

$$1) \quad \text{Cost per die} = \frac{\text{Cost per wafer}}{\text{Dies per wafer} \times \text{Yield}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{After 1 year: Cost per wafer} &= 10000 - (10000 \times 0,20) \\ &= 10000 - 2000 \\ &= 8000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Yield} &= 0,80 - (0,80 \times 0,10) \\ &= 0,80 - 0,08 \\ &= 0,72 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cost per die} &= \frac{8000}{120 \times 0,72} = \frac{8000}{86,4} \\ &= 92,592 \$ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{After 2 year: Cost per wafer} &= 8000 - (8000 \times 0,20) \\ &= 8000 - 1600 \\ &= 6400 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Yield} &= 0,72 - (0,72 \times 0,10) \\ &= 0,72 - 0,072 \\ &= 0,648 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cost per die} &= \frac{6400}{120 \times 0,648} = \frac{6400}{77,76} \\ &= 82,304 \$ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{After 3 year : Cost per wafer} &= 6400 - (6400 \times 0,20) \\ &= 6400 - 1280 \\ &= 5120\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Yield} &= 0,648 - (0,648 \times 0,10) \\ &= 0,648 - 0,0648 \\ &= 0,5832\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Cost per die} &= \frac{5120}{120 \times 0,5832} \\ &= \frac{5120}{69,984} = 73,159 \$\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{After 4 year : Cost per wafer} &= 5120 - (5120 \times 0,20) \\ &= 5120 - 1024 \\ &= 4096\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Yield} &= 0,5832 - (0,5832 \times 0,10) \\ &= 0,5832 - 0,05832 \\ &= 0,52488\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Cost per die} &= \frac{4096}{120 \times 0,52488} \\ &= \frac{4096}{62,9856} \\ &= \boxed{65,030 \$}\end{aligned}$$

2)

$$A. \frac{\text{Performance A}}{\text{Performance B}} = \frac{\text{Execution time B}}{\text{Execution time A}}$$

CPU clock cycles = Instruction count \times CPI

$$\text{Compiler A CPU clock cycle} = 50 \times 10^6 \times 2 + 10 \times 10^6 \times 4 + 2 \times 10^6 \times 3 = 146 \times 10^6$$

$$\text{Compiler B CPU clock cycle} = 80 \times 10^6 \times 2 + 5 \times 10^6 \times 4 + 1 \times 10^6 \times 3 = 183 \times 10^6$$

$$\frac{\text{Performance A}}{\text{Performance B}} = \frac{\text{Execution time B}}{\text{Execution time A}} = \frac{183 \times 10^6}{146 \times 10^6} = \frac{183}{146} = 1,253$$

Compiler A is 1,253 times better than Compiler B.

B. Better compiler is A compiler. Therefore,
CPU clock cycle = 146×10^6

$$100 \text{ ms} = 146 \times 10^6 \times \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\frac{146 \times 10^6}{f} = 100 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}$$

$$f = \frac{146 \times 10^6}{100 \times 10^{-3}} = 1,46 \times 10^9 \text{ Hz}$$
$$= \boxed{1,46 \text{ GHz}}$$

Mehmet Acar
1801042095