Homework 2

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$\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{1}$

a.

 $\text{Are transition matrix } p_{i,j} = \begin{vmatrix} - & A & B & C \\ A & 0 & 1/2 & 1/2 \\ \hline B & 3/4 & 0 & 1/4 \\ \hline C & 3/4 & 1/4 & 0 \\ \end{vmatrix}$

b.

To calculate probabilities of events at time 2 we simply calculate $p(i,j)^2$.

$p(i,j)^2 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i < j < j < j < j < j < j < j < j < j <$	-	A	В	С
	A	3/4	1/8	1/8
	В	3/16	7/16	3/8
	С	3/16	3/8	7/16

So,

$$P(X_2 = A|X_0 = A) = p(A, A)^2 = 3/4$$

$$P(X_2 = B|X_0 = A) = p(A, B)^2 = 1/8$$

$$P(X_2 = C|X_0 = A) = p(A, C)^2 = 1/8$$

Finally we can also calculate

$$P(X_3 = B|X_0 = A) = p(A, A)^2 * p(A, B) + p(A, B)^2 * p(B, B) + p(A, C)^2 * p(C, B)$$
$$= 3/4 * 1/2 + 1/8 * 0 + 1/8 * 1/4 = 13/32$$

 $\mathbf{Q2}$

$$P(X_2 = 3, X_4 = 4 | X_7 = 9, X_6 = 8)$$

$$=\frac{P(X_2=3,X_4=4,X_7=9,X_6=8)}{P(X_7=9,X_6=8)}, \text{ using basic definition of conditional probability}$$

$$=\frac{P(X_7=9|X_6=8)*P(X_6=8|X_4=4)*P(X_4=4|X_2=3)*P(X_2=3)}{P(X_7=9|X_6=8)*P(X_6=8)}, \text{ using that X is a THMC and chain rule } P(X_7=9|X_6=8)*P(X_6=8)$$

$$=\frac{p(8,9)*p(4,8)^2*p(3,4)^2*p(1,3)^2}{p(8,9)*p(1,8)^6}$$

$\mathbf{Q3}$

Using similar logic to before, we can rewrite $P(X_3 = X_2 + 1 | X_4 = 4)$ as,

$$\frac{P(X_4 = 4, X_3 = X_2 + 1)}{P(X_4 = 4)}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_k P(X_4 | X_3 = k + 1) * P(X_2 = k)}{P(X_4 = 4)}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_k p(k + 1, 4) * p(k, k + 1) * p(1, k)^2}{p(1, 4)^4}$$

 $\mathbf{Q4}$

$$\left\{ \max_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} X_n \le m \right\} = \bigcup_{n, i \in \mathbb{Z}} A_{n,i} \setminus \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}, i > m} A_{n,i}$$

$$\left\{ \max_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} X_n = m \right\} = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}, i = m} A_{n,i} \setminus \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}, i > m} A_{n,i}$$