



Here, Bkash give 'successful transaction' TOKEN to both Sundarban Service & User. User will send it to Sundarban as a proof of transaction, it seems good. But it might have some vulnerabilities if:

- 1) TOKEN is not unique for each transaction.
- 2) Sundarban don't validate the TOKEN regularly, just receive the TOKEN. So, user might use duplicate.
- 3) User might want refund from Bkash, claiming that it didn't authorized the transaction. If there are no proper communication between Bkash & Sundarban, it might happen.