HW1

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Q1

Let $X_1...X_{40}$ be a set of random variables such that $X_i = 1$ is the event that box i is empty after all 80 balls have been placed, and $X_i = 0$ otherwise. Then the number of boxes empty after all balls are placed, which let's call T, is

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^{40} X_i$$

Then,

$$E[T] = E[\sum_{i=1}^{40} X_i] = \sum_{i=1}^{40} E[X_i]$$

The expected value of any X_i is the same and can be calculated as,

$$E[X_i] = 1 * P(X_i = 1) + 0 * P(X_i = 0) = P(X_i = 1) = \frac{39^{80}}{40} = 0.13193780538$$

Therefore,

$$E[T] = \sum_{i=1}^{40} E[X_i] = 40 * 0.13193780538 = 5.27751221548$$

A similar procedure is used to find the variance of T. We know that the variance of T is equal to $E[T^2] - E[T]^2 = E[T^2] - 27.85213518454$. Then,

$$E[T^2] = E[\sum_{i=1}^{40} \sum_{j=1}^{40} X_i X_j] = \sum_{i=1}^{40} \sum_{j=1}^{40} E[X_i X_j]$$

$$E[X_i X_j] = 1 * P(X_i X_j = 1) + 0 * P(X_i X_j = 0) = P(X_i X_j = 1)$$

If i = j then $X_i X_j = 1$ if and only if $X_i = 1$ and then,

$$P(X_i X_i = 1) = P(X_i = 1) = 0.13193780538$$

If $i \neq j$ then

$$P(X_i X_j = 1) = \frac{38}{40}^{80} = 0.01651537438$$

Therefore,

$$E[T^2] = 40 * P(X_i X_j = 1 | i = j) + 40 * 39 * P(X_i X_j = 1 | i \neq j)$$

= 40 * 0.13193780538 + 40 * 39 * 0.01651537438 = 31.041496248

So,

$$Var(T) = E[T^2] - E[T]^2 = 31.041496248 - 27.85213518454 = 3.18936106346$$

$\mathbf{Q2}$

If X is a uniform random variable over $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$ then X has a pdf,

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \text{ for } x \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$$

Therefore,

$$E[sin(X)] = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} sin(x)f(x)dx = \frac{2}{\pi}$$