



Cheatsheets / Deploying Websites

# **Command Line for Building Websites**

## pwd Print Working Directory

The shell command  $\ pwd$  displays the file path from the root directory to the current working directory.

\$ pwd
/Users/sonny/Downloads

# mkdir Make Directory

The shell command mkdir is used to make a new directory in the filesystem according to its argument. If a file path is given, the new directory will be placed at the end. Otherwise, it will create a new directory in the current working directory.

\$ mkdir new-directory
\$ ls
old-directory new-directory

## **ls** List

The shell command  $\,$ 1s is used to list the contents of a directory. If no arguments are given, it will list the contents of the current working directory.

\$ ls Desktop
resume.pdf
photo.png

## cd Change Directory

The shell command  $\ cd$  is used to move throughout the filesystem of a computer. It accepts a variety of arguments:

- · Full file paths.
- · Names of children of the current directory.
- · .. the parent of the current directory.

# \$ cd some-directory

\$ cd .

### **Filesystem Structure**

A computer's filesystem organizes the data stored by a computer, so that it can be easily retrieved by the user.

Files are generally represented in a tree-like structure, in which any parent directory can have any number of children. The root directory is then found at the base of the tree.

### touch Create New File

The shell command touch creates a new file in the current working directory with the name provided.

\$ touch grocery-list.txt

### The Command Line



# **Helper Commands**

Helper commands for the command line include:

- clear to clear the terminal
- tab to autocomplete the line
- ullet and igcup to cycle through previous commands

