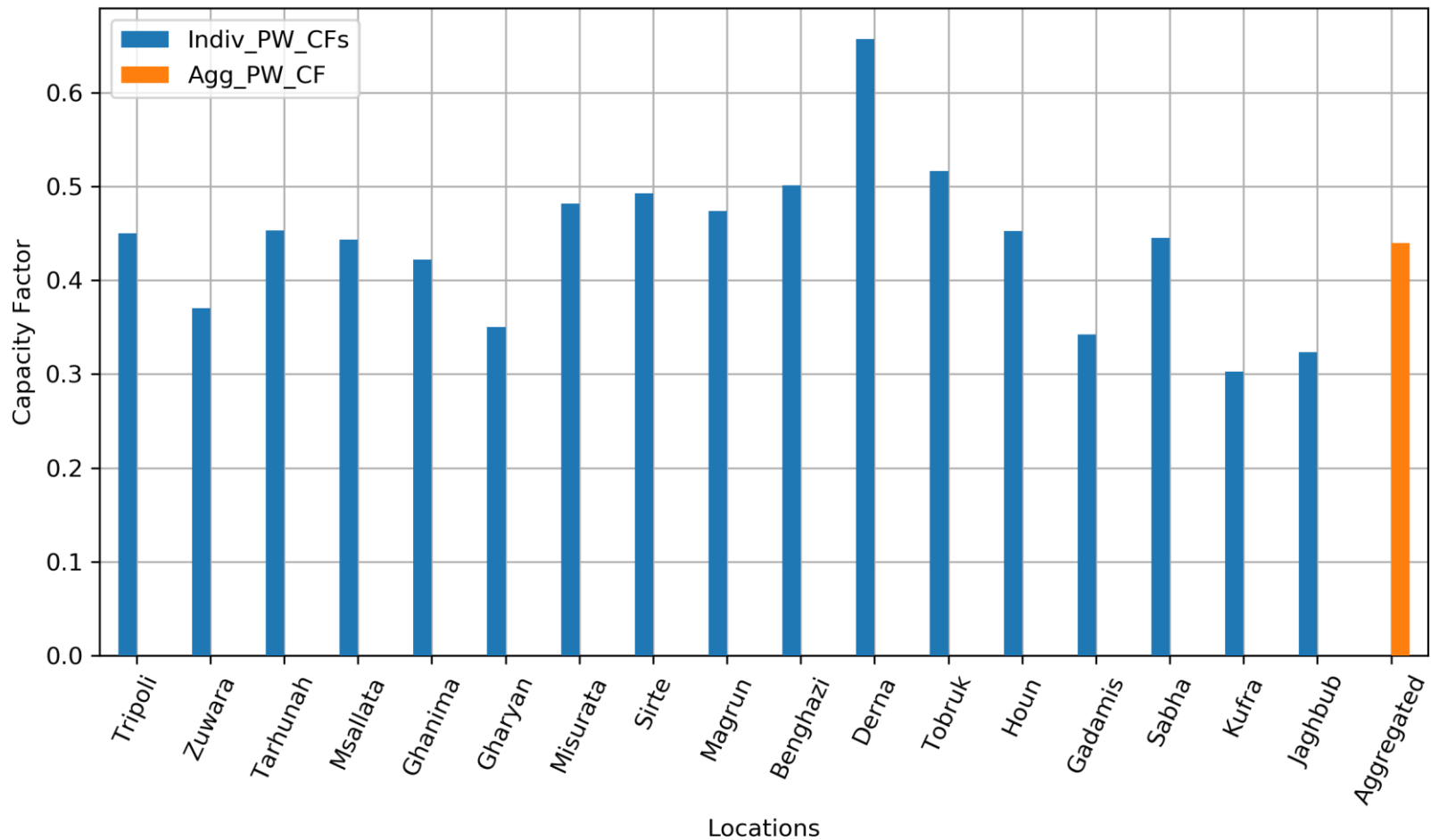
During days from January 1st to January 15th



Net Capacity Factor for Aggregated Locations

The aggregated net capacity factor for all aggregated locations:

- All Locations: Tripoli, Misurata, Tarhunah, Ghanima, Msallata, Zuwara, Gharyan, Sirte, Benghazi, Magrun, Derna, Houn, Gadamis, Sabha, Kufra, Tobruk, Jaghbub.



Conclusions

- In Libya, the eastern locations yield more wind energy, but the northern locations have a very good yielding compared to the southern locations.
- The average net capacity factor is about 0.43, and it can be considered relatively high for wind power plants.
- The variability of the northern locations is higher than the southern “Sahara” locations, which means a need for more auxiliary services at the northern region, such as more energy storage.
- The aggregation of West, East, and All locations leads to a reduction in the variability and averaging the capacity factor.
- Aggregation different wind plants from various regions can lead to more enhancement in wind power deployment.

Thanks for Listening

Any Question?

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<https://mohamedabuella.github.io>



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