## Project Documentation: Web Application Infrastructure with Deletion Policies

## **Project Overview**

This CloudFormation template is designed to automate the deployment of a scalable, secure, and highly available web application infrastructure. The stack includes the following resources:

- A Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) with public subnets.
- An Internet Gateway for public access.
- An Auto Scaling Group of EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB).
- Security Groups to regulate network traffic.
- A Launch Template to define EC2 instance configurations.
- Deletion policies (Retain) for critical resources to prevent accidental deletions.

## **Purpose and Goals**

1. **Purpose**: To deploy a robust web application infrastructure that supports autoscaling and ensures high availability while providing a secure environment.

### 2. **Goals**:

- Automate infrastructure provisioning to reduce deployment time and errors.
- Ensure scalability by automatically adjusting EC2 instances based on demand.
- o Provide public access via an ALB with secure traffic routing.
- o Retain critical resources to safeguard data and configurations.

# **Deployment Instructions**

#### **Prerequisites**

- 1. **AWS Account**: Ensure you have an active AWS account with sufficient permissions to create CloudFormation stacks and associated resources.
- 2. **Key Pair**: Create or have an existing EC2 KeyPair for SSH access.
- 3. **Region**: Select an AWS Region with at least two Availability Zones.

## **Steps to Deploy the Stack**

- 1. Log in to the AWS Management Console.
- 2. Navigate to CloudFormation:
  - o Go to Services > CloudFormation.
- 3. Create Stack:
  - o Click Create stack and select Upload a template file.
  - Upload the YAML file containing this template.

## 4. Specify Stack Details:

- Enter a stack name (e.g., WebApp).
- Fill in the parameters:
  - EnvironmentName: A unique name prefix for resources.
  - VpcCIDR: Adjust if necessary; default is 10.0.0.0/16.
  - InstanceType: Choose t3.micro or t3.small.
  - KeyName: Provide the name of your existing EC2 KeyPair.
  - Amild: Confirm or update the default AMI ID.

# 5. Configure Stack Options:

o Add tags for better resource organization (optional).

## 6. Review and Create:

- Review the configurations and acknowledge that CloudFormation will create resources.
- Click Create stack.

# 7. Monitor Deployment:

 Monitor the progress in the Events tab. Wait until the stack status is CREATE\_COMPLETE.

# **Security Considerations and Best Practices**

## 1. Ingress Rules:

- o Allow only HTTP (port 80) and SSH (port 22) traffic in the Security Group.
- Restrict SSH access to trusted IPs by updating the Cidrlp parameter in WebServerSecurityGroup.

#### 2. Private Access:

 Use private subnets for backend services in a production environment (not included in this stack).

#### **Resource Protection**

#### 1. Deletion Policies:

- Critical resources like VPC, subnets, and security groups are configured with Retain to prevent accidental deletions.
- Periodically review and delete unused resources manually to avoid unnecessary costs.

## **Instance Security**

## 1. SSH Keys:

o Ensure the private key corresponding to the KeyName is securely stored.

#### 2. Update EC2 Instances:

 Use the provided User Data script to update and secure instances upon initialization.

#### **Data Security**

#### 1. **SSL**:

o Integrate SSL certificates with the ALB for secure communication.

# 2. IAM Roles:

Apply least privilege principles to IAM roles and policies.

## **Testing and Validation Procedures**

#### **Infrastructure Validation**

#### 1. Check Resource Creation:

- Go to the **Resources** tab in CloudFormation and verify all resources are created successfully.
- Navigate to EC2 > Auto Scaling Groups and confirm EC2 instances are running.

#### 2. Network Validation:

- Verify that the ALB is accessible via its DNS name (found in the Outputs section of the stack).
- Test HTTP traffic to ensure proper routing to EC2 instances.

# 3. Subnet Configuration:

o Confirm public subnets have auto-assigned public IPs enabled.

# **Application Testing**

## 1. Access the Web Application:

- o Open a browser and navigate to the ALB DNS name.
- Confirm the default index.html page (<h1>\${EnvironmentName} Web Application</h1>) is displayed.

### 2. Test Auto Scaling:

 Simulate load using a tool like Apache Benchmark or JMeter to ensure the Auto Scaling Group launches additional instances as needed.

## **Security Testing**

#### 1. Port Scans:

 Use a network scanner (e.g., Nmap) to confirm only ports 80 and 22 are open.

## 2. Restricted Access:

Verify SSH access is limited to authorized IPs.