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AVLtree.cpp
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#include "AVLtree.hpp"
#include<iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
AVLTree<int>* TestInsert(){
       AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50,49,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
                t->insert(values[i]);
                //t->print();
        //std::cout<<t->Head->Right->Right->Right->Right->Value;
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        t->print();
        if (t->Head->Value != 50){
                std::cout << "insert failed";</pre>
        if (t->Head->Left->Value != 25){
                std::cout << "insert failed on 25";
        if (t->Head->Left->Left->Value != 10){
                std::cout << "insert failed on 10";
        //std::cout<< "test";</pre>
        return t;
AVLTree<int>* TestLeftRotate(){
       AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
        /*std::vector<int> values = {50, 51, 52,9,8,7,6,5,4,3};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){
                t->insert(values[i]);
        t->insert(50);
        t->insert(51);
       t->insert(48);
       t->insert(47);
       //t->print();
       t->rotateLeft(t->Head, t->Head->Right);
       return t;
AVLTree<int>* TestRightRotate(){
       AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
        /*std::vector<int> values = {50, 51, 52,9,8,7,6,5,4,3};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){
                t->insert(values[i]);
        }*/
        t->insert(50);
       t->insert(51);
       t->insert(48);
       t->insert(47);
       //t->print();
        t->rotateRight(t->Head, t->Head->Left);
```

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        return t.
AVLTree<int>* TestDelete() {
        AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50,49,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
                t->insert(values[i]);
                //t->print();
        AVLNode < int > * q = t - > find(44);
        t->print();
        t->erase(q);
        //t->print();
        return t;
AVLTree<int>* TestFind(){
        AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50, 25, 100, 10, 75, 76, 74};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
                t->insert(values[i]);
        AVLNode<int>* p = t->Head->Left->Left;
        AVLNode<int>* output = t->find(10);
        if (p != output) {
                return t;
        AVLTree<int>* q = new AVLTree<int>(); //it worked!
        AVLNode<int>* goodHead = new AVLNode<int>(666, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr
);
        q->Head = qoodHead;
        return q;
AVLTree<int>* TestCopConstruct(){
        AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50, 25, 100, 10, 75, 76, 74};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
                t->insert(values[i]);
        AVLTree<int>* alsot = new AVLTree<int>(*t);
        //t->print();
        //alsot->print();
        AVLTree<int>* q = new AVLTree<int>(); //it worked!
        AVLNode<int>* goodHead = new AVLNode<int>(666, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr
);
        q->Head = goodHead;
        return alsot;
AVLTree<int>* TestCopAssign(){
        AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50, 25, 100, 10, 75, 76, 74};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
                t->insert(values[i]);
        AVLTree<int>* alsot = new AVLTree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values2 = {1,2,3,4,5,6,99,11,525,1245};
        for (int i = 0; i < values2.size(); i++){</pre>
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                alsot->insert(values2[i]);
       alsot = new AVLTree<int>(*t);
       //t->print();
       //alsot->print();
       AVLTree<int>* q = new AVLTree<int>(); //it worked!
       AVLNode<int>* goodHead = new AVLNode<int>(666, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr
);
       q->Head = goodHead;
       return alsot;
AVLTree<int>* TestHeight(){
       AVLTree<int>* t = new AVLTree<int>();
       std::vector<int> values = {50, 25, 100, 10, 75, 76, 74};
       for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){
                t->insert(values[i]);
        int output = t->Head->SubTreeHeight();
        if (output == 4){
               AVLTree<int>* q = new AVLTree<int>(); //it worked!
                AVLNode<int>* goodHead = new AVLNode<int>(666, nullptr, nullptr,
nullptr);
                g->Head = goodHead;
                return q;
       return t;
}
*/
int main(){
       AVLTree<int>* t;
       t = TestInsert();
       t = TestLeftRotate();
       t = TestRightRotate();
       t = TestDelete();
       //t = TestFind();
       /*t = TestCopConstruct();
        t = TestCopAssign();
       //t = TestHeight();*/
       t->print();
       return 0;
```

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                                        tree.cpp
                                                                         Page 1/2
#include "tree.hpp"
//#include "benchmark.hpp"
#include<iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
Tree<int>* TestInsert(){
        Tree<int>* t = new Tree<int>();
        t->insert(50);
        t->insert(51);
        t->insert(52);
        t->insert(53);
//
        t->print();
        if (t->Head->Value != 50){
                std::cout << "insert failed";</pre>
        if (t->Head->Left->Value != 25){
                std::cout << "insert failed on 25";
        if (t->Head->Left->Left->Value != 10){
                std::cout << "insert failed on 10";
        return t;
Tree<int>* TestDelete() {
        Tree<int>* t = new Tree<int>();
        t->insert(50);
        t->insert(25);
        t->insert(100);
        t->insert(10);
        t->insert(75);
        t->insert(76);
        t->insert(74);
        //t->print();
        t->erase(t->Head->Right->Left->Right);
        return t;
Tree<int>* TestFind(){
        Tree<int>* t = new Tree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50, 25, 100, 10, 75, 76, 74};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
                t->insert(values[i]);
        Node<int>* p = t->Head->Left->Left;
        Node<int>* output = t->find(10);
        if (p != output){
                return ti
        Tree<int>* q = new Tree<int>(); //it worked!
        Node<int>* goodHead = new Node<int>(666, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr);
        q->Head = goodHead;
        return t;
Tree<int>* TestCopConstruct(){
        Tree<int>* t = new Tree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50, 25, 100, 10, 75, 76, 74};
        for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
                t->insert(values[i]);
```

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                                       tree.cpp
                                                                        Page 2/2
       Tree<int>* alsot = new Tree<int>(*t);
        //t->print();
        //alsot->print();
        Tree<int>* q = new Tree<int>(); //it worked!
       Node<int>* goodHead = new Node<int>(666, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr);
        q->Head = goodHead;
       return alsot;
Tree<int>* TestCopAssign(){
       Tree<int>* t = new Tree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values = {50, 25, 100, 10, 75, 76, 74};
       for (int i = 0; i < values.size(); i++){</pre>
               t->insert(values[i]);
        Tree<int>* alsot = new Tree<int>();
        std::vector<int> values2 = {1,2,3,4,5,6,99,11,525,1245};
        for (int i = 0; i < values2.size(); i++){</pre>
                alsot->insert(values2[i]);
        alsot = new Tree<int>(*t);
        //t->print();
       //alsot->print();
        Tree<int>* q = new Tree<int>(); //it worked!
       Node<int>* goodHead = new Node<int>(666, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr);
        q->Head = goodHead;
       return alsot;
int main(){
        Tree<int>* t;
        t = TestInsert();
        t = TestDelete();
       t = TestFind();
       t = TestCopConstruct();
        t = TestCopAssign();
        //t->print();
        return 0;
```

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benchmark.cpp
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                                                                        Page 1/2
#include <chrono>
#include <iostream>
#include <random>
#include <vector>
#include "tree.hpp"
void TestInsert(){
std::mt19937 prbq;
  for (int n = 1000; n <= 500000; n += 10000) {</pre>
    // Get the starting time point. The type is deduced because it's hard
    // to spell (it is std::chrono::system_clock::time_point).
    auto start = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    // The actual test.
    Tree<int>* tree = new Tree<int>();
    //std::vector<int> seq;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
     std::uniform_int_distribution<int> rand(0, i);
      //int num = rand(prbg);
                                              // Generate a random number
      tree->insert(i);
      //auto iter = linear_search(seq, num); // Find the insertion point
      //seq.insert(iter, num);
    // Get the current system time in nanoseconds.
    auto stop = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    // Print the number of nanoseconds each test takes.
    std::cout << n << "," << (stop - start).count() << std::endl;
void TestFind(){
std::mt19937 prbg;
  for (int n = 1000; n <= 50000; n += 1000) {</pre>
    Tree<int>* tree = new Tree<int>();
    std::vector<int> seq;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
      std::uniform_int_distribution<int> rand(0, i);
      //int num = rand(prbg);
                                              // Generate a random number
      tree->insert(i);
      //auto iter = linear_search(seq, num); // Find the insertion point
      seq.push_back(i);
    auto start = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    for (int f = 0; f < seq.size(); \overline{f}++){
        Node<int>* test = tree->find(f);
    // Get the current system time in nanoseconds.
    auto stop = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    // Print the number of nanoseconds each test takes.
    std::cout << n << "," << (stop - start).count() << std::endl;
int main()
 // TestInsert();
```

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<pre>TestFind(); }</pre>		
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AVLbenchmark.cpp
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#include <chrono>
#include <iostream>
#include <random>
#include <vector>
#include "AVLtree.hpp"
void TestInsert(){
std::mt19937 prbg;
 for (int n = 1000; n <= 50000; n += 1000) {</pre>
    // Get the starting time point. The type is deduced because it's hard
    // to spell (it is std::chrono::system_clock::time_point).
    auto start = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    // The actual test.
    AVLTree<int>* tree = new AVLTree<int>();
    //std::vector<int> seq;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     std::uniform_int_distribution<int> rand(0, i);
      int num = rand(prbg);
                                           // Generate a random number
      tree->insert(num);
      //auto iter = linear_search(seq, num); // Find the insertion point
      //seq.insert(iter, num);
    // Get the current system time in nanoseconds.
    auto stop = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    // Print the number of nanoseconds each test takes.
    std::cout << n << "," << (stop - start).count() << std::endl;
void TestFind(){
std::mt19937 prbg;
  for (int n = 1000; n <= 50000; n += 1000) {</pre>
   AVLTree<int>* tree = new AVLTree<int>();
    std::vector<int> seq;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
      std::uniform_int_distribution<int> rand(0, i);
     int num = rand(prbg);
                                           // Generate a random number
     tree->insert(n);
      //auto iter = linear_search(seq, num); // Find the insertion point
     seq.push_back(n);
    auto start = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    for (int f = 0; f < seq.size(); \overline{f}++){
       AVLNode<int>* test = tree->find(f);
    // Get the current system time in nanoseconds.
    auto stop = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    // Print the number of nanoseconds each test takes.
    std::cout << n << "," << (stop - start).count() << std::endl;
int main()
  //TestInsert();
  TestFind();
```

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}		