PHY 321 FEBRUARY 16, 2022

Earth-Sun: Forces on earth $\frac{1}{f_{i}} = \frac{1}{f_{i}} = \frac{1}{f_{i}} + \frac{1}{f_{i}} = \frac{1}{f_{i}} =$ $= -\frac{6 M_{\text{E}} M_{\text{E}}}{1 \vec{n}_{0} - \vec{n}_{\text{E}}} (\vec{n}_{0} - \vec{n}_{\text{E}})$ $\vec{\lambda} = \vec{10} - \vec{\lambda}E$ $MG = 2.0 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$ ME = 6. × 1029 Kg 121 = 1AU = 1,5-10 m $|\vec{n}| = \sqrt{x^2 + 9^2} = n$ Earth

X=ncase

1 4=n.nime



$$e_{x} = \frac{d^{2}x}{dt^{2}} = \frac{F_{x}}{ME}$$

$$a_{x} = \frac{d\sigma_{x}}{dt}$$

$$v_{x} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$a_{y} = \frac{f_{y}}{ME} = -\frac{6M6Y}{\left(\sqrt{x^{2}+g^{2}}\right)^{3}} = \frac{dv_{y}}{dt}$$

$$v_5 = \frac{d9}{dt}$$

Scale away 6 Mo assume Cincular Motion

cen trifugge Force

$$\frac{MEN^2}{R} = F = \frac{6MGME}{R^2}$$

$$6.MO = N^2R R R = 1AU$$

$$N = 2.TT \cdot 2/4/2$$

$$= 2TT 1AV/14R$$

$$6MG = 4TT^2(1AU)/(142)^2$$

$$4x = \frac{dNx}{dt} = -4TT \frac{2}{R^3}$$

$$4y = \frac{dNy}{dt} = -4TT \frac{2}{R^3}$$

 $N_{ox} = 0$ $N_{oy} = 2\pi$