Case Study - Counting Crimes

DATA TYPES FOR DATA SCIENCE IN PYTHON

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Data Set Overview

```
Date,Block,Primary Type,Description,
Location Description,Arrest,Domestic, District


05/23/2016 05:35:00 PM,024XX W DIVISION ST,ASSAULT,SIMPLE,
STREET,false,true,14


03/26/2016 08:20:00 PM,019XX W HOWARD ST,BURGLARY,FORCIBLE
ENTRY, SMALL RETAIL STORE,false,false,24
```

- Chicago Open Data Portal **https://data.cityofchicago.org/**

Part 1 - Step 1

- Read data from CSV

```python
import csv


csvfile = open('ART_GALLERY.csv', 'r')


for row in csv.reader(csvfile):
    print(row)
```

Part 1 - Step 2

- Create and use a Counter with a slight twist

```python
from collections import Counter


nyc_eatery_count_by_types = Counter(nyc_eatery_types)
```

- Use date parts for Grouping like in Chapter 4

```python
daily_violations = defaultdict(int)


for violation in parking_violations:
    violation_date = datetime.strptime(violation[4],
                                       '%m/%d/%Y')

    daily_violations[violation_date.day] += 1
```

Part 1 - Step 3

- Group data by Month

- The date components we learned about earlier.

```python
from collections import defaultdict


eateries_by_park = defaultdict(list)


for park_id, name in nyc_eateries_parks:
    eateries_by_park[park_id].append(name)
```

Part 1 - Final

- Find 5 most common locations for crime each month.

```python
print(nyc_eatery_count_by_types.most_common(3))
```
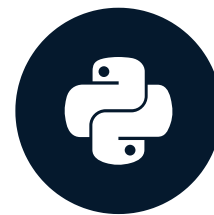
```
[('Mobile Food Truck', 114), ('Food Cart', 74), ('Snack Bar', 24)]
```

Let's practice!

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Case Study - Crimes by District and Differences by Block

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Part 2 - Step 1

- Read in the CSV data as a dictionary

```python
import csv

csvfile = open('ART_GALLERY.csv', 'r')

for row in csv.DictReader(csvfile):
    print(row)
```

- Pop out the key and store the remaining dict

```python
galleries_10310 = art_galleries.pop('10310')
```

Part 2 - Step 2

- Pythonically iterate over the Dictionary

```python
for zip_code, galleries in art_galleries.items():
    print(zip_code)
    print(galleries)
```

Wrapping Up

- Use sets for uniqueness

```
cookies_eaten_today = ['chocolate chip', 'peanut butter',
'chocolate chip', 'oatmeal cream', 'chocolate chip']


types_of_cookies_eaten = set(cookies_eaten_today)


print(types_of_cookies_eaten)
```

```
set(['chocolate chip', 'oatmeal cream', 'peanut butter'])
```

- `difference()` set method as at the end of Chapter 1

```
cookies_jason_ate.difference(cookies_hugo_ate)
set(['oatmeal cream', 'peanut butter'])
```

Let's practice!

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Final thoughts

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Congratulations

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