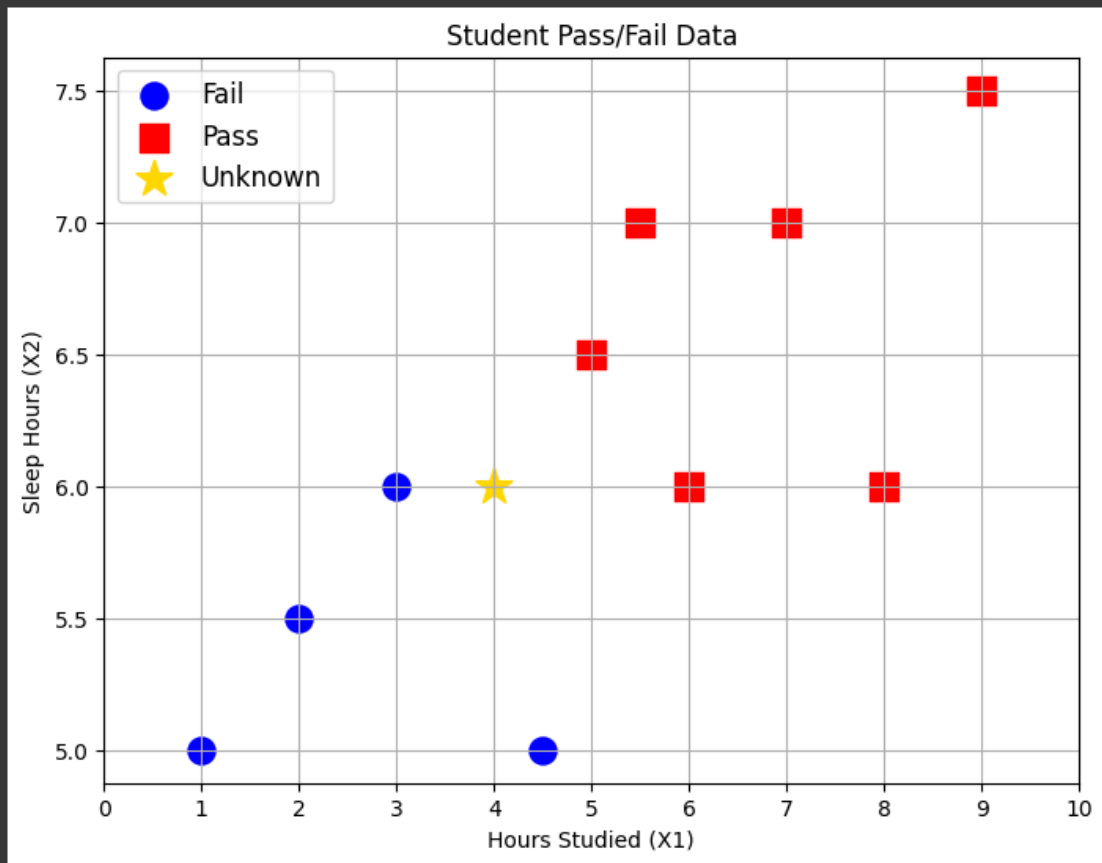


## 1. Plot all data points using a scatter plot



Show code



## 2. Compute Distances

[98]

Show code



	Student	Hours Studied (X1)	Sleep Hours (X2)	Pass/Fail (Y)	Euclidean Distance
0	1	1.0	5.0	0	3.162278
1	2	2.0	5.5	0	2.061553
2	3	3.0	6.0	0	1.000000
3	4	4.5	5.0	0	1.118034
4	5	5.0	6.5	1	1.118034
5	6	5.5	7.0	1	1.802776
6	7	6.0	6.0	1	2.000000
7	8	7.0	7.0	1	3.162278
8	9	8.0	6.0	1	4.000000
9	10	9.0	7.5	1	5.220153

## 3. Find the 3 Nearest Neighbors



Show code



	Student	Hours Studied (X1)	Sleep Hours (X2)	Pass/Fail (Y)	Euclidean Distance
0	1	1.000000	5.000000	0	3.162278
1	2	2.000000	5.500000	0	2.061553
2	3	3.000000	6.000000	0	1.000000
3	4	4.500000	5.000000	0	1.118034
4	5	5.000000	6.500000	1	1.118034
5	6	5.500000	7.000000	1	1.802776
6	7	6.000000	6.000000	1	2.000000
7	8	7.000000	7.000000	1	3.162278
8	9	8.000000	6.000000	1	4.000000
9	10	9.000000	7.500000	1	5.220153

## ▼ 4. Majority Vote

[48] [Show code](#)

```
↩ Count Pass (1): 1  
Count Fail (0): 2
```

Prediction: A new student who studied 4 hours and slept 6 hours will **Fail** the exam.

Double-click (or enter) to edit

## ▼ 5. Discussion Questions

[50] [Show code](#)

```
↩ Discussion Questions:  
1. What was your final prediction?  
   -> The prediction is: Fail  
  
2. How would the prediction change if we used k = 5 instead of k = 3?  
   -> Nearest 5 neighbors count Pass: 3, Fail: 2  
   -> Prediction with k=5: Pass
```