

Education for the future

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- **Research-based education**, from undergraduate studies to a PhD: The Computational Physics group at the University of Oslo as example
- Future challenges and directions

Takeaway message
 Excellent research mutually depends on excellent education.

The role of computations, from education to society

Computations are central to our basic understanding of nature and to technological advances. UiO's strength in computational science (education and research) has the potential to make UiO a top European university.

Examples

- **Nanotech and Materials**: quantum physical systems in nanotechnology; characteristics of new materials; semi-conductor devices and quantum computers
- **The smallest particles in nature**: subatomic physics at its smallest length scale
- **And the largest**: simulating galaxies and the evolution of the universe
- **Life science**: cancer treatment and how the brain works
- **Geosciences**: predicting climate changes and this week's weather, simulating natural disasters
- **Finance**: assessing risk in the insurance and financial industry

Present and future education

- **Research-based education**, from undergraduate studies to a PhD: The Computational Physics group at the University of Oslo as example
- Future challenges and directions

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What does computing mean?

Computing means solving scientific problems using computers. It covers numerical as well as symbolic computing. Computing is also about developing an understanding of the scientific process by enhancing the algorithmic thinking when solving problems.

Computing competence is about:

- derivation, verification, and implementation of algorithms
- understanding what can go wrong with algorithms
- overview of important, known algorithms
- understanding how algorithms are used to solve complicated problems
- reproducible science and ethics
- algorithmic thinking for gaining deeper insights about scientific problems

All these elements (and many more) aid students in maturing and gaining a better understanding of the scientific process *per se*.

Modeling and computations as a way to enhance algorithmic thinking

Algorithm : A set of instructions to solve a problem.

Algorithmic thinking applies to all disciplines. It

- Enhances instruction-based teaching
- Introduces research-based teaching from day one
- Triggers further insights in scientific problems
- Emphasizes validation and verification of scientific results, and integrates science ethics in a natural way
- Ensures good working practices from day one!

Computing and research-based education

A computational approach allows us to introduce research concepts and engage students in research from *day one*.

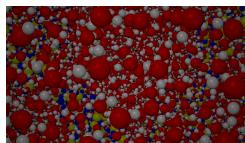
What should the education contain?

- Theory + experiment + simulation is the norm in research and industry
- Modeling of real, complex systems with no simple answers
- Insight and understanding of fundamental principles and laws
- Visualization, presentation, discussion, interpretation, and critical analysis of results
- Development of a sound ethical attitude to own and other's work
- Enhanced reasoning about the scientific method
- Individually tailored education in order to let students realize their full potentials and discover their creative powers

This is what we do in the Computational Physics group at UiO!

Computational Physics group at UiO; our visions

Physics students can **pose and solve problems** that combine **physical insights with mathematical tools** and now also **computational skills**. This provides a unique combination of applied and theoretical knowledge and skills. These features are invaluable for the development of multi-disciplinary educational and research programs.



A social and scientific learning environment

Goal: Students should realize their full potentials and discover their creative powers

- Students come with different dreams, ambitions, aspirations and topics they wish to study, our approach is to tailor the education to all these aspects
- Our motto: foster students who are better than their supervisors
- Emphasis is on learning and getting new insights
- Students and teachers help each other
- Students with different backgrounds and needs can thrive socially and scientifically
- Not a competitive environment, but a drive and enthusiasm for sharing and developing knowledge. This is an important element for the success of for example multi-disciplinary projects

We develop a social and scientific learning environment

- We target bachelor, MSc and PhD students
- Project-oriented work where students develop and mature their own ideas, with an individually tailored approach to each student
- Office space with desktops to every student and large common room for recreational activities (meals, gaming, movies)
- Many students collaborate on similar thesis topics and [publish in top scientific journals](#)

Features of the Computational Physics group

- Our students have made significant contributions to the [Computing in Science Education](#) (UiO education prize in 2011) by developing exercises and participating in educational projects at the MN faculty
- Our students have also developed educational tools and applications for understanding complicated physical problems
- A group of PhD students is now developing [new textbooks for Computational Life Science](#)
- 2005-2015: > 60 students have finalized their master's theses and 60% have continued with PhD studies
- Many students don't want to leave the group after finishing their studies

Investing in equipment for research and education

Large screens for visualizing and presenting scientific results. And gaming and other social activities.

- Here we see two students displaying results from large-scale



Building a local supercomputing cluster from titan.uio.no

Our supercomputing cluster

When UiO's previous supercomputing cluster ([titan.uio.no](#)) was replaced by [abel.uio.no](#), we got 200 nodes for free from USIT and built our own supercomputer

Milliongave til fysikkstuderende - Residen

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Milliongave til fysikkstuderende

Masterstudentene i beregningsoorientert fysikk på Universitetet i Oslo er blitt verdens rikeste på regnskraft.

Av Grethe Tridemann
Publisert 07. des. 2012 13:19

Undergraduate student publishes in PNAS

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6/27/2013
UiO • Fysisk institutt

Begynnerstudent gjør oppsiktvekkende
oppdagelse

Bachelorstudent gjør ryktet om middelalder norsk forskning til skamme ved å få sin
forskning publisert i et internasjonalt topp-tidsskrift.



Multiscale modeling is the big open research question in the 21st century

- Present and future problems, unlike traditional science and engineering, involve complex systems with many distinct physical processes
- The wide open research topic of this century, both in industry and at universities, is how to effectively couple processes across different length and energy scales
- Progress will rely on a *multi-disciplinary* approach

We need to foster candidates with the right multi-disciplinary background and computational thinking!

The future: A new type of students

Computations will play a central role in almost all aspects of scientific investigations and technological innovation

Candidates who are capable of modeling and understanding complicated systems, are in short supply in society.

We need students that

- can handle large and demanding multi-disciplinary projects.
This requires structured thinking and good analytical skills and a thorough understanding of the problems to be solved

This knowledge makes the students unique on the labor market, a labor market which in the years to come will experience heavy automatization and massive loss of jobs.

This will lay the foundation for cross-disciplinary educational, research and innovation activities.

Create the Department for Computational Science!

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How to achieve it

- Establish a new center/department with focus on computational science and its applications to a wide range of fields (natural science, medicine, social sciences, humanities, applied research etc)
- Hire ten young professors (age < 40) dedicated to innovative *computational* research and education
- Establish another ten professorships with shared positions between the new department and the discipline-specific department (physics, chemistry, ...)

The process must start now in order not to lose momentum.

Our takeaway messages

- Computing plays and will play an even more important role in future scientific and technological advances
- A successful research program cannot be disconnected from education and vice versa
- An educational and research program which focuses on these issues needs to be established as soon as possible
- Key goal: students must realize their own potentials and creative power

Computational Physics and the Computing in Science Education project (UiO educational prize in 2011)

The results, insights, ideas and thoughts presented here, would have been impossible without the continuous interaction with colleagues in the Computing in Science Education project.

- Hans Petter Langtangen
- Knut Mørken
- Arnt Inge Vistnes
- Oyvind Ryan
- Solveig Kristensen and Annik Myhre
- Hanne Sølna
- And: all our fantastic students who keep giving us

