```
In [ ]:
         # Install TensorFlow
         # !pip install -q tensorflow-qpu==2.0.0-beta1
           %tensorflow_version 2.x # Colab only.
         except Exception:
           pass
         import tensorflow as tf
         print(tf.__version__)
        `%tensorflow_version` only switches the major version: 1.x or 2.x.
        You set: `2.x # Colab only.`. This will be interpreted as: `2.x`.
        TensorFlow 2.x selected.
        2.2.0
In [ ]:
         # Other imports
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [ ]:
         # Get the data
         !wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/lazyprogrammer/machine learning examples/master
        --2020-06-18 16:14:29-- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/lazyprogrammer/machine learni
        ng examples/master/tf2.0/moore.csv
        Resolving raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)... 151.101.0.133, 151.10
        1.64.133, 151.101.128.133, ...
        Connecting to raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com) | 151.101.0.133 | :44
        connected.
        HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
        Length: 2302 (2.2K) [text/plain]
        Saving to: 'moore.csv'
                            100\%[===========>] 2.25K --.-KB/s in 0s
        moore.csv
        2020-06-18 16:14:29 (37.1 MB/s) - 'moore.csv' saved [2302/2302]
In [ ]:
         # Load in the data
         data = pd.read_csv('moore.csv', header=None).values
         X = data[:,0].reshape(-1, 1) # make it a 2-D array of size N x D where D = 1
         Y = data[:,1]
In [ ]:
         # Plot the data - it is exponential!
         plt.scatter(X, Y)
Out[ ]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f0b9e493ac8>
```

```
2.0 -

1.5 -

1.0 -

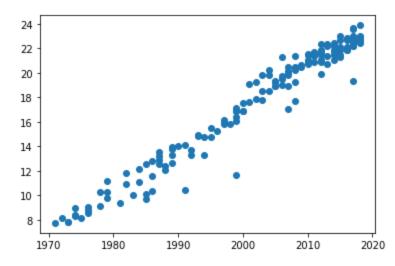
0.5 -

0.0 -

1970 1980 1990 2000 2010 2020
```

```
In [ ]:  # Since we want a linear model, let's take the log
Y = np.log(Y)
plt.scatter(X, Y)
# that's better
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f0b9b7eac18>



```
# Let's also center the X data so the values are not too large
# We could scale it too but then we'd have to reverse the transformation later
X = X - X.mean()
```

```
In []:  # Now create our TensorfLow model
    model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
        tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(1,)),
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(1)
    ])

    model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.SGD(0.001, 0.9), loss='mse')
    # model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')

# Learning rate scheduler
    def schedule(epoch, lr):
        if epoch >= 50:
```

return 0.0001 return 0.001

scheduler = tf.keras.callbacks.LearningRateScheduler(schedule)

```
# Train the model
```

r = model.fit(X, Y, epochs=200, callbacks=[scheduler])

```
Epoch 1/200
Epoch 2/200
Epoch 3/200
Epoch 4/200
Epoch 5/200
Epoch 6/200
Epoch 7/200
Epoch 8/200
6/6 [============ ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 88.1215 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 9/200
6/6 [============ ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 51.1509 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 10/200
6/6 [=============] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 39.1848 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 11/200
6/6 [============ ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 50.0891 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 12/200
6/6 [============] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 57.7818 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 13/200
6/6 [=================== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 46.9341 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 14/200
6/6 [================== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 43.3448 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 15/200
6/6 [================= ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 28.4526 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 16/200
6/6 [============] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 15.1617 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 17/200
Epoch 18/200
6/6 [=========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 5.3453 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 19/200
6/6 [============ ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 13.6583 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 20/200
6/6 [=============== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 13.0628 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 21/200
Epoch 22/200
Epoch 23/200
Epoch 24/200
Epoch 25/200
Epoch 26/200
Epoch 27/200
```

```
Epoch 28/200
Epoch 29/200
Epoch 30/200
6/6 [=========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 1.0018 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 31/200
6/6 [=========== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.9356 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 32/200
6/6 [=========== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 1.0224 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 33/200
Epoch 34/200
Epoch 35/200
Epoch 36/200
6/6 [=================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 1.0304 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 37/200
6/6 [==================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 1.2601 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 38/200
Epoch 39/200
Epoch 40/200
6/6 [=========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.9199 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 41/200
6/6 [=========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 1.0986 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 42/200
6/6 [=========== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.9465 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 43/200
Epoch 44/200
Epoch 45/200
Epoch 46/200
Epoch 47/200
Epoch 48/200
Epoch 49/200
Epoch 50/200
Epoch 51/200
6/6 [================== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 1.5608 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 52/200
Epoch 53/200
Epoch 54/200
Epoch 55/200
Epoch 56/200
Epoch 57/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.8972 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 58/200
Epoch 59/200
Epoch 60/200
```

```
Epoch 61/200
Epoch 62/200
Epoch 63/200
Epoch 64/200
Epoch 65/200
Epoch 66/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8757 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 67/200
Epoch 68/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8722 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 69/200
Epoch 70/200
Epoch 71/200
Epoch 72/200
Epoch 73/200
Epoch 74/200
Epoch 75/200
Epoch 76/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8737 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 77/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8740 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 78/200
Epoch 79/200
Epoch 80/200
Epoch 81/200
6/6 [=================== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8754 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 82/200
Epoch 83/200
Epoch 84/200
Epoch 85/200
Epoch 86/200
Epoch 87/200
Epoch 88/200
Epoch 89/200
Epoch 90/200
Epoch 91/200
6/6 [=================== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8835 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 92/200
```

```
Epoch 93/200
Epoch 94/200
Epoch 95/200
Epoch 96/200
Epoch 97/200
Epoch 98/200
Epoch 99/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8792 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 100/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8876 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 101/200
6/6 [==================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8766 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 102/200
Epoch 103/200
Epoch 104/200
Epoch 105/200
Epoch 106/200
Epoch 107/200
Epoch 108/200
Epoch 109/200
Epoch 110/200
Epoch 111/200
Epoch 112/200
Epoch 113/200
Epoch 114/200
Epoch 115/200
Epoch 116/200
Epoch 117/200
Epoch 118/200
Epoch 119/200
Epoch 120/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8761 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 121/200
Epoch 122/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8712 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 123/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8758 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 124/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8742 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 125/200
```

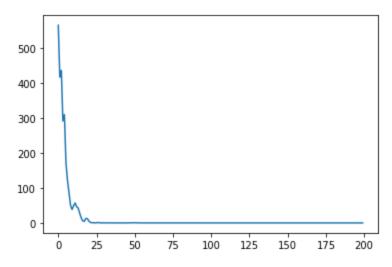
```
Epoch 126/200
Epoch 127/200
Epoch 128/200
Epoch 129/200
Epoch 130/200
Epoch 131/200
6/6 [========================== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8716 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 132/200
Epoch 133/200
6/6 [========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8739 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 134/200
Epoch 135/200
Epoch 136/200
Epoch 137/200
Epoch 138/200
Epoch 139/200
Epoch 140/200
Epoch 141/200
6/6 [========================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8711 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 142/200
6/6 [========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8715 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 143/200
Epoch 144/200
Epoch 145/200
Epoch 146/200
Epoch 147/200
Epoch 148/200
Epoch 149/200
Epoch 150/200
Epoch 151/200
Epoch 152/200
6/6 [===========] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.8754 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 153/200
Epoch 154/200
Epoch 155/200
Epoch 156/200
6/6 [=================== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8908 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 157/200
```

```
Epoch 158/200
Epoch 159/200
Epoch 160/200
Epoch 161/200
Epoch 162/200
Epoch 163/200
Epoch 164/200
6/6 [========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.9614 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 165/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8981 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 166/200
6/6 [==================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8774 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 167/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8831 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 168/200
Epoch 169/200
Epoch 170/200
Epoch 171/200
Epoch 172/200
Epoch 173/200
Epoch 174/200
Epoch 175/200
Epoch 176/200
Epoch 177/200
Epoch 178/200
Epoch 179/200
Epoch 180/200
Epoch 181/200
Epoch 182/200
Epoch 183/200
Epoch 184/200
Epoch 185/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8744 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 186/200
Epoch 187/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8709 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 188/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8752 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 189/200
6/6 [=========================] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.8969 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 190/200
```

```
6/6 [===================] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.8766 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 191/200
6/6 [================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8744 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 192/200
6/6 [================== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8772 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 193/200
Epoch 194/200
Epoch 195/200
Epoch 196/200
6/6 [========================== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8820 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 197/200
Epoch 198/200
6/6 [===================] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8744 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 199/200
Epoch 200/200
6/6 [=================== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.8892 - lr: 1.0000e-04
```

```
In [ ]: # Plot the loss
plt.plot(r.history['loss'], label='loss')
```

Out[]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f0b923997f0>]



```
# Get the slope of the line
# The slope of the line is related to the doubling rate of transistor count
print(model.layers) # Note: there is only 1 layer, the "Input" layer doesn't count
print(model.layers[0].get_weights())
```

[<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.core.Dense object at 0x7f0b9e97eda0>]
[array([[0.3362535]], dtype=float32), array([17.74322], dtype=float32)]

```
In [ ]: # The slope of the line is:
    a = model.layers[0].get_weights()[0][0,0]
```

Our original model for exponential growth is:

$$C=A_0r^t$$

Where C is transistor the count and t is the year.

r is the rate of growth. For example, when t goes from 1 to 2, C increases by a factor of r. When t goes from 2 to 3, C increases by a factor of r again.

When we take the log of both sides, we get:

$$\log C = \log r * t + \log A_0$$

This is our linear equation:

$$\hat{y} = ax + b$$

Where:

$$\hat{y} = \log C$$

$$a = \log r$$

$$x = t$$

$$b = \log A_0$$

We are interested in r, because that's the rate of growth. Given our regression weights, we know that:

$$a = 0.34188038$$

so that:

$$r = e^{0.34188038} = 1.4076$$

To find the time it takes for transistor count to double, we simply need to find the amount of time it takes for C to increase to 2C.

Let's call the original starting time t_i to correspond with the initial transistor count C.

Let's call the end time t', to correspond with the final transistor count 2C.

Then we also have:

$$2C=A_0r^{t^\prime}$$

Combine this with our original equation:

$$C = A_0 r^t$$

We get (by dividing the 2 equations):

$$2C/C=(A_0r^{t^\prime})/A_0r^t$$

Which simplifies to:

$$2=r^{(t'-t)}$$

Solve for t'-t:

$$t' - t = \frac{\log 2}{\log r} = \frac{\log 2}{a}$$

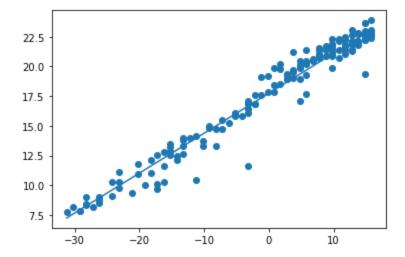
Important note! We haven't specified what the starting time t actually is, and we don't have to since we just proved that this holds for any t.

Part 2: Making Predictions

This goes with the lecture "Making Predictions"

```
In [ ]:
    # Make sure the line fits our data
    Yhat = model.predict(X).flatten()
    plt.scatter(X, Y)
    plt.plot(X, Yhat)
```

Out[]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f0b9236f4a8>]



```
In []: # Manual calculation

# Get the weights
w, b = model.layers[0].get_weights()
```

```
# Reshape X because we flattened it again earlier
X = X.reshape(-1, 1)

# (N x 1) x (1 x 1) + (1) --> (N x 1)
Yhat2 = (X.dot(w) + b).flatten()

# Don't use == for floating points
np.allclose(Yhat, Yhat2)
```

Out[]: True