

Heuristic Analysis

0. Number of my legal moves - Number of opponent's legal moves

```
```own_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(player))
opp_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(game.get_opponent(player)))
return float(own_moves - opp_moves)
```
```

- This is the base function implemented in the agents.
- The difference between my legal moves and opponent's is directly related to the final outcome of the game.
- It's fast to compute.

1. Number of common moves

```
```own_moves = game.get_legal_moves(player)
opp_moves = game.get_legal_moves(game.get_opponent(player))
return float(len(set(own_moves) & set(opp_moves)))
```
```

- The intention was to get into opponent's way by maximizing the joint spaces
- The result showed the lowest win rate, implies chasing after opponent is not a good strategy
- It's fast to compute.

2. Number of my legal moves

```
```own_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(player))
return float(own_moves)
```
```

- Now only try to maximize my legal moves
- The result win rate is low compare to the base function and ID_Improved, implies I can't totally ignore the opponent's position and moves
- It's fast to compute.

3. (Number of my legal moves - Number of opponent's legal moves) - 1 step forward

```
```own_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(player))
opp_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(game.get_opponent(player)))

for move in game.get_legal_moves(player):
 game_forecast = game.forecast_move(move)
 own_moves += len(game_forecast.get_legal_moves(player))
 opp_moves += len(game_forecast.get_legal_moves(game_forecast.get_opponent(player)))
```
```

```

return float(own_moves - opp_moves)
...

```

- This is the base function implemented with one step forward, so we sum up the total legal moves for the next step.
- It further emphasize the idea of maximizing the difference between my vs opponents legal moves.
- It's slower to compute compare to others, so it can't search as deep.

4. Combina 0 and 3 depends on the stage of the game

```

...if len(game.get_blank_spaces()) > 20:
    return custom_score0(game, player)
else:
    return custom_score3(game, player)
...

```

- While there are more than 20 blank spaces, which is about mid-game, we use the base score, and use the 1-step-forward after the number of legal moves are more limited.
- The difference between my legal moves and opponent's is directly related to the final outcome of the game. And search one step forward in the later stage enhance the idea.
- It's faster than use 1-step-forward during the whole game.
- This is chosen as the final custom score.

| | 0 | | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | FINAL | |
|-------------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | ID | Student | ID | Student | ID | Student | ID | Student | ID | Student |
| Random | 17 | 18 | 18 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 19 | 18 |
| MM_Null | 17 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 18 | 16 | 17 | 19 | 18 | 19 |
| MM_Open | 16 | 13 | 16 | 10 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 17 |
| MM_Improved | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 14 |
| AB_Null | 18 | 16 | 15 | 12 | 11 | 14 | 17 | 15 | 15 | 16 |
| AB_Open | 15 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 15 | 12 | 11 | 14 | 15 | 14 |
| AB_Improved | 14 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 12 | 9 | 13 | 13 |
| Total Win | 112 | 105 | 105 | 92 | 102 | 95 | 103 | 101 | 107 | 111 |
| % Win | 80.00% | 75.00% | 75.00% | 65.71% | 72.86% | 67.86% | 73.57% | 72.14% | 76.43% | 79.29% |