Welcome!

NOSQL CONCEPTS



Miriam Antona Software engineer



Topics covered

- Chapter 1: NoSQL vs relational databases / key-value databases
- Chapter 2: Document databases
- Chapter 3: Column family databases
- Chapter 4: Graph databases

About the course

Conceptual course (no coding required)



NoSQL vs relational databases

Relational databases

- Use tables/rows/columns
- Need a predefined schema/complicated to change
- Slow queries when joining multiple tables
- Vertically scalable
 - scale by adding more power (e.g. CPU, RAM...)
 - more expensive
- Guarantee ACID transactions
- Typically closed source

NoSQL

- Originally non-SQL/non-relational
- Not only SQL
- Non-relational databases
- Don't use tables/rows/columns
- Schema-less/easy changes
- Fast queries
- Horizontal scalable/cheaper
- Most don't support ACID transactions
- Open source

NoSQL vs relational databases

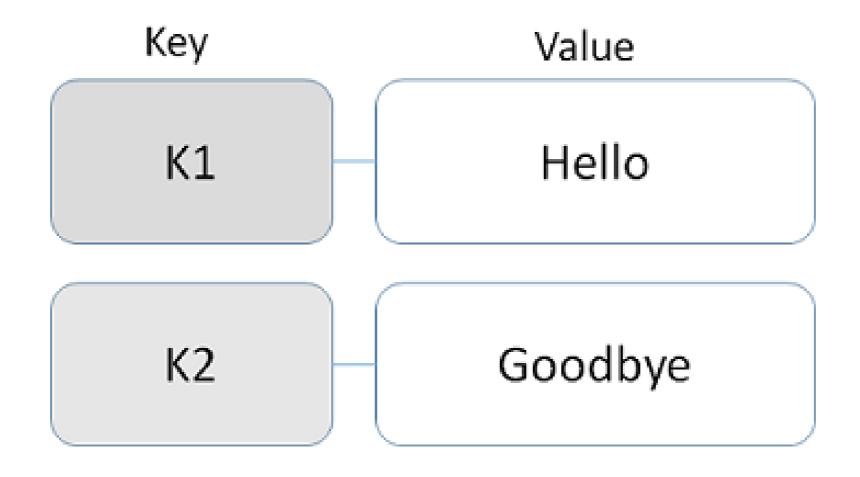
- Are complementary
- Can coexist

Types of NoSQL databases

- Key-value databases
- Document databases
- Column family databases
- Graph databases

Key-value databases

- Simplest NoSQL databases
- Get/Set values with associated key



Key

- Examples:
 - DataCampCourse:123:name
 - Client456
 - 123456789
 - nosql@courses.me
 - C09113276F59B26EF3394D90CD31BAA9C

- Any binary sequence
- Unique
- Can be generated by algorithms
- No long keys

Value

- Associated with a key
- Retrieve, set, delete a value by key
- Numbers, strings, JSON, images...
- Size restrictions

Value

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key	value
dataCampCourses:123:name	Cleaning data in a SQL Server database
dataCampCourses:123:softLaunchDate	10/01/2020
user:12:address	('123 Sesame Street', 'NY')
user:125:address	{"street": "123 Sesame Street", "city": "NY"}

Datazy example User preferences

key	value
user:457:preferences	{"language": "en_US", "color": "green", "timezone": "GTM-4"}
user:458:preferences	{"language" : "es_US" , "color" : "blue" , "timezone" : "GTM+2"}

- Convention (:)
 - user:id:preferences

Popular key-value databases





DynamoDB







Let's practice!

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Advantages and limitations of key-value databases

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Advantages - very simple

- Key-value tuple
- No defined schema/types
- Basic operations:
 - Put
 - inserts a new key-value tuple
 - updates a value if the key already exists
 - Get
 - returns the value by a given key
 - Delete
 - removes a key and its value
- Fast operations

Advantages - flexible

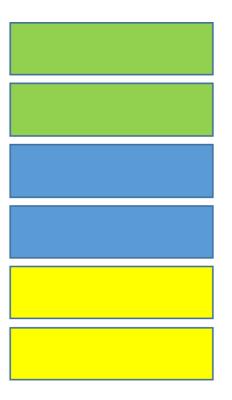
- Allow changes in data types
 - o userID:123 = 123456
 - o userID:123 = "Miriam"
- Add additional attributes

```
o user:457:preferences = {"language" : "en:US"}
user:457:preferences = {"language" : "en:US", "color" : "green", "timezone"
o :"GTM-4"}
```

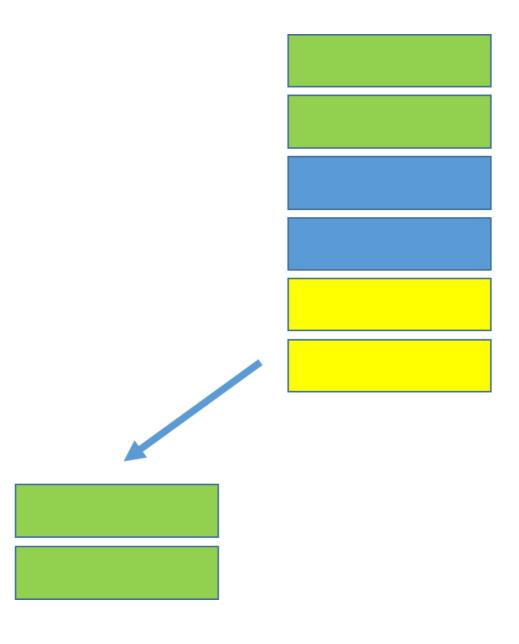
Advantages - information stored in memory

- Fast reads/writes
- Can lose data
- Combination of disk and memory persistence

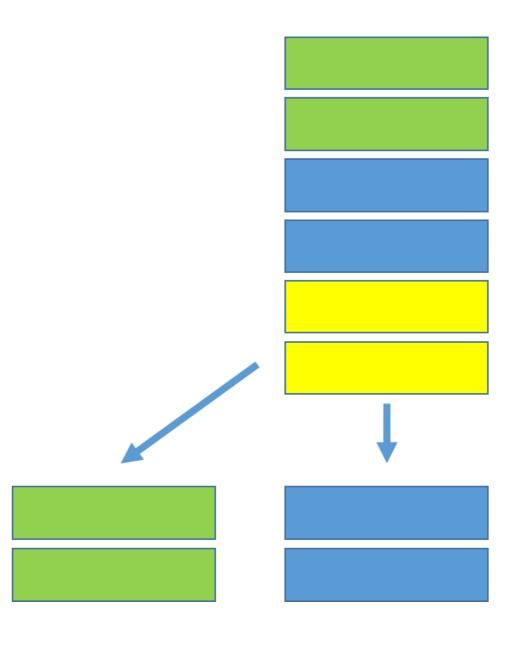
- Can scale horizontally
- Sharding
 - distributes different parts of the data across multiple servers



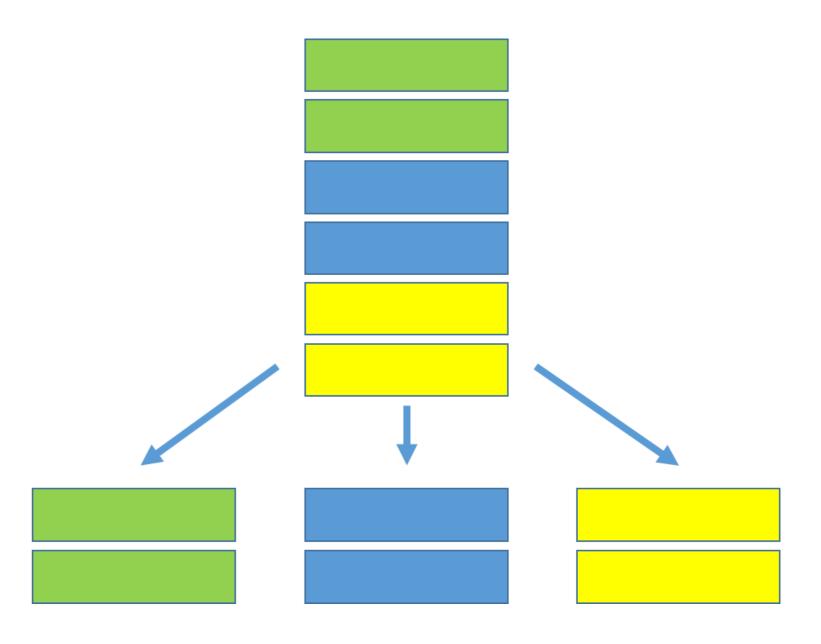
- Can scale horizontally
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- Can scale horizontally
- Sharding
 - distributes different parts of the data across multiple servers



Limitations

- Just search by key
 - Problem if we don't know the key
 - Some key-value databases added functionalities
 - search by value
 - add secondary indexes
 - search by several keys simultaneously
 - Not complex queries

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When to use keyvalue databases

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- User sessions
 - key: session ID
 - value: session information



- User profiles and user preferences
 - key: user ID
 - value: user profile/preferences



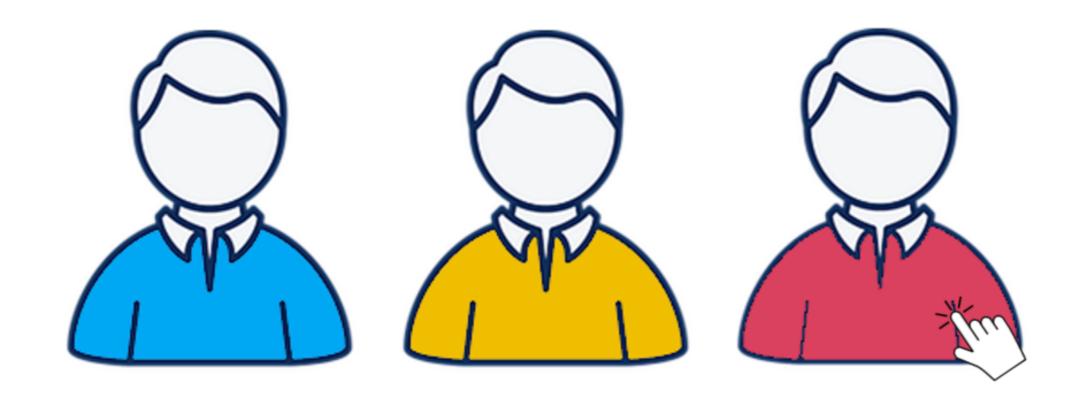
- language
- color
- timezone

- Shopping carts
 - key: user ID
 - value: shopping cart information



Real-time recommendations

You may also like



Advertising



- Store the information as the value in a single object
- Information is saved with one operation

```
SET user:457:preferences {"language":"en_US","color":"green","timezone":"GTM-4"}
```

Information is retrieved with one operation

```
GET user:457:preferences
```

Fast

Unsuitable cases

• Search data by its value



Unsuitable cases

Search data by its value

key	value
user:1:address	{"street": "123 Sesame Street", "city": "New York City"}
user:2:address	{"street": "742 Evergreen Terrace", "city": "Springfield"}
user:3:address	{"street": "221b Baker Street", "city": "London"}
user:4:address	{"street": "4 Privet Drive", "city": "Little Whinging"}
•••	•••

Related data

Let's practice!

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Redis case study

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Redis - overview

- Remote Dictionary Server
- Popular key-value database
- Fast in-memory data structure store
 - In-memory dataset
 - Also allows to persist data to disk
- Used as:
 - Database
 - Cache
 - Message broker



- Open source
- Redis Labs: 400+ employees

Redis - data structures

• Strings

SET name Ann

• Lists

RPUSH my_numbers 1 2 3

Sets

SADD my_set 1 2 3

Hashes

HMSET user:123 name Ann surname Smith

• ...

Redis - data structures

• Strings

SET name Ann

• Lists

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•

¹ https://www.redis.io/commands



Redis - features

- Atomic operations
- Transactions
- Lua scripting for complex operations
- Programming languages: Python, R, C#, Java, JavaScript, PHP...
- Asynchronous replication

Redis - popular uses

- Caching (query results, images, files...)
- Session storage (user profiles, credentials...)
- Chatting, messaging, and queues (chat rooms, real-time comments, social media feeds...)
- Real-time analytics (social media analytics, advertisement)
- Gaming leaderboards (ranked lists in real-time)
- etc.

Redis - on the cloud

- Amazon Web Services Elasticache for Redis
- Microsoft Azure Cache for Redis in Azure
- Alibaba ApsaraDB for Redis in Alibaba Cloud

Redis - customers











Editoo case study



- Small business
- Online tool to create custom magazines
 - personal
 - business

Problem:

- **High latency** due to more people using the application
- Their RDBMS couldn't handle that increase

Solution: Use Redis

- Store user sessions
- Caching database queries

Editoo case study

Results:

- Reduction in downtime
- Higher performance
- Future migrations from its relational databases into Redis

Editoo case study

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- Higher performance
- Future migrations from its relational databases into Redis

¹ https://redislabs.com/case-studies/



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