Package 'scp'

May 1, 2020

Way 1, 2020
Type Package
Title Spatial Conformal Prediction
Version 0.1.0
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Description Provide robust, valid, and model-free spatial prediction intervals using Spatial Conformal Prediction (SCP) algorithms
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.0.2
<pre>URL https://github.com/mhuiying/scp</pre>
BugReports https://github.com/mhuiying/scp/issues
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, covr, testthat
VignetteBuilder knitr
Imports geoR
R topics documented:
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2 krige_pred

ige_pred Kriging prediction function

Description

This function provides an example for pred_fun in scp, plausibility, and plausibility_contour, which provides a point prediction for location s0 (and corresponding standard error), given obserations s and Y.

Usage

```
krige_pred(s0, s, Y, return_sd = FALSE)
```

Arguments

s0	prediction location, a numeric vector with length = 2.
s	an $n \times 2$ matrix or data.frame with two coordinates of n locations.
Υ	a vector with n values corresponding to $Y(s)$.
return_sd	logical. if TRUE, Krige_pred function returns the standard error of Y(s0) along with the point prediction; if FALSE, Krige_pred function only returns the point prediction. Defaults to FALSE.

Value

If return_sd is FALSE (default), the output is a value of point prediction for Y(s0); If return_sd is TRUE, the output is a list with the following elements:

```
yhat point prediction for Y(s0)
sd standard error for Y(s0)
```

Examples

```
#?sample_data
s0 = c(0.5,0.5)
s = sample_data$s
Y = sample_data$Y

krige_pred(s0,s,Y)
krige_pred(s0,s,Y,return_sd=TRUE)
```

plausibility 3

plausibility calculate p

calculate plausibility for Y0

Description

This function provides the plausibility of Y(s0) being Y0, given observations s and Y, using spatial conformal prediction algorithms.

Usage

```
plausibility(
   Y0,
   s0,
   s,
   Y,
   global = TRUE,
   eta = Inf,
   m = NULL,
   pred_fun = krige_pred,
   thetaHat = NULL,
   dfun = c("residual2", "std_residual2")
)
```

Arguments

Y0	a scalar or a vector
s0	prediction location, a numeric vector with length = 2.
S	an $n \times 2$ matrix or data.frame with two coordinates of n locations.
Υ	a vector with n values corresponding to $Y(s)$.
global	logical; if TRUE , scp function returns the result of global spatial conformal prediction (GSCP); if FALSE, scp function returns the result of local spatial conformal prediction (LSCP) and users need to specify eta < Inf or $m \leq n.$ Defaults to TRUE.
eta	kernel bandwidth for weight schema, a positve scalar with smaller value meaning more localized procedure. Defauls to ${\tt Inf},$ which puts equal weight on surrounding ${\tt m}$ points.
m	an postive integer representing the number of nearest locations to use for prediction. Default to NULL. If $global = TRUE$, $m = n$; if $global = FALSE$ and m is not specified, m would be determined by eta .
pred_fun	spatial prediction function with inputs being $s0,s,Y$ and ouputs being predicted $Y(s0)$ (and its standard error). Defaults to $krige_pred$.
thetaHat	a vector of Matern parameters, representing nugget, partial sill, range, and smoothness as in Mao. et al. (2020). Defaults to NULL. It will be ignored if $pred_fun$ is not $krige_pred$.

plausibility_contour

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dfun

non-conformity measure with four options. In which, "residual2" (default) represents squared residual and "std_residual2" represents standardized squared residual.

Value

The output is a scalar or a vector with plausibility values for Y0. The numbers are between 0 and 1.

Author(s)

```
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```

References

to be entered

See Also

```
plausibility_contour
```

Examples

```
## To predict Y(s0), where s0 = c(0.5,0.5), using sample data
## What's the plausibility if Y(s0) = 0? Y(s0) = 1.5?

#?sample_data
s0 = c(0.5,0.5)
s = sample_data$s
Y = sample_data$Y

# plausibility for Y(s0) = 0
plausibility(Y0=0,s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y)

# plausibility for Y(s0) = 1.5
plausibility(Y0=1.5,s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y)

# plausibility for a sequence of Y0's
plausibility(Y0=seq(0,1,0.1),s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y)
```

 $plausibility_contour$ $generate\ plausibility\ contour$

Description

This function provides the plausibility contour for Y(s0), given observations s and Y, using spatial conformal prediction algorithms.

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Usage

```
plausibility_contour(
   s0,
   s,
   Y,
   global = TRUE,
   eta = Inf,
   m = NULL,
   pred_fun = krige_pred,
   thetaHat = NULL,
   dfun = c("residual2", "std_residual2"),
   precision = NULL
)
```

Arguments

s0	prediction location, a numeric vector with length = 2.
S	an $n \times 2$ matrix or data.frame with two coordinates of n locations.
Υ	a vector with n values corresponding to $Y(s)$.
global	logical; if TRUE , scp function returns the result of global spatial conformal prediction (GSCP); if FALSE, scp function returns the result of local spatial conformal prediction (LSCP) and users need to specify eta < Inf or $m \leq n.$ Defaults to TRUE.
eta	kernel bandwidth for weight schema, a positve scalar with smaller value meaning more localized procedure. Defauls to Inf , which puts equal weight on surrounding $\mathfrak m$ points.
m	an postive integer representing the number of nearest locations to use for prediction. Default to NULL. If $global = TRUE$, $m = n$; if $global = FALSE$ and m is not specified, m would be determined by eta .
pred_fun	spatial prediction function with inputs being $s0,s,Y$ and outputs being predicted $Y(s0)$ (and its standard error). Defaults to krige_pred.
thetaHat	a vector of Matern parameters, representing nugget, partial sill, range, and smoothness as in Mao. et al. (2020). Defaults to NULL. It will be ignored if pred_fun is not krige_pred.
dfun	non-conformity measure with four options. In which, "residual2" (default) represents squared residual and " $std_residual2$ " represents standardized squared residual.
precision	a positive scalar represents how dense $Y(s)$ candidates (Y_cand) are. De-

Value

The output is a "plausibility_contour" object.

faults to NULL.

Author(s)

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References

to be entered

See Also

```
plausibility
```

Examples

```
## generate plausibility contour for Y(s0), where s0 = c(0.5,0.5), using sample data
#?sample_data
s0 = c(0.5,0.5)
s = sample_data$s
Y = sample_data$Y

pc = plausibility_contour(s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y)
plot(pc)

idx = which(s[, 1] == s0[1] & s[, 2] == s0[2])
abline(v = Y[idx], col = "red", lty = 2)
legend("topright", col=1:2, lty=1:2, c("plausibility", "true value"))
```

scp

 $Spatial\ conformal\ prediction\ at\ a\ single\ input\ location$

Description

This function provides the spatial conformal prediction interval for location $\mathfrak{s0}$, given obserations \mathfrak{s} and Y.

Usage

```
scp(
   s0,
   s,
   Y,
   global = TRUE,
   eta = Inf,
   m = NULL,
   pred_fun = krige_pred,
   thetaHat = NULL,
   dfun = c("residual2", "std_residual2"),
   precision = NULL,
   alpha = 0.05
)
```

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Arguments

s0	prediction location, a numeric vector with length = 2.
s	an $n \times 2$ matrix or data.frame with two coordinates of n locations.
Υ	a vector with n values corresponding to $Y(s)$.
global	logical; if TRUE , scp function returns the result of global spatial conformal prediction (GSCP); if FALSE, scp function returns the result of local spatial conformal prediction (LSCP) and users need to specify eta. Defaults to TRUE.
eta	kernel bandwidth for weight schema, a positve scalar with smaller value meaning more localized procedure. Defauls to ${\tt Inf},$ which puts equal weight on surrounding m points.
m	an postive integer representing the number of nearest locations to use for prediction. Default depands on eta.
pred_fun	spatial prediction function with inputs being $s0, s, Y$ and ouputs being predicted $Y(s0)$ (and its standard error). Defaults to $krige_pred$ representing Kriging prediction.
thetaHat	a vector of Matern parameters, representing nugget, partial sill, range, and smoothness as in Mao. et al. (2020). Defaults to NULL. It will be ignored if pred_fun is not krige_pred.
dfun	non-conformity measure with four options. In which, "residual2" (default) represents squared residual and "std_residual2" represents standardized squared residual.
precision	a positive scalar represents how dense the candidates for $Y(s)$ are. Defaults to $NULL. \\$
alpha	significance level. Defaults to 0.05.

Value

The output is a vector of lower and upper bounds of the conformal prediction interval.

Author(s)

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References

to be entered

See Also

plausibility, plausibility_contour

scp

Examples

```
## generate prediction interval for s0 = c(0.5,0.5) using sample data
#?sample_data
s0 = c(0.5,0.5)
s = sample_data$s
Y = sample_data$Y

# default prediction interval
scp(s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y)

# user define eta=0.1, where LSCP is considered
scp(s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y,eta=0.1)

# user define non-conformity measure
scp(s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y,dfun="std_residual2")

# user define prediction function
fun = function(s0,s,Y) return(mean(Y))
scp(s0=s0,s=s,Y=Y,pred_fun=fun)
```

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```
krige_pred, 2, 3, 5, 7  \label{eq:pred} $\texttt{plausibility}$, 2, 3, 6, 7 $ \\    \texttt{plausibility}$\_contour, 2, 4, 4, 7 \\    \texttt{scp}$, 2, 6 \\
```