

The navier stokes equation is the following:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} + (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{v} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \nabla p + \nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{v} \quad (1)$$

For now, we will consider it in two dimensions as in  $\mathbf{v} = (u, v)$ . We write this as the following set of differential equations:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \nu \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right) \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \nu \left( \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} \right) \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2} = -\rho \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) + \rho \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) \quad (4)$$

We use finite difference methods to discretize each formula, using a combination of forward-difference, backward-difference and central-difference estimators.

$$\frac{u_{i,j}^{n+1} - u_{i,j}^n}{\Delta t} + u_{i,j}^n \frac{u_{i,j}^n - u_{i-1,j}^n}{\Delta x} + v_{i,j}^n \frac{u_{i,j}^n - u_{i,j-1}^n}{\Delta y} = \quad (5)$$

$$- \frac{1}{\rho} \left( \frac{p_{i+1,j}^n - p_{i-1,j}^n}{2\Delta x} \right) + \nu \left( \frac{u_{i+1,j}^n - 2u_{i,j}^n + u_{i-1,j}^n}{\Delta x^2} + \frac{u_{i,j+1}^n - 2u_{i,j}^n + u_{i,j-1}^n}{\Delta y^2} \right) \quad (6)$$

A similar one can be done for the  $v$  momentum equation. We also write out the estimator for the Poisson pressure equation:

$$\frac{p_{i+1,j}^n - 2p_{i,j}^n + p_{i-1,j}^n}{\Delta x^2} + \frac{p_{i,j+1}^n - 2p_{i,j}^n + p_{i,j-1}^n}{\Delta y^2} = \quad (7)$$

$$- \rho \left( \left( \frac{u_{i+1,j}^n - u_{i-1,j}^n}{2\Delta x} \right)^2 + 2 \left( \frac{u_{i,j+1}^n - u_{i,j-1}^n}{2\Delta y} \right) \left( \frac{v_{i+1,j}^n - v_{i-1,j}^n}{2\Delta x} \right) + \left( \frac{v_{i,j+1}^n - v_{i,j-1}^n}{2\Delta y} \right)^2 \right) \quad (8)$$

$$+ \frac{\rho}{\Delta t} \left( \frac{u_{i+1,j}^n - u_{i-1,j}^n}{2\Delta x} + \frac{v_{i,j+1}^n - v_{i,j-1}^n}{2\Delta y} \right) \quad (9)$$

Notice in the first finite difference equation, there is only one unknown:  $u_{i,j}^{n+1}$ , everything else is known. For pressure, it is an iterative algorithm so we need to run it many times.