## Probability Distributions

## Binomial Distribution

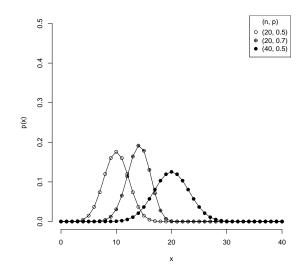


Figure 1: Binomial Distribution

$$X \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p)$$

$$x = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$0 
$$p(x) = \binom{n}{x} p^{x} (1 - p)^{x - 1}$$

$$\mu = E[X] = np$$

$$\sigma^{2} = E[(x - \mu)^{2}] = np(1 - p)$$$$

## Normal Distribution

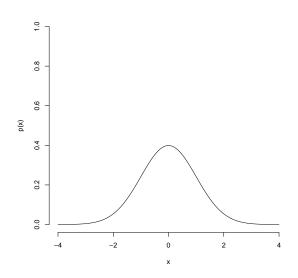


Figure 2: Normal(0,1) Distribution

$$\begin{split} X &\sim \text{Normal}(\mu, \sigma^2) \\ &- \infty < x < \infty \\ &- \infty < \mu < \infty \\ &0 < \sigma^2 < \infty \\ p(x) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right] \\ \mu &= E[X] = \mu \\ \sigma^2 &= E[(x-\mu)^2] = \sigma^2 \end{split}$$