



0x41haz

Instructions

In this challenge, you are asked to solve a simple reversing solution. Download and analyze the binary to discover the password.

There may be anti-reversing measures in place!

View file info

```
(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ strings 0x41hax.0x41haz
/lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2
gets
exit
puts
strlen
__cxa_finalize
__libc_start_main
libc.so.6
GLIBC_2.2.5
_ITM_deregisterTMCloneTable
__gmon_start__
_ITM_registerTMCloneTable
u/UH
2@@25$gfh
sT&@f
[]A\A]A^A_
=====
Hey , Can You Crackme ?
=====
It's jus a simple binary
Tell Me the Password :
Is it correct , I don't think so.
Nope
Well Done !!
;*3$"
GCC: (Debian 10.3.0-9) 10.3.0
.shstrtab
.interp
.note.gnu.build-id
.note.ABI-tag
.gnu.hash
.dynsym
.dynstr
.gnu.version
.gnu.version_r
.rela.dyn
.rela.plt
.init
.plt.got
.text
.fini
.rodata
.eh_frame_hdr
.eh_frame
.init_array
.fini_array
.dynamic
.got.plt
.data
.bss
.comment
```

```

└─(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ readelf 0x41hax.0x41haz -e
ELF Header:
  Magic:      7f 45 4c 46 02 02 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  Class:          ELF64
  Data:          2's complement, big endian
  Version:       1 (current)
  OS/ABI:        UNIX - System V
  ABI Version:   0
  Type:          <unknown>: 300
  Machine:       <unknown>: 0x3e00
  Version:       0x1000000
  Entry point address: 0x8010000000000000
  Start of program headers: 4611686018427387904 (bytes into file)
  Start of section headers: 6931321301499904000 (bytes into file)
  Flags:         0x0
  Size of this header: 16384 (bytes)
  Size of program headers: 14336 (bytes)
  Number of program headers: 2816
  Size of section headers: 16384 (bytes)
  Number of section headers: 7168
  Section header string table index: 6912
readelf: Warning: The e_shentsize field in the ELF header is larger than the size of an ELF section header
readelf: Error: Reading 117440512 bytes extends past end of file for section headers
readelf: Error: Too many program headers - 0xb00 - the file is not that big

```

```

└─(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ file 0x41hax.0x41haz
0x41hax.0x41haz: ELF 64-bit MSB *unknown arch 0x3e00* (SYSV)

```

This [source](#) explains the display error message `*unknown arch 0x3e00*`

At the result of using `readelf` to analyze the file, focus on these points:

```

Data:          2's complement, big endian

readelf: Warning: The e_shentsize field in the ELF header is larger than the size of an ELF section header
readelf: Error: Too many program headers - 0xb00 - the file is not that big

```

The current **data type** of the file is recognized as **MSB** (Most Significant Bit, **big-endian**) but the error is trying to say `the file is not that big`. Therefore, this file might be a **LSB** (Least Significant Bit, **little-endian**) one.

Modify magic bytes

Read more about the **ELF Header**, **Class**, **Data** from [here](#). Then, modify the header magic bytes:

From

```
7f 45 4c 46 02 02 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

To

```
7f 45 4c 46 02 01 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

After that, save the modified value and verify the file is correct format:

```

└─(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ file 0x41hax.0x41haz
0x41hax.0x41haz: ELF 64-bit LSB pie executable, x86-64, version 1 (SYSV), dynamically linked, interpreter /lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2, BuildID[sha1]=6c9f2e85b64d4f12b91136ffb8e4c038f1dc6dcd, for GNU/Linux 3.2.0, stripped

```

Analyze the content

Radare2

```
└─(kali@kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ r2 -d 0x41hax.0x41haz
[0x7fc7c03f19c0]> aaa
[x] Analyze all flags starting with sym. and entry0 (aa)
[x] Analyze function calls (aac)
[x] Analyze len bytes of instructions for references (aar)
[x] Finding and parsing C++ vtables (avrr)
[x] Skipping type matching analysis in debugger mode (aافت)
[x] Propagate noreturn information (aanr)
[x] Use -AA or aaaa to perform additional experimental analysis.
[0x7fc7c03f19c0]> afl
0x558179851080 1 43 entry0
0x558179853fe0 1 4124 reloc.__libc_start_main
0x558179851030 1 6 sym.imp.puts
0x558179851040 1 6 sym.imp.strlen
0x558179850000 2 40 loc.imp._ITM_deregisterTMCleanupTable
0x558179851050 1 6 sym.imp.gets
0x558179851060 1 6 sym.imp.exit
0x558179851070 1 6 sym.imp.__cxa_finalize
0x558179851165 8 219 main
0x558179851160 5 133 -> 56 entry.init0
0x558179851120 5 57 -> 50 entry.fini0
0x5581798510b0 4 41 -> 34 fcn.5581798510b0
[0x7fc7c03f19c0]> s main
[0x558179851165]> pdf
; DATA XREF from entry0 @ 0x55817985109d
219: int main(int argc, char **argv, char **envp);
|
| ; var int64_t var_40h @ rbp-0x40
| ; var int64_t var_16h @ rbp-0x16
| ; var int64_t var_0eh @ rbp-0xe
| ; var int64_t var_0ah @ rbp-0xa
| ; var int64_t var_08h @ rbp-0x8
| ; var int64_t var_04h @ rbp-0x4
|
| 0x558179851165 55 push rbp
| 0x558179851166 4889e5 mov rbp, rsp
| 0x558179851169 4883ec40 sub rsp, 0x40
| 0x55817985116d 48b832404032. movabs rax, 0x6667243532404032 ; '2@25$gf'
| 0x558179851177 488945ea mov qword [var_16h], rax
| 0x55817985117b c745f2735426. mov dword [var_0eh], 0x40265473 ; 'sT&@'
| 0x558179851182 66c745f64c00 mov word [var_0ah], 0x4c ; 'L' ; 76
| 0x558179851188 488d3d790e00. lea rdi, str._nHey__Can_You_Crackme__n ; 0x558179852008 ; "=====\nHey
, Can You Crackme ?\n=====
|
| 0x55817985118f e89cfeffff call sym.imp.puts ; int puts(const char *)
| 0x558179851194 488d3db50e00. lea rdi, str.Its_jus_a_simple_binary__n ; 0x558179852050 ; "It's jus a simple binary \n"
| 0x55817985119b e890feffff call sym.imp.puts ; int puts(const char *)
| 0x5581798511a0 488d3dc40e00. lea rdi, str.Tell_Me_the_Password_: ; 0x55817985206b ; "Tell Me the Password : "
| 0x5581798511a7 e884feffff call sym.imp.puts ; int puts(const char *)
| 0x5581798511ac 488d45c0 lea rax, [var_40h]
| 0x5581798511b0 4889c7 mov rdi, rax
| 0x5581798511b3 b800000000 mov eax, 0
| 0x5581798511b8 e893feffff call sym.imp.gets ; char *gets(char *)
| 0x5581798511bd 488d45c0 lea rax, [var_40h]
| 0x5581798511c1 4889c7 mov rdi, rax
| 0x5581798511c4 e877feffff call sym.imp.strlen ; size_t strlen(const char *)
| 0x5581798511c9 8945f8 mov dword [var_08h], eax
| 0x5581798511cc 837df80d cmp dword [var_08h], 0xd
| 0x5581798511d0 7416 je 0x5581798511e8
| 0x5581798511d2 488d3daf0e00. lea rdi, str.Is_it_correct___I_dont_think_so. ; 0x558179852088 ; "Is it correct , I don't
think so."
|
| 0x5581798511d9 e852feffff call sym.imp.puts ; int puts(const char *)
| 0x5581798511de bf00000000 mov edi, 0
| 0x5581798511e3 e878feffff call sym.imp.exit
| 0x5581798511e8 c745fc000000. mov dword [var_4h], 0
| 0x5581798511ef eb34 jmp 0x558179851225
| 0x5581798511f1 8b45fc mov eax, dword [var_4h]
| 0x5581798511f4 4898 cdqe
| 0x5581798511f6 0fb65405ea movzx edx, byte [rbp + rax - 0x16]
| 0x5581798511fb 8b45fc mov eax, dword [var_4h]
| 0x5581798511fe 4898 cdqe
| 0x558179851200 0fb64405c0 movzx eax, byte [rbp + rax - 0x40]
| 0x558179851205 38c2 cmp dl, al
| 0x558179851207 7506 jne 0x55817985120f
| 0x558179851209 8345fc01 add dword [var_4h], 1
```

Ghidra

```

undefined8 FUN_00101165(void)
{
    size_t sVar1;
    char local_48 [42];
    undefined8 local_1e;
    undefined4 local_16;
    undefined2 local_12;
    int local_10;
    int local_c;

    local_1e = 0x6667243532404032;
    local_16 = 0x40265473;
    local_12 = 0x4c;
    puts("=====\nHey , Can You Crackme ?\n=====");
    puts("It\'s jus a simple binary \n");
    puts("Tell Me the Password :");
    gets(local_48);
    sVar1 = strlen(local_48);
    local_10 = (int)sVar1;
    if ((int)sVar1 != 0xd) {
        puts("Is it correct , I don't think so.");
        /* WARNING: Subroutine does not return */
        exit(0);
    }
    local_c = 0;
    while( true ) {
        if (0xc < local_c) {
            puts("Well Done !!");
            return 0;
        }
        if (*(char *)((long)&local_1e + (long)local_c) != local_48[local_c]) break;
        local_c = local_c + 1;
    }
    puts("Nope");
    /* WARNING: Subroutine does not return */
    exit(0);
}

```

- 0x6667243532404032
- 0x40265473
- 0x4c

```
└─(kali㉿kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ echo "0x6667243532404032" | xxd -r
fg52@02
└─(kali㉿kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ echo "0x40265473" | xxd -r
```

```
@&Ts
└─(kali㉿kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ echo "0x4c" | xxd -r
L
```

Because the data type of the file is **little-endian**, it stores data with the last byte at first (reverse). For example:

```
Original Value: 0x12345678

# LSB (Least Significant, little-endian)
Stored value: 78 56 34 12

# MSB (Most Significant, big-endian)
Stored value: 12 34 56 78
```

Read more at [here](#).

For that, the above decoded strings must be reversed before input as the required password of the file:

- fg\$52@@@2 → 2@@@25\$gf
- @&Ts → sT&@
- L → L

Combine the above reversed strings and the final string would be: **2@@@25\$gfsT&@L**

```
└─(kali㉿kali)-[~/TryHackMe/0x41haz]
└─$ ./0x41hax.0x41haz
=====
Hey , Can You Crackme ?
=====
It's jus a simple binary

Tell Me the Password :
2@@@25$gfsT&@L
Well Done !!
```