## Case Definition 1: At least one occurrence of the breast cancer diagnostic codes

```
library(tidyverse)
library(bigrquery)
# This query represents dataset "breast cancer condition" for domain
"condition" and was generated for All of Us Controlled Tier Dataset v7
dataset 57829836 condition sql <- paste("
    SELECT
        c occurrence.person id,
        c occurrence.condition concept id,
        c standard concept.concept name as standard concept name,
        c standard concept.concept code as standard concept code,
        c standard concept.vocabulary id as standard vocabulary
    FR<sub>0</sub>M
        ( SELECT
        FROM
            `condition_occurrence` c_occurrence
        WHERE
                condition concept id IN (SELECT
                    DISTINCT c.concept id
                FROM
                     `cb criteria` c
                JOIN
                     (SELECT
                        CAST(cr.id as string) AS id
                    FROM
                         `cb criteria` cr
                    WHERE
                        concept id IN (4091464, 4091469, 4112853,
4162253, 81250)
                        AND full text LIKE '% rank1]%'
                        ON (c.path LIKE CONCAT('%.', a.id, '.%')
                        OR c.path LIKE CONCAT('%.', a.id)
                        OR c.path LIKE CONCAT(a.id, '.%')
                        OR c.path = a.id)
                WHERE
                    is standard = 1
                    AND is selectable = 1)
            AND (
                c occurrence.PERSON ID IN (SELECT
                    distinct person id
```

```
FROM
                     `cb search person` cb search person
                WHERE
                    cb search person.person id IN (SELECT
                        person id
                    FROM
                        `cb search person` p
                    WHERE
                        has whole genome variant = 1 )
                    AND cb search person.person id IN (SELECT
                        person id
                    FR0M
                        `cb search_person` p
                    WHERE
                        has ehr data = 1 ) )
            )) c occurrence
    LEFT JOIN
        `concept` c_standard_concept
            ON c occurrence.condition concept id =
c standard concept.concept id", sep="")
# Formulate a Cloud Storage destination path for the data exported
from BigQuery.
# NOTE: By default data exported multiple times on the same day will
overwrite older copies.
        But data exported on a different days will write to a new
location so that historical
        copies can be kept as the dataset definition is changed.
condition 57829836 path <- file.path(</pre>
  Sys.getenv("WORKSPACE BUCKET"),
  "bg exports",
  Sys.getenv("OWNER EMAIL"),
  strftime(lubridate::now(), "%Y%m%d"), # Comment out this line if
you want the export to always overwrite.
  "condition 57829836",
  "condition 57829836 *.csv")
message(str_glue('The data will be written to
{condition 57829836 path}. Use this path when reading ',
                 'the data into your notebooks in the future.'))
# Perform the query and export the dataset to Cloud Storage as CSV
files.
# NOTE: You only need to run `bg table save` once. After that, you can
        just read data from the CSVs in Cloud Storage.
bg table save(
  bg dataset query(Sys.getenv("WORKSPACE CDR"),
dataset_57829836_condition_sql, billing =
Sys.getenv("GOOGLE PROJECT")),
  condition 57829836 path,
```

```
destination format = "CSV")
# Read the data directly from Cloud Storage into memory.
# NOTE: Alternatively you can `qsutil -m cp {condition 57829836 path}`
to copy these files
        to the Jupyter disk.
read bg export from workspace bucket <- function(export path) {</pre>
  col types <- cols(standard concept name = col character(),</pre>
standard concept code = col character(), standard vocabulary =
col character())
  bind rows(
    map(system2('gsutil', args = c('ls', export path), stdout = TRUE,
stderr = TRUE),
        function(csv) {
          message(str glue('Loading {csv}.'))
          chunk <- read csv(pipe(str glue('gsutil cat {csv}')),</pre>
col types = col types, show col types = FALSE)
          if (is.null(col types)) {
            col types <- spec(chunk)</pre>
          chunk
        }))
condition df <-
read bg export from workspace bucket(condition 57829836 path)
dim(condition df)
— Attaching core tidyverse packages —
tidyverse 2.0.0 —
✓ dplvr
                                  2.1.5
           1.1.4
                      ✓ readr
✓ forcats 1.0.0

✓ stringr

                                  1.5.1

✓ ggplot2 3.5.2

✓ tibble

                                  3.2.1
✓ lubridate 1.9.4
                      ✓ tidyr
                                  1.3.1
✓ purrr
           1.0.4
 - Conflicts -
tidyverse conflicts() —
* dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
* dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force
all conflicts to become errors
The data will be written to qs://fc-secure-672eeb92-4859-4ed9-9f59-
d4349f3534a0/bq exports/micah hysong@researchallofus.org/20250825/
condition 57829836/condition 57829836 *.csv. Use this path when
reading the data into your notebooks in the future.
Loading
gs://fc-secure-672eeb92-4859-4ed9-9f59-d4349f3534a0/bg exports/micah h
ysong@researchallofus.org/20250825/condition 57829836/
```

```
condition 57829836 000000000000.csv.
[1] 864695
           5
unique(condition df$standard concept name)
 [1] "Intraductal carcinoma in situ of breast"
 [2] "Malignant neoplasm of male breast"
 [3] "Primary malignant neoplasm of female right breast"
 [4] "Carcinoma of female breast"
 [5] "Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of female breast"
 [6] "Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of female breast"
 [7] "Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola of male breast"
 [8] "Infiltrating lobular carcinoma of left female breast"
 [9] "Primary malignant neoplasm of central portion of female breast"
[10] "Secondary malignant neoplasm of breast"
[11] "Infiltrating duct carcinoma of left female breast"
[12] "Hereditary breast and ovarian cancer syndrome"
[13] "Carcinoma of breast - lower, inner quadrant"
[14] "Primary malignant neoplasm of male breast"
[15] "Carcinoma in situ of female breast"
[16] "Carcinoma in situ of right breast"
[17] "Hormone receptor positive malignant neoplasm of breast"
[18] "Inflammatory carcinoma of breast"
[19] "Primary malignant neoplasm of female left breast"
[20] "Malignant phyllodes tumor of breast"
[21] "Intraductal carcinoma in situ of bilateral breasts"
[22] "Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of breast"
[23] "Malignant tumor of breast"
```

- [24] "Primary malignant neoplasm of areola of female breast"
- [25] "Carcinoma of breast upper, outer quadrant"
- [26] "Primary malignant neoplasm of breast lower outer quadrant"
- [27] "Papillary carcinoma in situ of breast"
- [28] "Carcinoma in situ of left breast"
- [29] "Overlapping malignant neoplasm of male breast"
- [30] "Secondary malignant neoplasm of female breast"
- [31] "Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of female breast"
- [32] "Infiltrating duct carcinoma of breast"
- [33] "Primary malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right female breast"
- [34] "Carcinoma of male breast"
- [35] "Carcinoma of central portion of breast"
- [36] "Primary malignant neoplasm of breast lower inner quadrant"
- [37] "Malignant neoplasm of breast upper outer quadrant"
- [38] "Primary malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left female breast"
- [39] "Triple-negative breast cancer"
- [40] "Infiltrating duct carcinoma of right female breast"
- [41] "Primary malignant neoplasm of breast upper inner quadrant"
- [42] "Invasive carcinoma of breast"
- [43] "Malignant neoplasm of breast upper inner quadrant"
- [44] "Carcinoma of breast"
- [45] "Lobular carcinoma in situ of breast"
- [46] "Primary malignant neoplasm of skin of breast"
- [47] "Recurrent primary malignant neoplasm of left female breast"
- [48] "Intraductal carcinoma in situ of right breast"

- [49] "Infiltrating lobular carcinoma of right female breast"
- [50] "Primary malignant neoplasm of lower inner quadrant of female breast"
- [51] "Metastatic human epidermal growth factor 2 positive carcinoma of breast"
- [52] "Local recurrence of malignant tumor of breast"
- [53] "Primary malignant neoplasm of breast"
- [54] "Infiltrating lobular carcinoma of breast"
- [55] "Carcinoma in situ of breast"
- [56] "Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of female breast"
- [57] "Malignant neoplasm of female breast"
- [58] "Malignant neoplasm of central part of female breast"
- [59] "Paget's disease of nipple"
- [60] "Human epidermal growth factor 2 negative carcinoma of breast"
- [61] "Intraductal carcinoma in situ of left breast"
- [62] "Infiltrating ductal carcinoma of upper outer quadrant of right female breast"
- [63] "Malignant lymphoma of breast"
- [64] "Overlapping malignant neoplasm of female breast"
- [65] "Lobular carcinoma in situ of left breast"
- [66] "Malignant neoplasm, overlapping lesion of breast"
- [67] "Malignant melanoma of skin of breast"
- [68] "Primary malignant neoplasm of lower outer quadrant of female breast"
- [69] "Mucinous carcinoma of breast"
- [70] "HER2-positive carcinoma of breast"
- [71] "Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of female breast"
- [72] "Primary malignant neoplasm of upper outer quadrant of female breast"
- [73] "Lobular carcinoma in situ of right breast"
- [74] "Primary malignant neoplasm of breast upper outer quadrant"

```
[75] "Primary malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of breast"
[76] "Primary malignant neoplasm of upper inner quadrant of female breast"
[77] "Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola of female breast"
[78] "Primary malignant neoplasm of female breast"
[79] "Adenocarcinoma of breast"
[80] "Infiltrating duct carcinoma of female breast"
case_definition1<-unique(condition_df$person_id)
length(case_definition1)
[1] 10697</pre>
```

## Case Definition 2: Personal Health History Survey Indication

```
library(tidyverse)
library(bigrquery)
# This query represents dataset "bc" for domain "survey" and was
generated for All of Us Controlled Tier Dataset v8
dataset 28116944 survey sql <- paste("</pre>
    SELECT
        answer.person id,
        answer.survey datetime,
        answer.survey,
        answer.question concept id,
        answer.question,
        answer.answer concept id,
        answer.answer,
        answer.survey_version_concept_id,
        answer.survey version name
    FROM
        `ds survey` answer
    WHERE
            question concept id IN (836772)
        AND (
            answer.PERSON ID IN (SELECT
                 distinct person id
            FR<sub>0</sub>M
```

```
`cb search person` cb search person
            WHERE
                cb search person.person id IN (SELECT
                    person id
                FR0M
                     cb search person` p
                WHERE
                    has whole genome variant = 1)
                AND cb search person.person id IN (SELECT
                    person id
                FROM
                    `cb_search_person` p
                WHERE
                    has ehr data = 1)
        )", sep="")
# Formulate a Cloud Storage destination path for the data exported
from BigQuery.
# NOTE: By default data exported multiple times on the same day will
overwrite older copies.
        But data exported on a different days will write to a new
location so that historical
        copies can be kept as the dataset definition is changed.
survey 28116944 path <- file.path(</pre>
  Sys.getenv("WORKSPACE BUCKET"),
  "bg exports",
  Sys.getenv("OWNER EMAIL"),
  strftime(lubridate::now(), "%Y%m%d"), # Comment out this line if
you want the export to always overwrite.
  "survey_28116944",
  "survey 28116944 *.csv")
message(str glue('The data will be written to {survey 28116944 path}.
Use this path when reading ',
                 'the data into your notebooks in the future.'))
# Perform the query and export the dataset to Cloud Storage as CSV
# NOTE: You only need to run `bq table save` once. After that, you can
       just read data from the CSVs in Cloud Storage.
bg table save(
  bq_dataset_query(Sys.getenv("WORKSPACE CDR"),
dataset 28116944 survey sql, billing = Sys.getenv("G00GLE PROJECT")),
  survey 28116944 path,
  destination format = "CSV")
# Read the data directly from Cloud Storage into memory.
# NOTE: Alternatively you can `gsutil -m cp {survey_28116944_path}` to
copy these files
        to the Jupyter disk.
```

```
read bg export from workspace bucket <- function(export path) {</pre>
  col types <- cols(survey = col character(), question =</pre>
col_character(), answer = col_character(), survey_version_name =
col character())
  bind rows (
    map(system2('gsutil', args = c('ls', export path), stdout = TRUE,
stderr = TRUE),
        function(csv) {
          message(str glue('Loading {csv}.'))
          chunk <- read csv(pipe(str glue('gsutil cat {csv}')),</pre>
col types = col types, show col types = FALSE)
          if (is.null(col types)) {
            col types <- spec(chunk)</pre>
          chunk
        }))
survey df <-
read bg export from workspace bucket(survey 28116944 path)
dim(survey df)
The data will be written to qs://fc-secure-672eeb92-4859-4ed9-9f59-
d4349f3534a0/bg exports/micah hysong@researchallofus.org/20250825/
survey 28116944/survey 28116944 *.csv. Use this path when reading the
data into your notebooks in the future.
Loading
gs://fc-secure-672eeb92-4859-4ed9-9f59-d4349f3534a0/bg exports/micah h
ysong@researchallofus.org/20250825/survey 28116944/
survey 28116944 000000000000.csv.
[1] 104257
bc<-survey df[survey df$answer == "Including yourself, who in your
family has had breast cancer? - Self",]
case definition2<-unique(bc$person id)</pre>
length(case definition2)
[1] 6778
length(case definition1)
length(case definition2)
full list<-c(case definition1, case definition2)</pre>
cases<-unique(full list)</pre>
length(cases)
[1] 10697
[1] 6778
```

## **Get Controls**

```
# This snippet assumes that you run setup first
# This code copies a file from your Google Bucket into a dataframe
# replace 'test.csv' with the name of the file in your google bucket
(don't delete the quotation marks)
name of file in bucket <- 'Demographic and ancestry covariates.csv'</pre>
##
##
############## DON'T CHANGE FROM HERE
# Get the bucket name
my bucket <- Sys.getenv('WORKSPACE BUCKET')</pre>
# Copy the file from current workspace to the bucket
system(paste0("gsutil cp ", my bucket, "/data/",
name_of_file_in_bucket, " ."), intern=T)
# Load the file into a dataframe
demographics <- read csv(name of file in bucket)</pre>
character(0)
table(demographics$SexGender[demographics$person id %in% cases])
controls <- demographics$person_id[!(demographics$person_id %in%</pre>
cases)1
table(demographics$SexGender[demographics$person id %in% controls])
length(controls)
#Control for Sex/Gender
# Filter the demographic dataframe to remove rows where SexGender is
"Cis male"
non_male_ids <- demographics %>%
 filter(SexGender != "Cis male") %>%
 select(person id)
# Filter the cases dataframe by retaining only rows with person id in
cis woman ids
```

```
cases <- cases[cases %in% non male ids$person id]</pre>
length(cases)
# Filter the controls dataframe by retaining only rows with person id
in cis woman ids
controls <- controls[controls %in% non male ids$person id]</pre>
length(controls)
library(tidyverse)
library(bigrquery)
# This query represents dataset "mastectomy" for domain "procedure"
and was generated for All of Us Controlled Tier Dataset v8
dataset 81554391 procedure sql <- paste("
    SELECT
        procedure.person id.
        procedure.procedure concept id,
        p standard concept.concept name as standard concept name,
        p standard concept.concept code as standard concept code,
        p standard concept.vocabulary id as standard vocabulary,
        procedure.procedure datetime,
        procedure.procedure type concept id,
        p type.concept name as procedure type concept name,
        procedure.modifier concept id,
        p modifier.concept name as modifier concept name,
        procedure.quantity,
        procedure.visit occurrence id,
        p visit.concept name as visit occurrence concept name,
        procedure.procedure source value,
        procedure.procedure source concept id,
        p source concept.concept name as source concept name,
        p source concept.concept code as source concept code,
        p source concept.vocabulary id as source vocabulary,
        procedure.modifier source value
    FROM
        ( SELECT
        FROM
             procedure_occurrence` procedure
        WHERE
                procedure concept id IN (SELECT
                    DISTINCT c.concept id
                FROM
                     `cb criteria` c
                JOIN
                    (SELECT
                        CAST(cr.id as string) AS id
                    FROM
                         `cb criteria` cr
```

```
WHERE
                        concept id IN (4286804)
                        AND full text LIKE '% rank1]%'
                        ON (c.path LIKE CONCAT('%.', a.id, '.%')
                        OR c.path LIKE CONCAT('%.', a.id)
                        OR c.path LIKE CONCAT(a.id, '.%')
                        OR c.path = a.id)
                WHERE
                    is standard = 1
                    AND is selectable = 1)
            AND (
                procedure.PERSON ID IN (SELECT
                    distinct person id
                FROM
                    `cb search person` cb search person
                WHERE
                    cb_search_person.person_id IN (SELECT
                        person id
                    FROM
                        `cb search person` p
                    WHERE
                        has whole genome variant = 1 )
                    AND cb search person.person id IN (SELECT
                        person id
                    FROM
                         `cb search_person` p
                    WHERE
                        has ehr data = 1 )
            )) procedure
    LEFT JOIN
        `concept` p standard concept
            ON procedure.procedure concept id =
p standard concept.concept id
    LEFT JOIN
        `concept` p type
            ON procedure.procedure type concept id = p type.concept id
    LEFT JOIN
        'concept' p modifier
            ON procedure.modifier concept id = p modifier.concept id
    LEFT JOIN
        `visit occurrence` v
            ON procedure.visit occurrence id = v.visit occurrence id
    LEFT JOIN
        `concept` p visit
            ON v.visit concept id = p visit.concept id
    LEFT JOIN
        `concept` p_source_concept
```

```
ON procedure.procedure source concept id =
p source concept.concept id", sep="")
# Formulate a Cloud Storage destination path for the data exported
from BigQuery.
# NOTE: By default data exported multiple times on the same day will
overwrite older copies.
        But data exported on a different days will write to a new
location so that historical
        copies can be kept as the dataset definition is changed.
procedure 81554391 path <- file.path(</pre>
  Sys.getenv("WORKSPACE BUCKET"),
  "bq exports",
  Sys.getenv("OWNER EMAIL"),
  strftime(lubridate::now(), "%Y%m%d"), # Comment out this line if
you want the export to always overwrite.
  "procedure 81554391",
  "procedure 81554391 *.csv")
message(str glue('The data will be written to
{procedure 81554391 path}. Use this path when reading '
                 'the data into your notebooks in the future.'))
# Perform the query and export the dataset to Cloud Storage as CSV
files.
# NOTE: You only need to run `bq table save` once. After that, you can
        just read data from the CSVs in Cloud Storage.
bg table save(
  bq dataset query(Sys.getenv("WORKSPACE CDR"),
dataset 81554391 procedure sql, billing =
Sys.getenv("GOOGLE PROJECT")),
  procedure 81554391 path,
  destination format = "CSV")
# Read the data directly from Cloud Storage into memory.
# NOTE: Alternatively you can `gsutil -m cp {procedure 81554391 path}`
to copy these files
        to the Jupyter disk.
read bq export from workspace bucket <- function(export path) {</pre>
  col types <- cols(standard concept name = col character(),</pre>
standard_concept_code = col_character(), standard vocabulary =
col character(), procedure type concept name = col character(),
modifier concept name = col character(), visit occurrence concept name
= col character(), procedure source value = col character(),
source_concept_name = col_character(), source_concept_code =
col character(), source vocabulary = col character(),
modifier source value = col character())
  bind rows(
    map(system2('gsutil', args = c('ls', export path), stdout = TRUE,
stderr = TRUE),
```

```
function(csv) {
         message(str glue('Loading {csv}.'))
          chunk <- read_csv(pipe(str_glue('gsutil cat {csv}')),</pre>
col types = col types, show col types = FALSE)
         if (is.null(col types)) {
           col types <- spec(chunk)</pre>
          chunk
       }))
}
procedure df <-
read_bq_export_from_workspace_bucket(procedure_81554391_path)
unique(procedure df$standard concept name)
head(procedure df, 5)
length(controls)
controls <- controls[!controls %in% procedure df$person id]</pre>
length(controls)
df cases <- data.frame(</pre>
  person id = cases,
  status = 1
)
df controls <- data.frame(</pre>
  person id = controls,
  status = 0
)
final df <- rbind(df cases, df controls)</pre>
nrow(final df)
n distinct(final df$person id)
# This snippet assumes that you run setup first
# This code saves your dataframe into a csv file in a "data" folder in
Google Bucket
# Replace of with THE NAME OF YOUR DATAFRAME
my dataframe <- final df
# Replace 'test.csv' with THE NAME of the file you're going to store
in the bucket (don't delete the quotation marks)
destination_filename <- 'eMERGE_breast_cancer_case_control_df.csv'</pre>
##
############### DON'T CHANGE FROM HERE
```