



Esempio di verifica

$\forall \varepsilon \in \mathbb{R} \; |f(x+\varepsilon)-f(x)| < \mathscr{S}$

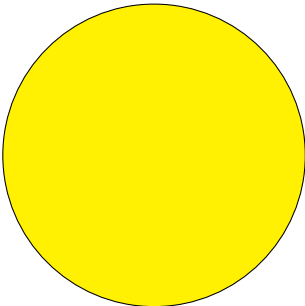
$A\widehat{B}C=120^{\circ}-\int_{x=0}^{\infty}\frac{1}{x^2}+\binom{5}{2}-\sum_{i=1}^N\frac{i(i+1)}{2}-\overline{x}$

$\square^{\circ}\mathrm{C}e$

€



Figura 1: Logo della scuola 1



Logo della scuola 2

A1 A2 AB3
 B12
Prova in verde

$2x^2-6=0$
 $2(x-\sqrt{3})(x+\sqrt{3})=0$

prova prova
prova prova

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ1

$\textcolor{brown}{\mathrm{Nm}}\cdot\textcolor{brown}{\mathrm{s}}^{-2}\Omega\overset{1\mathrm{cg}}{\implies}\overset{1\mathrm{cg}}{\implies}\quad\frac{\textcolor{brown}{\mathrm{m}}}{\textcolor{brown}{\mathrm{s}}^2}\implies\quad\vec{v}\neq\vec{v}_1\binom{5+2}{2}=10\quad\binom{1}{3}{6}\implies\quad A\widehat{B}C$

Consideriamo i triangoli ABC e $A'B'C'$:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} AB \cong A'B' \\ BC \cong B'C' \\ CA \cong C'A' \end{array} \right\} \overset{3^{\circ}\mathrm{cc}}{\implies} ABC \cong A'B'C'$$