May 17, 2023

```
[1]: import random
[38]: class chromosome:
          def __init__(self,n):
              self.n = n
              self.p_values = []
                                                                                   #__
       \hookrightarrow Possible Values in a puzzle
              for i in range(n*n):
                   self.p_values.append(i)
          def generate_chromosome(self):
              self.p = []
              temp = self.p_values[:]
              for i in range(self.n):
                   self.p.append([])
                   for j in range(self.n):
                       temp1 = temp[random.randint(0,len(temp)-1)]
                       self.p[i].append(temp1)
                       temp.remove(temp1)
          def chk_greater(self,row,column):
                                                                      # This will check
       → the values that are smaller then the value at position row, column
              count = 0
              for i in range(row,self.n):
                   for j in range(self.n):
                       if(i == row and j <= column):</pre>
                           continue
                       if(self.p[i][j] == 0):
                           continue
                       if(self.p[i][j] < self.p[row][column]):</pre>
                           count += 1
              return count
          def fitness(self):
              self.fit = 0
              for i in range(self.n):
                   for j in range(self.n):
```

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self.fit += self.chk_greater(i,j)

[39]: c = chromosome(3)

[48]: c.generate_chromosome()

[49]: c.p

[49]: [[3, 7, 5], [1, 2, 0], [8, 6, 4]]

[28]: # 0 Means empty space

[50]: c.fitness()

[51]: c.fit

[51]: 13

[94]: # Fitness should be zero for reaching the goal

[37]: c.p = [[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8]]
    c.fitness()
    c.fit
[37]: 0

[ ]:
```