EXCELFOR ANALYTICS

THE ULTIMATE GUIDE

ALL SHORTCUTS + FUNCTIONS FEATURED IN THE PRACTICUM FOR



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SHORTCUTS

GENERALLY HELPFUL









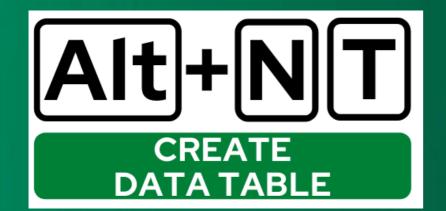


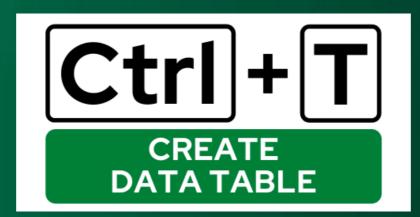






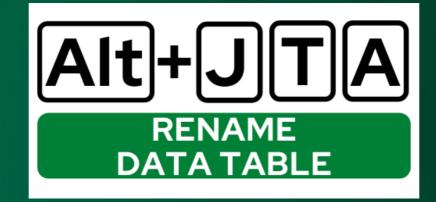


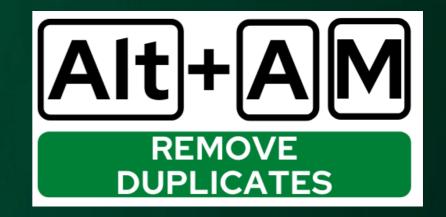








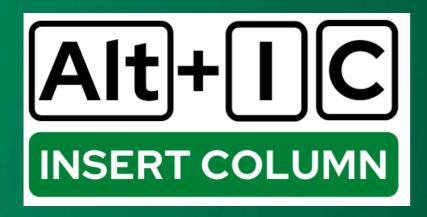




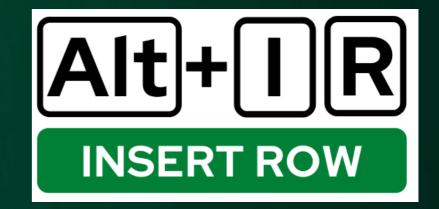








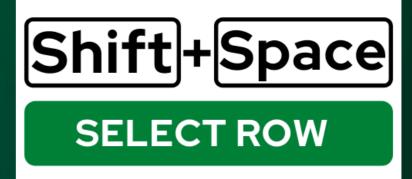


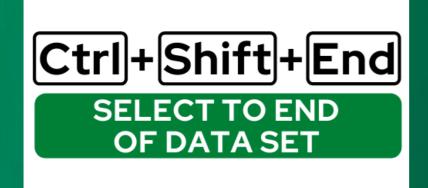


SHORTCUTS SELECTION + NAVIGATION



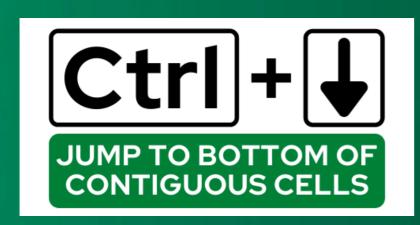










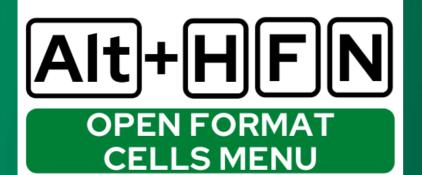






SHORTCUTS

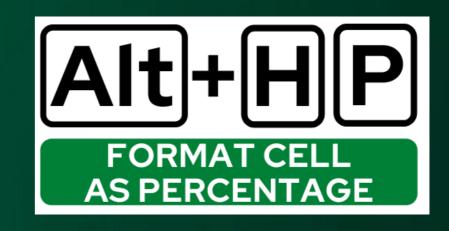
FORMATTING













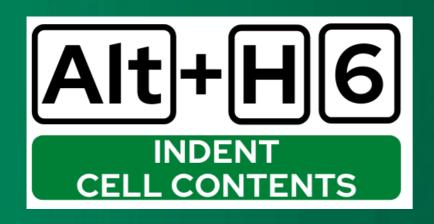


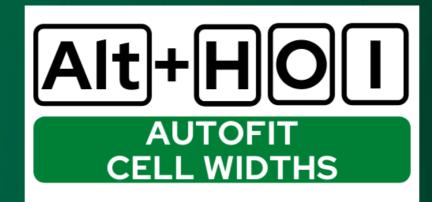








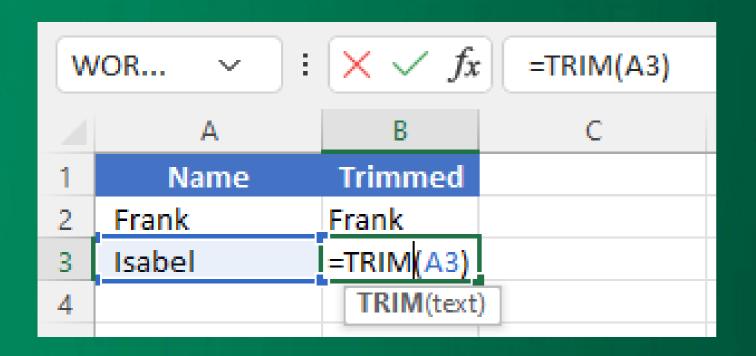






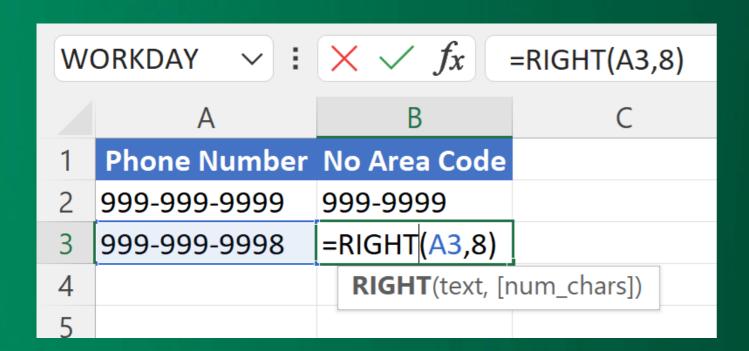
FUNCTIONS

CLEANING



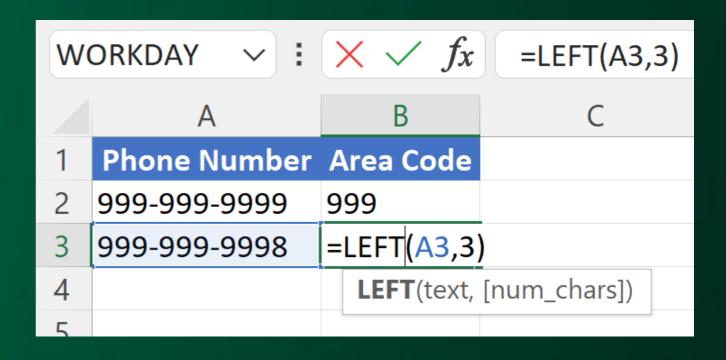
TRIM: Used in data cleaning to remove leading or trailing blanks that are often difficult to see in the source data

Syntax: TRIM(Cell Reference)



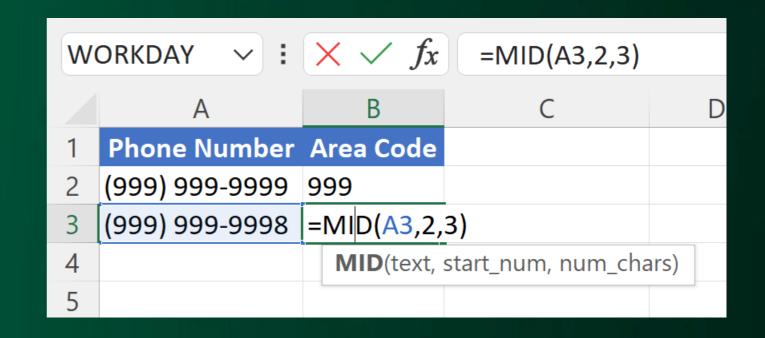
RIGHT: Used to grab some number of characters starting from the right of the cell contents

Syntax: RIGHT(Cell Ref,char num)



LEFT: Used to grab some number of characters starting from the left of the cell contents

Syntax: LEFT(Cell Reference, char num)



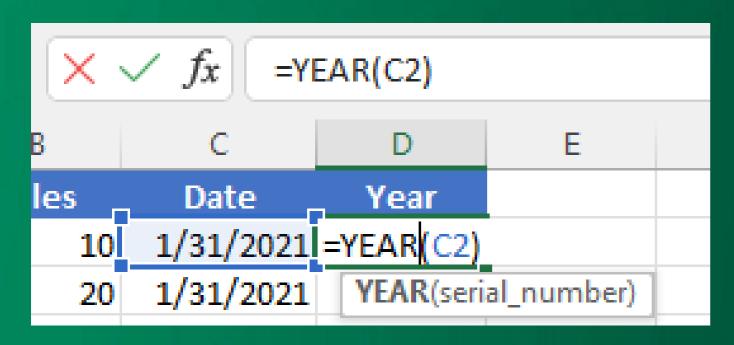
MID: Used to grab some number of characters starting from a designated count from the left of a cell's contents

Syntax:

MID(Cell Ref, Start Num, Char Num)

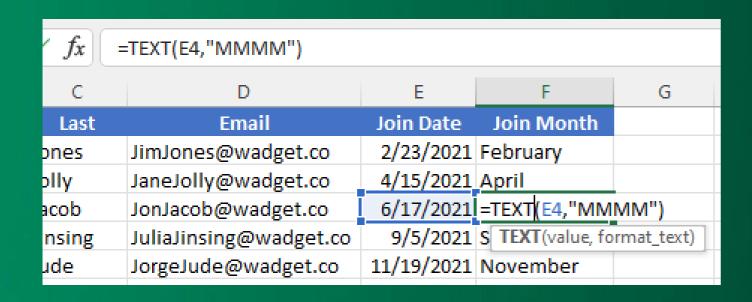
FUNCTIONS

MANIPULATING



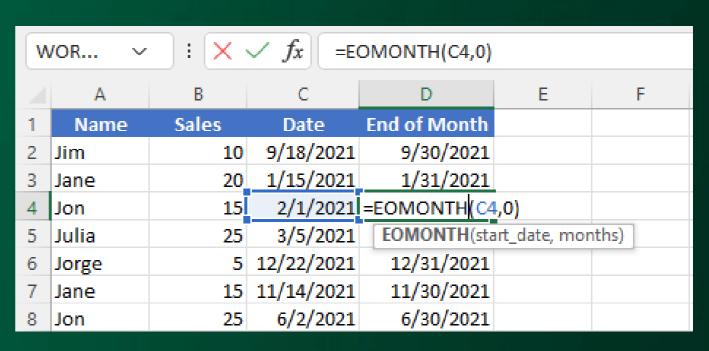
YEAR: Used to extract the year from a date. Similar to MONTH, DAY, and other related functions

Syntax: YEAR(Date Reference)



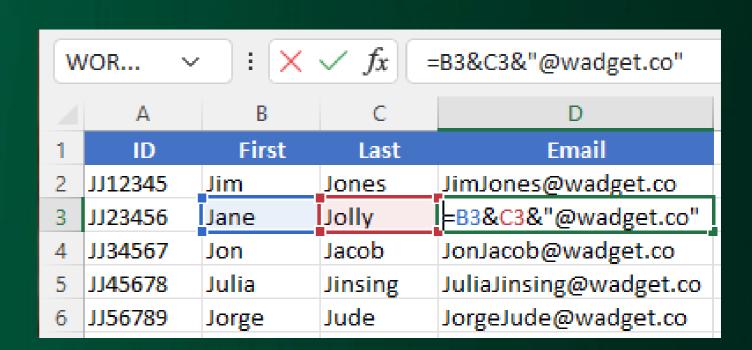
TEXT: Incredibly useful function for a variety of things, namely in extracting specialized formats from cells.

Syntax: TEXT(Cell Reference, Format)



EOMONTH: Used to derive the last day in a month determined by a dated cell and a specific number of months to roll forward.

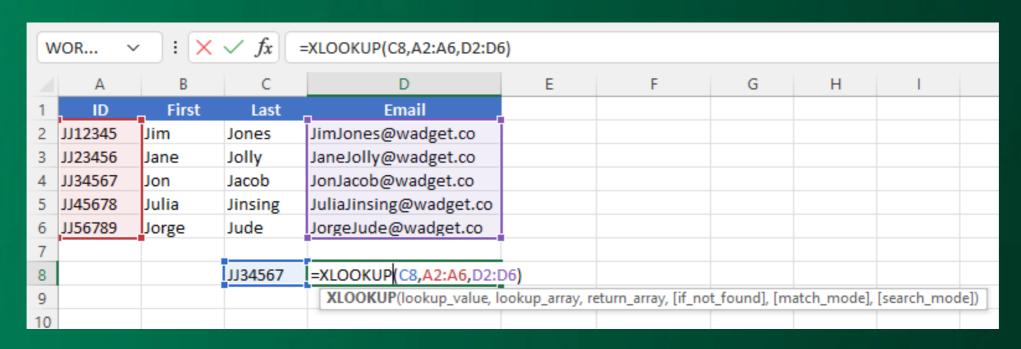
Syntax: EOMONTH(Date Cell, Months)



Not CONCATENATE: Instead of the concatenate function, use the ampersand (&) to join strings and cell contents to create something new.

Syntax: Cell/"Text 1"&Cell/"Text2"

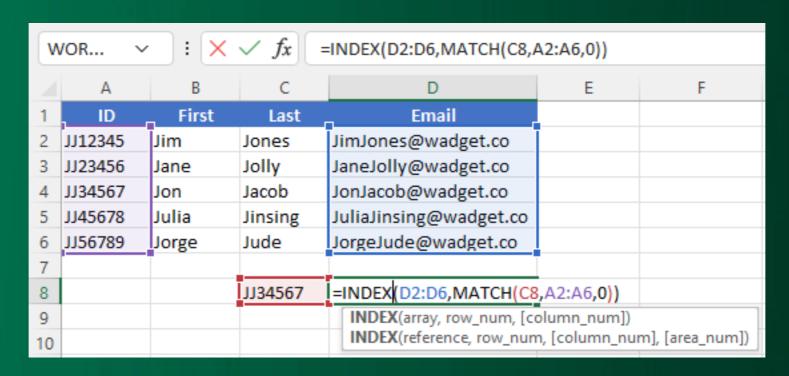
FUNCTIONS LOCKUPS



XLOOKUP: Used to look up values using an index reference. Replaces VLOOKUP, HLOOKUP, and INDEX/MATCH if used carefully.

Syntax:

XLOOKUP(Lookup value, Lookup Array, Return Array)



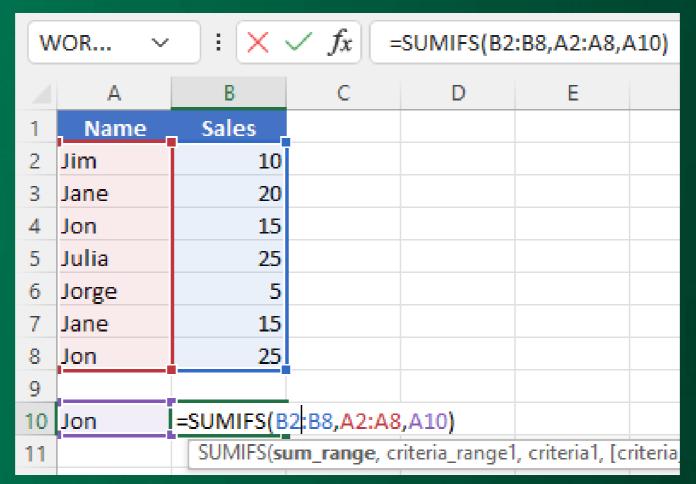
INDEX/MATCH: If you do not have XLOOKUP available on your version of Excel, INDEX/MATCH is the next best option. It uses the combination of functions to perform lookups in a much more flexible way than VLOOKUP and HLOOKUP.

Syntax:

INDEX(Return Array, MATCH(Lookup Value, Lookup Array, 0))

REPETITION IS THE KEY TO RETENTION

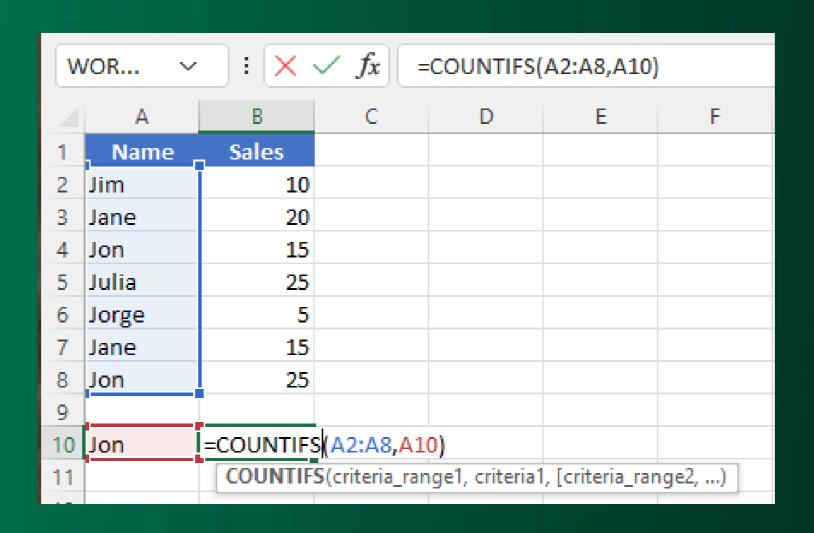
FUNCTIONS CALCULATIONS



SUMIFS: Used to sum values from a data set using specific criteria

Syntax:

SUMIFS(Sum Range, Criteria range 1, Criteria 1, Criteria Range N, Criteria N)



COUNTIFS: Used to count instances from a data set using specific criteria

Syntax:

COUNTIFS(Criteria range 1, Criteria 1, Criteria Range N, Criteria N)