# Session 3: Basic Operations in R

## Assignment -

- 1. Create a numerical vector to store the odd numbers between 1 to 100
- Create the numerical vector with following values 1,2,3,4,5,8,6,2,11
  - Create 3x3 matrix from the vector
- Consider the following vector a<-c(NA,11:15,NA,NA) remove all the NA and find the mean of the vector
- 4. Consider the vector x=c("apple","banana","grape")

Replace the first occurrence of a with '\$'

# **Solutions to Assignment Questions**

Session 3 Basic operations in R Assignment 1

### Answer 1

```
#create the vector using command
> a<-c(seq(1,100,2))</pre>
```

#### Answer 2 -

```
#create vector b with values 1,2,3,4,5 using the below command
> b<-c(1,2,3,4,5)
#create vector c with values 8,6,2,11 using below command
> c<-c(8,6,2,11)
#combine both vectors b and c into a single vector to get required vector d
> d<-c(b,c)
# create a matrix from vector d of order 3*3 using below command
> e<-matrix(d,3,3)</pre>
```

### Answer 3:

```
# we are given a vector a with few NA values present in it entered by command > a < -c(NA,11:15,NA,NA)
```

# we need to omit or remove all the NA from the vector a

# we use the command na.omit(a) and save the result in vector f which contains no NA values in it but all the numbers

```
> f<-c(na.omit(a))</pre>
```

# now finding meanof vector f which is without NA values using the below command

> mean(f)

#### Answer 4:

# there is a vector x which already contains the  $\ 3$  strings stored in it using the  $\ R$  command

```
> x=c("apple","banana","grape")
```

# we need to replace the first occurrence of 'a' in the vector x with '\$' sign

# n vector represents a vector in which the first occurrence of 'a' i.e in apple is replaced by '\$' sign using the below command

# m vector represents a vector in which the first occurrence of 'a' is replaced by
'\$' sign in the strings stored in vector x ,using the below command