#### Baseband data transmission

Transmission systems, line codes and power spectra, filtering

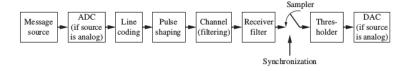
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September 24, 2016



### Baseband transmission systems



ADC sampling, quantization  $\rightarrow f_s > 2W$ 

Line coding generates signal according to data format

Pulse shaping, Receiver filter optimizes signal for channel transmission

Synchronization, Thresholder samples signal at correct time, obtain bit/symbol value



### Line codes (explanation)

NRZ - Nonreturn-to-zero

```
NRZ change 1 = V_D D; 0 = -V_D D
NRZ mark 1 = level change; 0 = no change
```

RZ - Return-to-zero

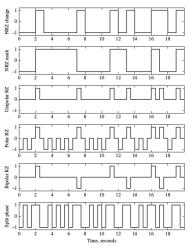
```
Unipolar RZ 1 = \text{half-width pulse}, 0 = \text{no pulse}
Polar RZ 1 = \text{positive RZ pulse}, 0 = \text{negative RZ pulse}
Bipolar RZ 1 = \text{alternating RZ pulse}, 0 = \text{no pulse}
```

Other

Plit phase 1 = NRZ pulse with 0-phase, 0 = NRZ pulse with  $\pi$ -phase



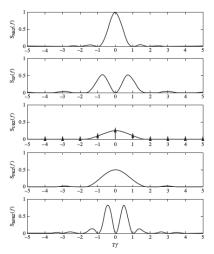
# Line codes (waveforms)



## Line codes (considerations)

- Self-synchronization
- Channel bandwidth, frequency response
- Transparency
- Error probability and detection

# Line codes (power spectra)



### ISI - Intersymbol interference

- Caused by insufficient channel BW
- Shallower pulses, symbol bleeding
- Solutions:
  - Proper pulse shaping and receiver filter
  - Equalization