## Rope Toolkit

version 2.2.3

rope component can be used to simulate simple wires or more advanced setups with pulleys and weights that require active collision detection. The bundled example scenes show how to connect the rope up to simulate cranes, rope bridges, swings and a boxing ring.

compute intensive tasks are handled by Unity jobs on separate threads

accelerated using the Burst compiler. As a result, the toolkit has

The rope component is written with performance in mind and many

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The Rope Toolkit brings *stable* and *fast* rope physics to your project. The

**Overview Features** 

 Stable & fast rope physics Mobile friendly!

Many tweakable user parameters

Pin Rope To Transform

Pin Transform To Rope

excellent performance on mobile devices.

 Pull Rigidbody To Rope Two Way Coupling Between Rigidbody And Rope Scene view handles for adjusting rope spawn curve

 High performance is achieved using Unity jobs and the Burst compiler Typical performance for the example scene with collisions enabled: ~0.2 ms spent in job threads ~0.7 ms spent on the main thread

Ability to dynamically split ropes using the SplitAt() method

 Typical performance for the example scene with collisions disabled: ■ ~0.15 ms spent in job threads ■ ~0.35 ms spent on the main thread

• 4 different rope connection types allow interaction with the rest of the scene

 Full source code Example scenes Main

 Shows how ropes and rigidbodies can be connected together in a typical scene Use the mouse to interact with the rope and the Space key to split ropes being

interacted with DynamicAttach Shows how to attach and detach ropes using the scripts

 BoxingRing Shows how ropes and rigidbodies can influence each other through collisions

**Current Limitations** 

 Collision support for convex Mesh, Box, Sphere and Capsule colliders only Scripting knowledge required for advanced rope interactions

Requirements • Burst 1.1.2 or above Components

RopeConnection This component connects the rope it is attached to to a transform or rigidbody component in the scene. The resulting behaviour depends on what type of connection is used:

This is the main component that simulates and renders the rope

Pull Rigidbody To Rope

constraints are respected.

Two Way Coupling Between Rigidbody And Rope

First time use in a new project

1. Choose Window -> Package Manager from the menu bar

4. Move around the spawn points using the scene view handles

1 scene unit is mapped to 1 texture tile (x-axis) lengt-wise

6. Optionally attach any number of RopeConnection components to the rope

• 1 texture tile (y-axis) wraps around the rope curlwise

5. Assign a material to the Material property of the rope

Optionally adjust the Tiling of the material

There are tooltips for all tweakable parameters

Avoid enabling collisions unless absolutely necessary

**Pin Transform To Rope** 

Pin Rope To Transform

rope will always follow along.

Rope

Pins a point on a transform to a point on the rope. The rope will move freely and the transform will always follow along. This connection takes control of the transform.

Pins a point on the rope to a point on a transform. The transform can move freely and the

Pulls a point on a rigidbody towards a point on the rope by applying velocity changes to

the rigidbody. This connection does not take control of the rigidbody, other forces and

Introduces a two-way coupling between the rope and a rigidbody. The rope will react to

the rigidbody and feedback impulses back to the rigidbody allowing for complicated

setups such as the crane in the example scene. Care must be taken so that the rope mass

per meter value is comparable to the masses of connected rigidbodies, otherwise the

simulation may blow up. This connection does not take control of the rigidbody, other forces and constraints are respected. **Instructions** 

The Rope Toolkit requires the Burst package (by Unity) to function properly. Make sure to import it using the Package Manager before importing the Rope Toolkit into your project. Follow these steps to import the Burst package:

2. In the window that appears, select Unity Registry from the drop-down menu next to the

3. In the list to the left, select the Burst package and press Install in the lower right corner

Manager (instead of Unity Registry in step 2). Import it in the same way as the Burst

3. Add a few spawn points either using the scene view buttons (Push spawn point, Pop

spawn point) or by manually changing the Spawn Points property in the inspector

Hold down left Shift to switch to the ordinary transform tool for more fine-grained

4. The Rope Toolkit can be found in the My Assets drop-down menu of the Package

Workflow 1. Create an empty game object

2. Attach the Rope script to it

control

typical scene

**Performance tips** 

**Collisions** 

using custom scripts

will still be rendered)

**Scripting interface** 

+ sign

package.

• Set the Local Connection Point to be the point in object local space to which the rope should be attached General tips

Examine the example scenes to get an understanding for how to connect the rope in a

Change the tweakable parameters when in play-mode to get a feel for what they do

Look at the helper scripts to get an understanding for how one can interact with the rope

Disable simulation of ropes that are far away or out of view using a custom script (they

Only call rope methods in a custom script from FixedUpdate() or LateUpdate()

Set the Body or Transform reference to the object the rope should be connected to

Collision detection is very performance intensive, as all physics queries have to be performed on the main thread. Aim to keep the Stride value as high as possible to reduce the amount of queries. Another approach is to disable simulation of ropes that require collisions more aggressively and keep the number of active ropes with collisions enabled to a bare minimum, even though the total number in the scene is high. **Stiffness** 

Rope stiffness depends on many factors: the Stiffness value of the rope, the Resolution of the

rope, the Substeps and Solver Iterations of the rope and finally the Fixed Timestep value in

Project Settings  $\rightarrow$  Time. To achieve a stiff rope, choose a high stiffness value, a low

The rope is simuated using a set of inter-connected particles (visuaized by spheres when

selecting a rope in edit-mode). Since the physics simulation is inherently stable, one can move

around these particles in almost any way imaginable. This enables many custom setups such as

To fascilitate custom interactions with ropes, the rope component exposes a small scripting

interface. The table below shows the properties and methods available. For more information

Returns the measurements of the rope. The measurements remain constant after the rope

resolution value, many substeps and solver iterations and a low fixed time step.

the rope bridge in the example scene (see RopeBridgePlank.cs).

on a particular property or method, see the description in the source file.

Adds a new spawn point to the rope. May be called from edit-mode.

Removes the last spawn point of the rope. May be called from edit-mode.

## currentBounds The current world-space bounds of the visual mesh

PushSpawnPoint()

PopSpawnPoint()

rope

is first initialized.

GetParticleIndexAt(distance)

GetScalarDistanceAt(particleIndex)

SetPositionAt(particleIndex, position)

SetVelocityAt(particleIndex, velocity)

SetMassMultiplierAt(particleIndex, value)

GetMassMultiplierAt(particleIndex)

The default value is 1.

The default value is 1.

GetVelocityAt(particleIndex)

Sets the position of a particular simulation particle

Sets the velocity of a particular simulation particle

GetClosestParticle(point, out particleIndex, out distance)

Finds the simulation particle closest to a particular point

Finds the simulation particle closest to a particular ray

SetPositionAt(particleIndex, position, maxImpulseStrength)

Returns the current velocity of a particular simulation particle

measurements

**Interface** 

is located at. The scalar distance is a value between 0 and 1. The lengthMultiplier is not taken into account. To get the distance along the rope in world space, multiply the scalar distance by the realCurveLength measurement. GetPositionAt(particleIndex) Returns the current position of a particular simulation particle

Returns the index of the simulation particle at a particular distance along the curve of the

Returns the scalar distance along the curve of the rope that a particular simulation particle

Sets the position of a particular simulation particle while at the same time making sure not

to apply a larger impulse than the specified max impulse strength. If the max impulse

strength is exceeded, the particle will be moved part-way towards the target position. This

Returns the mass multiplier of a particular simulation particle. This value can be used to

increase or decrease a particle's influence on neighboring particles. A value of 0 will make

the particle immovable. A value of 2 will make the particle twice as heavy as its neighbors.

Sets the mass multiplier of a particular simulation particle. This value can be used to

increase or decrease a particle's influence on neighboring particles. A value of 0 will make

the particle immovable. A value of 2 will make the particle twice as heavy as its neighbors.

this method from FixedUpdate(). Any simulation particle involved in a rigidbody

Resets the rope to its original shape relative to the current transform. Useful when

activating a pooled game object that is deactivated and re-activated instead of destroyed

Splits the rope at a specific simulation particle and returns the rope components of the

newly instantiated game objects. Make sure that the supplied array has exactly 2 slots. A

Unity message 'OnRopeSplit(Rope.OnSplitParams)' will be sent to each newly created

rope.SetMassMultiplierAt(0, 0.0f); // makes particle 0 immovable with respect to the simul

• Introduce a "max impulse strength" parameter to SetPositionAt() enabling an easy way to

• [ACTION REQUIRED] Update any rope component that has the simulation.gravity

• [ACTION REQUIRED] Update any rope component that uses a custom mesh to use

Add ability to stretch custom meshes instead of them moving too far apart when the rope

Rename package from "Rope Minikit" to "Rope Toolkit" to reflect its fully featured state

• [ACTION REQURED] Any custom scripts must now reference the namespace

• [ACTION REQURED] To not have to retweak rope properties in an existing project,

set the simulation substeps property (found under Rope/Simulation/Advanced) to 1

limit the pull strength of helper scripts (such as in the RopeMouseInteraction script)

Add setting for using a custom gravity value or the global physics gravity

property set to use the new simulation.useCustomGravity and

simulation.customGravity properties instead

• Add support for simulation substeps to enable stiffer ropes

after importing the new version of the toolkit

This introduced subtle bugs in certain situations

Add ability for ropes to influence rigidbodies when collisions are enabled

Add BoxingRing example scene to show how ropes can now push rigidbodies away

Add interpolation property that may be used to smooth the motion of the rope

This is especially useful when a low fixed update rate is used

Remove ability to move one end of a rope by updating its Transform component - use the

The behavior mimics the RigidbodyInterpolation setting and has the following

Improve performance when generating rope geometry (by taking advantage of newer

See the Rope/Collisions/Influence Rigidbodies property

Move custom mesh settings into their own category

the new customMesh category instead

connection will get its mass multiplier reset to 1 at the end of the simulation frame.

rigidbody,

rigidbodyDamping,

A: This is caused by

a bug in Unity.

the

GetClosestParticle(ray, out particleIndex, out distance, out distanceAlongRay)

method is useful when limiting the strength of helper scripts that interact with the rope.

RegisterRigidbodyConnection(particleIndex, pointOnBody, stiffness) Registers a rigidbody connection for the next simulation frame. A rigidbody connection is a two-way coupling of a simulation particle to a traditional rigidbody. Make sure to call

ResetToSpawnCurve()

rope.

**Execution order** 

**Example usage** 

public Rope rope;

public class RopeMover : MonoBehaviour

public void FixedUpdate()

if (rope == null)

strange when it is connected to a rope?

**Change log** 

return;

using RopeToolkit;

{

}

v2.2.3

v2.2.2

**FAQ** 

}

and instantiated.

SplitAt(particleIndex, outNewRopes)

Make sure the custom script runs before the custom execution order of Rope.cs, which defaults to 100. Calling rope methods from Update() or after the rope's FixedUpdate() will halt the main thread as it waits for the rope simulation jobs to complete. This destroys parallelism and performance.

rope.SetPositionAt(0, transform.position);

Q: Why does a rigidbody with a freeze rotation constraint act

GetCurrentLength() length of the Computes current rope. In contrast measurements.realCurveLength field, this value includes the stretching of the rope due to stress.

 Fix bug where rope length was not preserved accurately when splitting the rope using SplitAt() v2.2.1

Use game object layer for rendering

• Add custom mesh scale override

RopeToolkit

RopeConnection component instead

Reorganize rope inspector view slightly

is stretched

v2.2.0

**v2.1.0** 

v1.11

**v1.1** 

values

Unity APIs)

None

Interpolate

Extrapolate

Add shadow casting mode

though it was pinned down using a RopePin component

More accurate rope length calculation on SplitAt()

pressing space before letting go!

of a smooth rope

exception

**v1.01** 

**v1.03**  Fix bug where one end of the rope could be moved if it collided with something even Fix bug where one end of the rope would show more sag than the other end when the rope was being stretched Add Rope.GetCurrentLength() method previously used caused iOS builds to fail

**v1.02** Add soft backdrop to example scene

 Fix rope enable/disable logic Add ResetToSpawnCurve() method **v1.0** Initial release

**Contact** toolkits in practice!

Website: https://gustavolsson.com/ Contact: https://gustavolsson.com/contact/ Copyright 2025 Gustav Olsson

v2.0.0 Replace the RopePin and RopeRigidbodyConnection components with a single RopeConnection component and add 2 new connection types • There are now 4 connection types: Pin Rope To Transform Pin Transform To Rope Pull Rigidbody To Rope Two Way Coupling Between Rigidbody And Rope Warning: This change breaks backwards compatibility! Add gravity property for setting the gravity vector on a per-rope basis Fix bug where wrong impulse function was used for rigidbody feedback Warning: This might require re-tweaking of the stiffness/damping values of your existing rope setups Fix bug where rigidbody rotational constraints would not be handled properly when connected to a rope Reskin example scene • Switch to 3 digit semantic versioning

• Fix bug where multiple ropes with custom meshes would allocate unnecessary memory

Try it out in the example scene by grabbing a rope with the mouse pointer and

Add support for custom meshes that can be rendered instead of the default rope cylinder

Change RopePin and RopeRigidbodyConnection components to be lazily initialized

Rename RopeMeasurements struct to Measurements and make it a sub-type of Rope

Fix bug where toggling the simulation.enabled flag could result in an IndexOutOfBounds

To illustrate this, the crane in the example scene now has a chain with links instead

Add support for dynamically splitting the rope using the new SplitAt() method

The example scene rope material now uses an explicit texture as the built-in one

Please let me know if you run into any problems when using the toolkit or if you have feedback on how I can improve it in the future. I am also interested in seeing projects that use any of my

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