Am I in Good Shape? Flexible Way to Validate Asset Administration Shell Data Entry via Shapes Constraint Language

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Second Workshop on Implementing Asset Administration Shells (ImplAAS)

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Outline

Background

Motivation

Related Work

Workflow & Implementation

Conclusion

Background

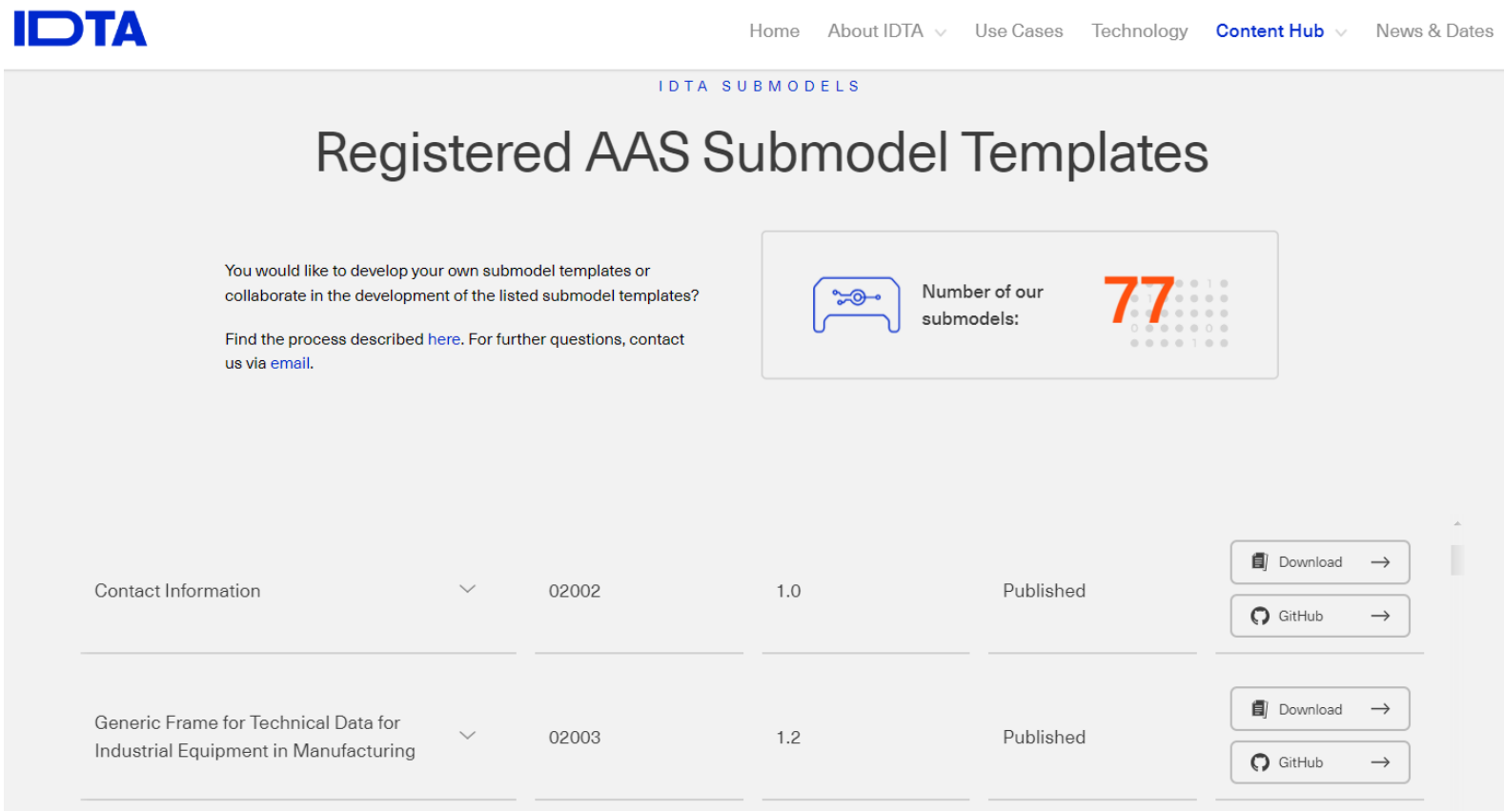
Interoperability:

- **Asset Administration Shell (AAS)**
- A common structure -> Metamodel
- Standardized representation formats -> JSON, XML, RDF, …
- Standardized application programming interface (API) -> REST API
- Standardized content -> Submodel Templates

Submodel Templates

Standardized content:

- Submodel Templates



https://industrialdigitaltwin.org/en/content-hub/submodels

Submodel Templates: Nameplate, Contact Information, …

- **SM** <T> **"Nameplate"** [www.example.com/ids/sm/1225_9020_5022_1974]
  - **Prop** **"URIOfTheProduct"** = https://www.domain-abc.com/Model-Nr-1234/Serial-Nr-5678 @{Multiplicity=One}
  - **MLP** **"ManufacturerName"** → Muster AG @{Multiplicity=One}
  - **MLP** **"ManufacturerProductDesignation"** → ABC-123 @{Multiplicity=One}
  - **SMC** **"ContactInformation"** (23 elements) @{Multiplicity=One}
  - **MLP** **"ManufacturerProductRoot"** → flow meter @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **MLP** **"ManufacturerProductFamily"** → Type ABC @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **MLP** **"ManufacturerProductType"** → FM-ABC-1234 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **MLP** **"OrderCodeOfManufacturer"** → FMABC1234 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **MLP** **"ProductArticleNumberOfManufacturer"** → FM11-ABC22-123456 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **Prop** **"SerialNumber"** = 12345678 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **Prop** **"YearOfConstruction"** = 2022 @{Multiplicity=One}
  - **Prop** **"DateOfManufacture"** = 2022-01-01 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **MLP** **"HardwareVersion"** → 1.0.0 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **MLP** **"FirmwareVersion"** → 1.0 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **MLP** **"SoftwareVersion"** → 1.0.0 @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **Prop** **"CountryOfOrigin"** = DE @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **File** **"CompanyLogo"** @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **SMC** **"Markings"** (1 elements) @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}
  - **SMC** **"AssetSpecificProperties"** (2 elements) @{Multiplicity=ZeroToOne}

Related Work

Open-Source AAS hosting solutions only works with JSON [1]

Semantic Digital Twin and RDF format also explored [2]

Converting RDF-based model to AAS, leverage semantic interoperability [3]

Finding appropriate Submodel for application scenario via RDF, SPARQL [4]

[1] Jacoby, Michael, Michael Baumann, Tino Bischoff, Hans Mees, Jens Müller, Ljiljana Stojanovic, and Friedrich Volz. "**Open-Source Implementations of the Reactive Asset Administration Shell: A Survey**." *Sensors* 23, no. 11 (2023): 5229.

[2] Lim, Mei Qi, Xiaonan Wang, Oliver Inderwildi, and Markus Kraft. "**The world avatar—A world model for facilitating interoperability**." In *Intelligent Decarbonisation: Can Artificial Intelligence and Cyber-Physical Systems Help Achieve Climate Mitigation Targets?*, pp. 39-53. Cham: Springer International Publishing, 2022.

[3] Rongen, Sjoerd, Nikoletta Nikolova, and Mark van der Pas. "**Modelling with AAS and RDF in Industry 4.0.**" *Computers in Industry* 148 (2023): 103910.

[4] Bouter, Cornelis, Monireh Pourjafarian, Leon Simar, and Robert Wilterdink. "**Towards a comprehensive methodology for modelling submodels in the industry 4.0 asset administration shell**." In *2021 IEEE 23rd Conference on Business Informatics (CBI)*, vol. 2, pp. 10-19. IEEE, 2021.

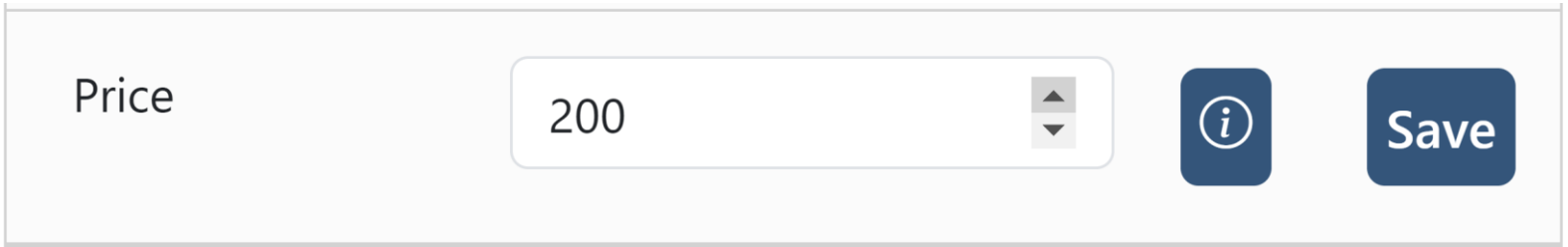
Why?

What about the data?

Heterogenous data source: Human, Machines, ..

Poor data quality -> No interoperability

Price: two hundred, 200, 200 $, 200 €, 200,00 , 200.00



Schema for Metamodel

Metamodel Compliance

Check JSON/XML/RDF …

Why not go one step further?

This is the repository of the Asset Administration Shell

This repository contains specifications of the Asset Administration Shell, including the normative schemas of the serializations, the rules applied to create them, how the specification is mapped into the serializations, and examples of how to use the schemas.

Schemas

The schemas of the Asset Administration Shell for JSON, RDF and XML as well as a XMI and YAML representation of the metmodel are provided in the respective directories. These schemas are derived from the document series, part 1, "Details of the Asset Administration Shell" published by the Platform Industrie 4.0 and IDTA.

JSON

The JSON schema, mapping rules and examples are available at schemas/json/.

RDF

The RDF data model, mapping rules and examples are available at schemas/rdf/.

XML

The XML schema, mapping rules and examples are available at schemas/xml/.

XMI

The XMI file for the UML metamodel is available at schemas/xmi/.

https://github.com/admin-shell-io/aas-specs

XML Schema, JSON schema, SHACL

All for checking constraints

JSON, XML mostly suitable for context-free constraints

Co-occurrence (cross-fields) and conditional constraints not so trivial.

External expansions: XML Schematron[1]

Specification expansion: If-then-else added in JSON Schema draft 7.

1: https://www.schematron.com/

How?

Custom rules

+ Easier to use

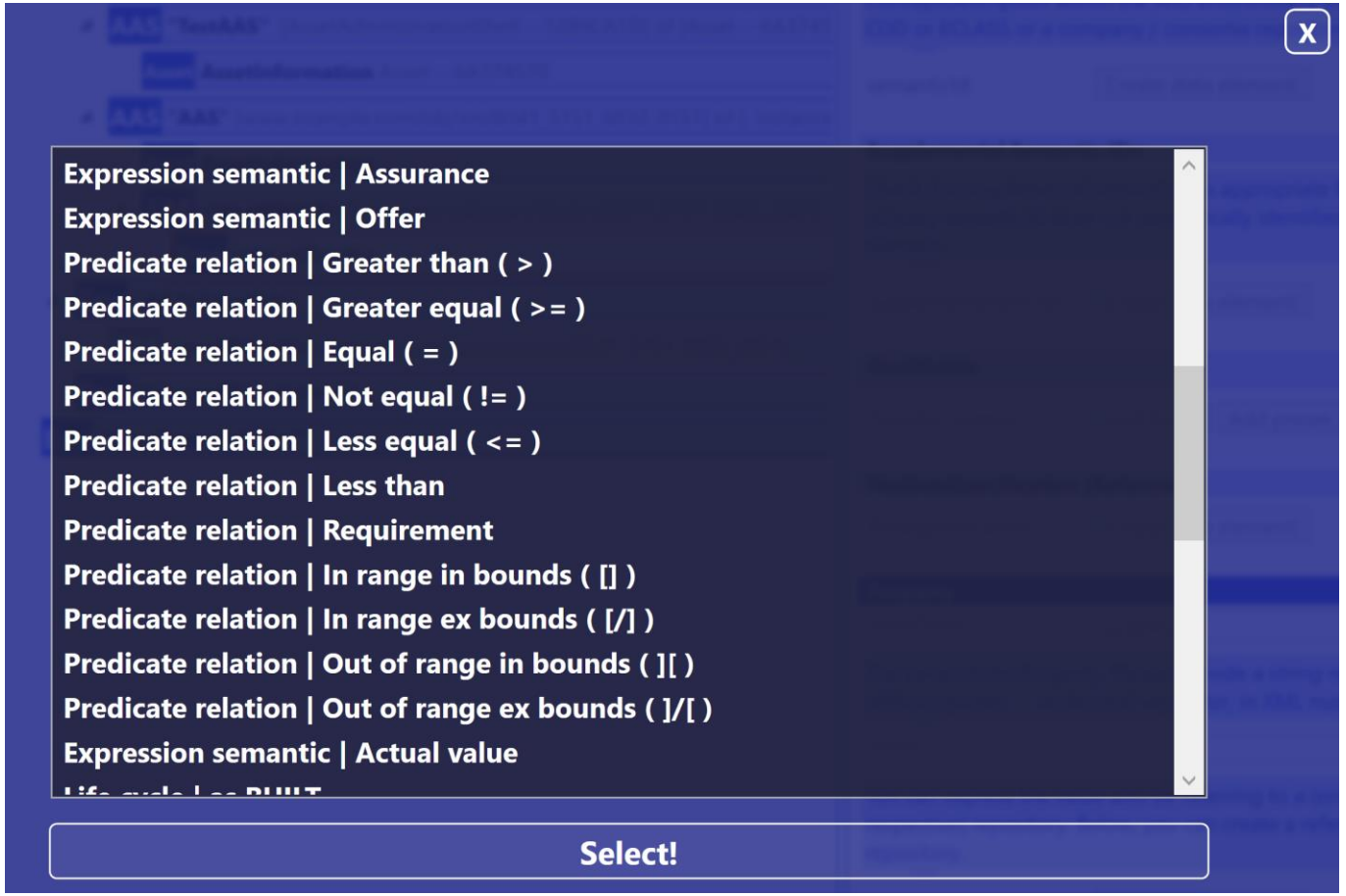
- Implementation

JSON/XML schema

+ Standard approach

+ Existing validators

- Suitable for context-free rules



AASX Package Explorer – Preset Qualifiers

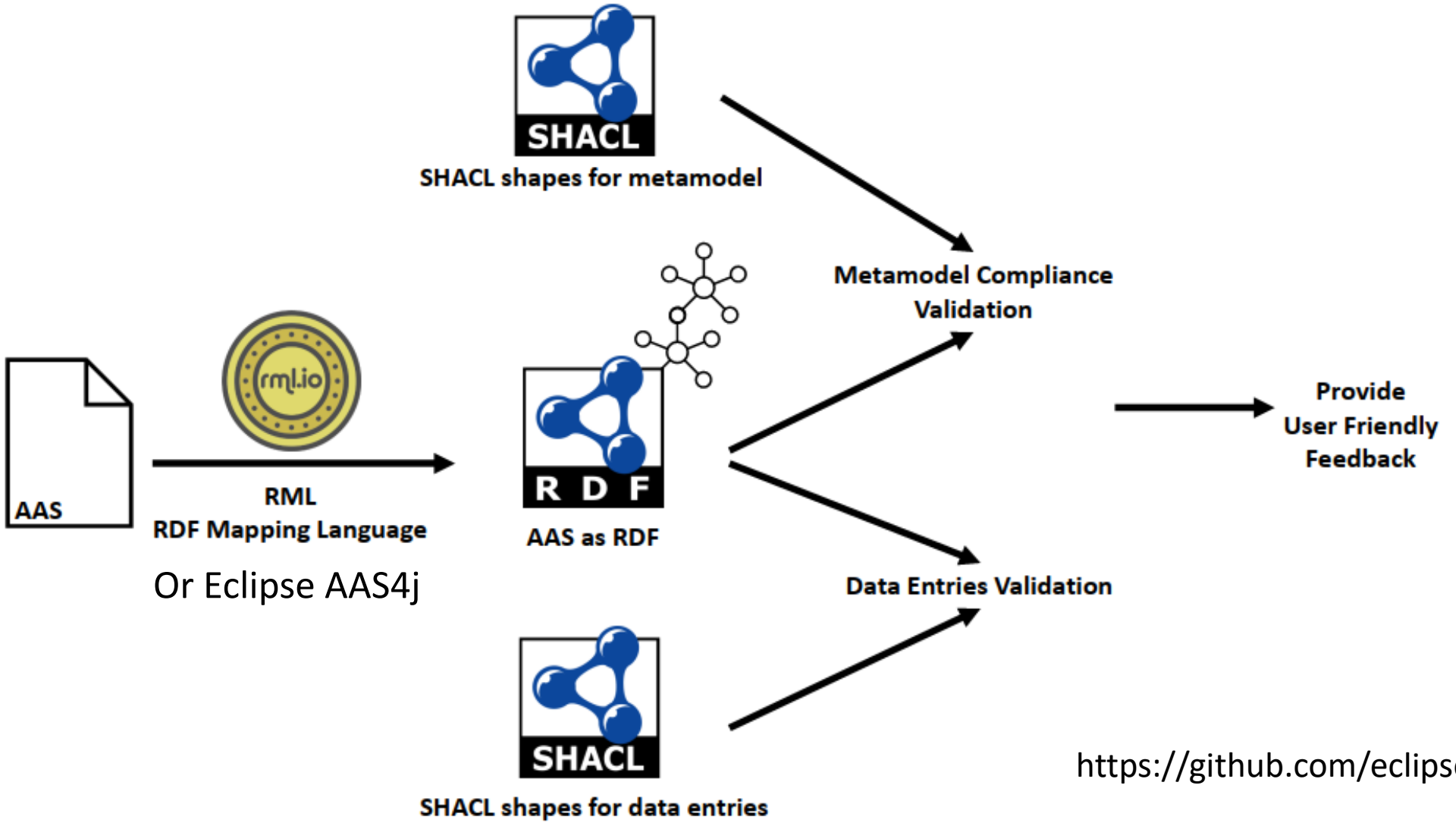
Our Workflow

Shape Constraint Language (SHACL)

+ Standard
+ Existing validators
+ Standard validation result output
+ Leverage Semantic Web tools

  (Query, Reasoning, …)

Our Workflow



Or Eclipse AAS4j

https://github.com/eclipse-aas4j/aas4j

JSON Representation


```
{
  "id":"Installation672023",
  "idShort":"InstallationInformation",
  "kind":"Instance",
  "modelType":"Submodel",
  "semanticId":{
    "keys":[
      {
        "type":"GlobalReference",
        "value":"www.example.com/ids/sm/InstallationInformation"
      }
    ],
    "type":"ExternalReference"
  },
  "submodelElements":[
    {
      "idShort":"InstallLocation",
      "modelType":"Property",
      "value":"Kaiserslautern",
      "valueType":"xs:string"
    },
    {
      "idShort":"Price",
      "modelType":"Property",
      "value":"200",
      "valueType":"xs:decimal"
    }
  ]
}
```

RML as a shortcut

RDF Mapping language (RML) rules to map a datasource (CSV, JSON, XML) to RDF triples.

How to generate <Subject, Predicate, Object>

YARRML

Human readable

```
mappings:
  submodel:
    sources:
      - ['data.json~jsonpath', '$']
    s: http://example.com/submodels/$(id)
    po:
      - [a, aas:Submodel]
      - [https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Identifiable/id, $(id)]
      - [https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/HasKind/kind, https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/ModellingKind/$(kind)~iri]
      - p: https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/HasSemantics/semanticId
        o:
         - mapping: semanticid
      - p: https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Submodel/submodelElements
        o:
         - mapping: submodelElementDoubleProperty
      - p: https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Submodel/submodelElements
        o:
         - mapping: submodelElementStringProperty


  semanticid:
    sources:
      - ['data.json~jsonpath', '$.semanticId']
    s: null
    po:
      - [rdf:type, aas:Reference]
      - [https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Reference/type, https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/ReferenceTypes/$(type)~iri]
      - p: https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Reference/keys
        o:
         - mapping: keys

  keys:
    sources:
      - ['data.json~jsonpath', '$.semanticId.keys.*']
    s: null
    po:
      - [rdf:type, aas:Key]
      - [https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Key/type, https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/KeyTypes/$(type)~iri]
      - [https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Key/value, $(value)]
```

RDF Representation

```
@prefix aas: <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/> .
@prefix owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix xs: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .

<Installation672023> rdf:type aas:Submodel ;
    <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Identifiable/id> "Installation672023"^^xs:string ;
    <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/HasKind/kind> <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/ModellingKind/Instance> ;
    <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/HasSemantics/semanticId> [
        rdf:type aas:Reference ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Reference/type> <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/ReferenceTypes/ExternalReference> ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Reference/keys> [
            rdf:type aas:Key ;
            <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Key/type> <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/KeyTypes/GlobalReference> ;
            <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Key/value> "www.example.com/ids/sm/InstallationInformation"^^xs:string ;
        ] ;
    ] ;
    <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Submodel/submodelElements> [
        rdf:type aas:Property ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Referable/idShort> "InstallLocation"^^xs:string ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Property/valueType> <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/DataTypeDefXsd/String> ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Property/value> "Kaiserslautern"^^xs:string ;
    ] ;
    <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Submodel/submodelElements> [
        rdf:type aas:Property ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Referable/idShort> "Price"^^xs:string ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Property/valueType> <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/DataTypeDefXsd/Double> ;
        <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Property/value> "200"^^xs:string ;
    ] ;
```

SHACL Core Components

Table 5.3: SHACL core constraint components

Operation	Parameters	Section
Cardinality constraints	`sh:minCount`, `sh:maxCount`	5.8
Value types	`sh:class`, `sh:datatype`, `sh:nodeKind` `sh:in`, `sh:hasValue`	5.9
Value range constraints	`sh:minInclusive`, `sh:maxInclusive` `sh:minExclusive`, `sh:maxExclusive`	5.10.1
String based constraints	`sh:minLength`, `sh:maxLength` `sh:length sh:pattern`	5.10.2
Language based	`sh:uniqueLang`, `sh:languageIn`	5.10.3
Logical constraints	`sh:and`, `sh:or`, `sh:xone`, `sh:not`	5.11

Shape-based constraints	`sh:node`, `sh:property`
	`sh:qualifiedValueShape`, `sh:qualifiedValueShapesDisjoint`
	`sh:qualifiedMinCount sh:qualifiedMaxCount`
		5.12

Closed shapes	`sh:closed`, `sh:ignoredProperties`	5.13
Property pair constraints	`sh:equals`, `sh:disjoint` `sh:lesThan`, `sh:lessThanOrEquals`	5.14
Non-validating constraints	`sh:name`, `sh:description`, `sh:order`, `sh:group`	5.15

https://book.validatingrdf.com/bookHtml011.html
https://www.utwente.nl/en/ces/sal/exams/digital-exams/Linked-Data-and-Semantic-Web/ldsw-lecture7.pdf

Cross-Fields Constraints

InstallerName		
InstallLocation	Kaiserslautern	
Price	200	

The Price value for entered city must be higher than 1000 according to the SHACL shape.

Example 1

```
ex:ExpensiveCityShape a sh:NodeShape ;
    sh:targetClass aas:Submodel;

    sh:sparql [
        a sh:SPARQLConstraint ;
        sh:message "The price for Berlin cannot be less than 200." ;
        sh:select """
        SELECT ?this
        WHERE {
          ?s1 <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Property/value> ?value1;
              <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Referable/idShort> ?o1;
          Optional{
            ?s2 <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Property/value> ?value2;
                <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Referable/idShort> ?o2;
          }
          Filter(?o1 = "InstallLocation" &&  ?value1 = "Berlin" && ?o2 = "Price" && ?value2 < 200)
        }
        """
    ]

.
```

User Friendly

ShippingCompany	EN Cool Transporter DE Kühler Transporter	
ShippingDestination01	Paris	
ShippingDestination02	Kaiserslautern	
ShippingDestination03	Berlin	
ShippingDestination04	Pirmasens	

1 - Only 1 to 3 ShippingDestination allowed.
2 - ShippingDestination should be a city in Germany List of cities and towns in Germany : ShippingDestination01 violates..

Example 2

```
ex:CityShape a sh:NodeShape;
    a sh:NodeShape ;

    sh:target [
        a sh:SPARQLTarget ;
        sh:select """
            select ?s where {
              ?s <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Referable/idShort> ?o;
              FILTER(?o = "InstallLocation")
            }
            """ ;
    ] ;
    sh:property [
        sh:path <https://admin-shell.io/aas/3/0/Property/value> ;
        sh:in ("Kaiserslautern" "Berlin" "Pirmasens");
        sh:message "Only 3 Cities is Valid: Kaiserslautern, Berlin, Pirmasens" ;
    ]
.
```

Where?

Where to put this?

- Flexible metamodel:
  - Qualifier
  - Extension
  - As a Property in Submodel
  - New Element
  - External mapping between Semantic ID and SHACL schema

Limitations

RML was a shortcut: only basic information of Properties

AAS structure is nested, RML cannot handle recursively nested structures

Possible solutions:

RML Fields [1]

Custom parsers: Eclipse AAS4j, …

[1] Delva, Thomas, Dylan Van Assche, Pieter Heyvaert, Ben De Meester, and Anastasia Dimou. "Integrating Nested Data into Knowledge Graphs with RML Fields." In *KGWC2021, the Knowledge Graph Construction*, vol. 2873. 2021. [Link]

Takeaways

Data quality assurance <-> interoperability

Decision makers -> propose a location

Submodel Template creators :

- JSON Schema
- SHACL
- Let community decide

ReCircE Project

ReCircE

This work is funded by the German Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Nuclear Safety and Consumer Protection, project ReCircE, grant number 03EN2353B.

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Deutsches Forschungszentrum für Künstliche Intelligenz GmbH

CIRCOON Circular Economy Services

Fraunhofer IWKS

Fraunhofer Research Institution for Materials Recycling and Resource Strategies IWKS

GreenDELTa

Reproducibility

bit.ly/etfa23a

Slides

Code (RML rules, SHACL examples)

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Thanks for your attention.

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