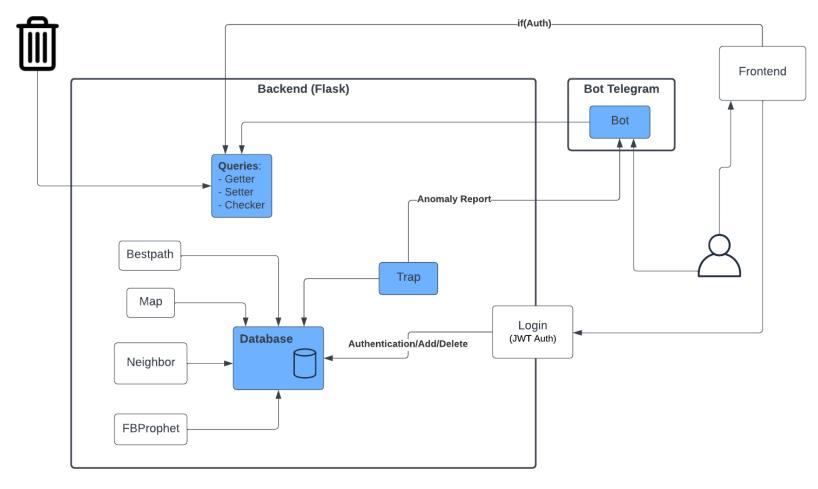
Technical part

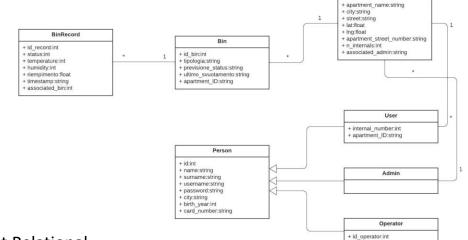


### **MODULES**





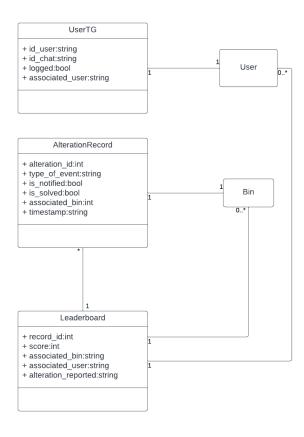
### DATABASE





 <u>SQLAlchemy</u> is the Python SQL toolkit and Object Relational Mapper that gives application developers the full power and flexibility of SQL. (https://www.sqlalchemy.org/)

 It allows us to define regular Python objects and methods and translates them into low-level SQL database instructions.





#### BinRecord

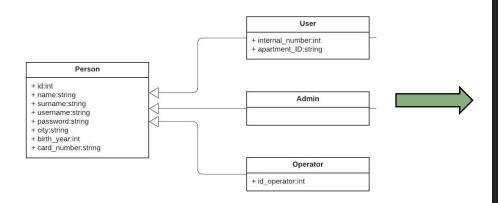
- + id\_record:int
- + status:int
- + temperature:int
- + humidity:int
- + riempimento:float
- + timestamp:string
- + associated bin:int

\* 1 + id\_bin:int + tipologia:string + previsione\_status:string + ultimo\_svuotamento:string + apartment ID:string



Δ





```
apartment ID = db.Column(
                                                                                "apartment_ID", db.String, db.ForeignKey("apartment.apartment_name"))
                                                                           def __init__(self, p: Person, apartment_ID: str, internal_number: int):
                                                                                super(). init (p.username, p.name, p.surname,
                                                                                                 p.password, p.city, p.birth year, p.card number)
                                                                               self.apartment ID = apartment ID
lass Person:
 id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
                                                                                self.internal number = internal number
 username = db.Column("username", db.String(20),
                    nullable=False, unique=True)
 name = db.Column("name", db.String)
 surname = db.Column("surname", db.String)
 password = db.Column("password", db.String, nullable=False)
 city = db.Column("city", db.String)
 birth year = db.Column("birth year", db.Integer)
                                                                         class Admin(Person, db.Model):
 card number = db.Column("card number", db.String)
                                                                            __tablename__ = "admin"
 def __init__(self,
     username: str,
                                                                            def __init__(self, x: Person) -> None:
     name: str,
                                                                                super().__init__(x.username, x.name, x.surname,
     surname: str,
                                                                                                   x.password, x.city, x.birth_year, x.card_number)
     password: str,
     birth_year: int,
     card_number: str
     self.username = username
     self.name = name
     self.surname = surname
     self.password = password
     self.city = city
     self.birth year = birth year
                                                                       class Operator(Person, db.Model):
     self.card number = card number
                                                                            tablename = "operator"
                                                                            id_operator = db.Column("idOperator", db.Integer)
                                                                            def __init__(self, x: Person, id: int) -> None:
                                                                                super(). init (x.username, x.name, x.surname,
                                                                                                   x.password, x.city, x.birth_year, x.card_number)
```

class User(Person, db.Model):
tablename = "user"

self.id operator = id

internal number = db.Column("internal number", db.Integer)



## QUERIES

#### Queries:

- Getter
- Setter
- Checker

#### Getter (/get):

- /prevision/<string:apartment>
- /urlprevision/<string:apartment>
- /getprofileuser/<string:uid>
- /getprofileadmin/<string:uid>
- /getScore/<string:usr>
- /getSession/<string:usr>
- /leaderboard
- /getrecord/<string:id\_bin>
- /dataAdmin/<string:uid>
- /getBins/<string:city>
- /getUsers/<string:city>
- /getypes/<string:apartment>
- /getApartmentUsers/<string:apartment>
- /getBinInfo/<string:id\_bin>
- /getApartment/<string:name>

#### Setter (/set):

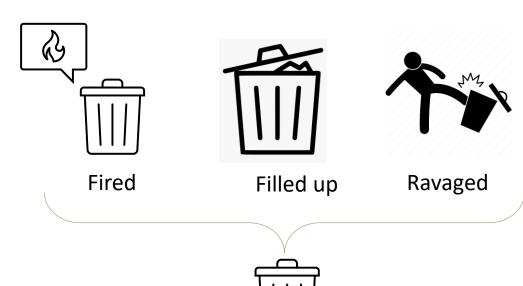
/set\_TelegramSession/<string:usr>&<int:idchat>

#### Checker (/check):

- /checkSession/<string:userid>
- /checkUsername/<string:usr>
- /checkuid/<string:uid>&<int:id\_bin>
- /checkAdmin/<string:uid>&<string:password>



## TRAP





Send POST Request
https://api.telegram.org/bot
{TOKEN}/sendMessage







### BOT TELEGRAM





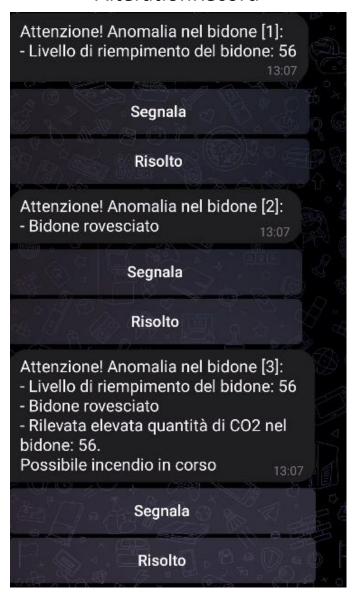
#### UserTG

▼ 1:	
associated_user:	"mick"
id_chat:	"41608202"
id_user:	"@mich2k"
logged:	true

/set\_TelegramSession/<string:usr>&<int:idchat>

/getScore/<string:usr>

#### AlterationRecord





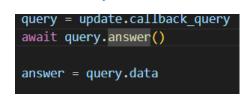


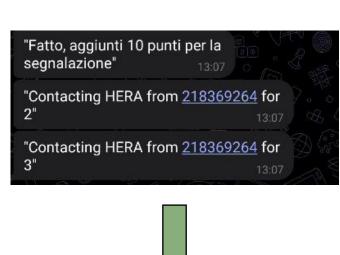
Leaderboard

### InlineKeyboardButton

Send POST Request

**TRAP** 







### LOGIN

#### Why JWT?

- Scalability: cookies can make more complex to maintain the authentication state across different servers.
   JWT can be used to maintain authentication and authorization state in a decentralized way.
- 2. Security: Cookies can be vulnerable to attacks such as Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) and Cross-Site Scripting (XSS). JWT offers a higher level of security thanks to the use of a digital signature to verify the integrity of the token and the possibility of encrypting the data contained in the token itself.
- **3. Efficiency**: Using cookies requires transferring data between the client and server on every request. By using JWT, authentication and authorization data can be stored directly in the token, avoiding the need to transfer this data between client and server on every request.

POST Request to: https://flask.gmichele.it/login/loginadmin



### BESTPATH & MAP

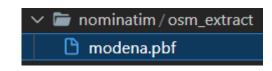


 Leaflet is an open-source JavaScript library used to build web mapping applications

https://flask.gmichele.it/map/viewmap/

# openroute service





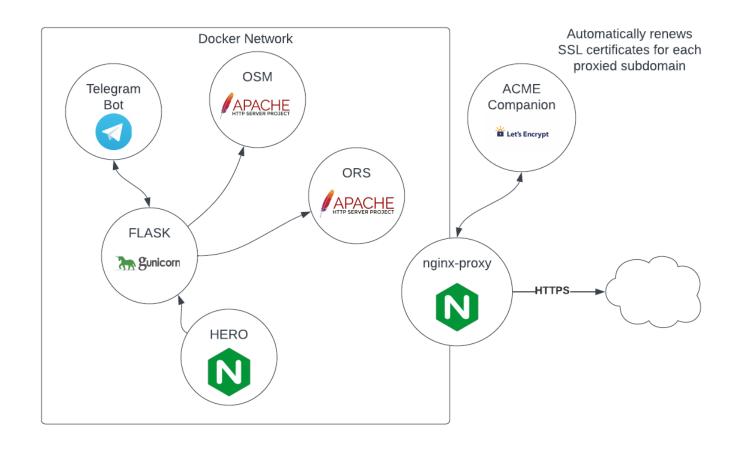
http://download.geofabrik.de/

- OpenStreetMap (OSM) is a free, open geographic database updated and maintained by a community of volunteers via open collaboration.
- OpenRouteService (ORS) is a very useful routing service used for matrix distances or optimal path.
   It is based on OSM data.

https://osm.gmichele.it/reverse?lat=<lat>&lon=<lon>&format=json



## DOCKER NETWORK



\* Self-hosted



## PROTOTYPE DESIGN INTRO

Material (polylactic acid)

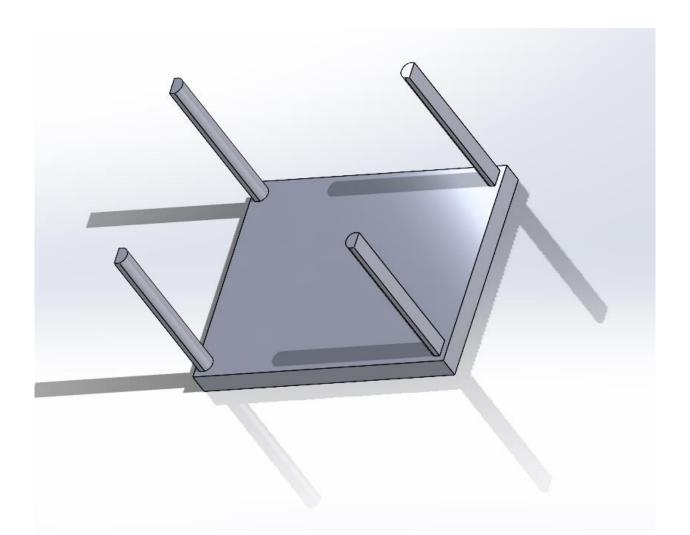
• Printer: Flying Bear Ghost 5

• CAD Software: Solidworks 2023

• Slicer: CURA

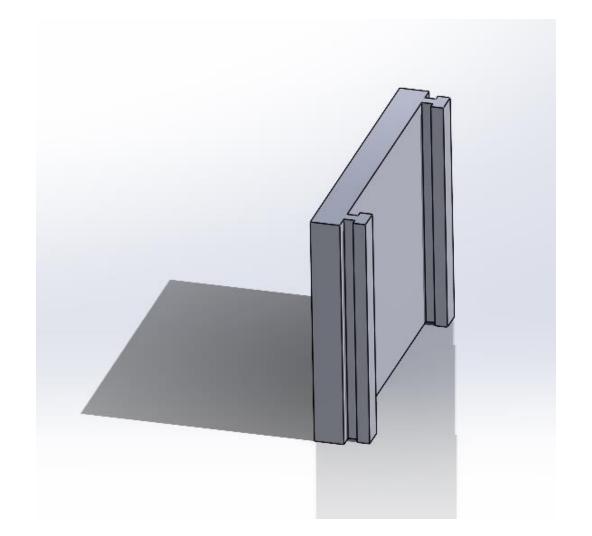


# PROTOTYPE DESIGN BASE



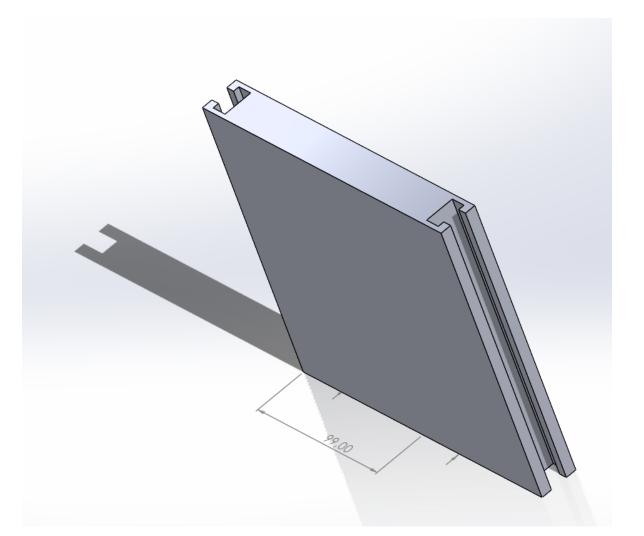


# PROTOTYPE DESIGN MALE-FEM WALL



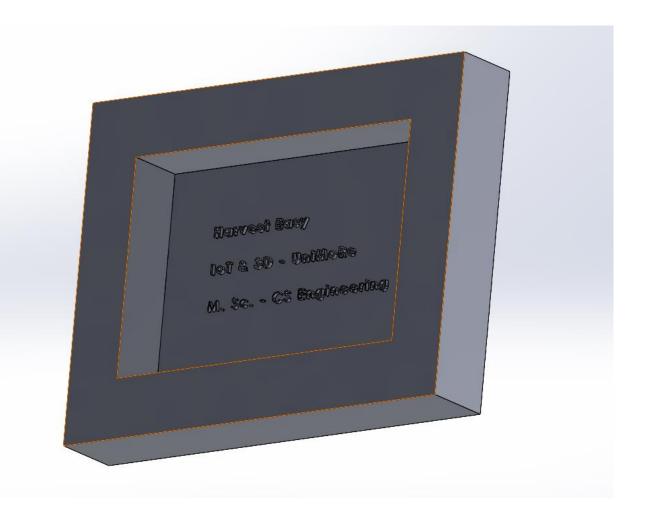


# PROTOTYPE DESIGN FEM WALL



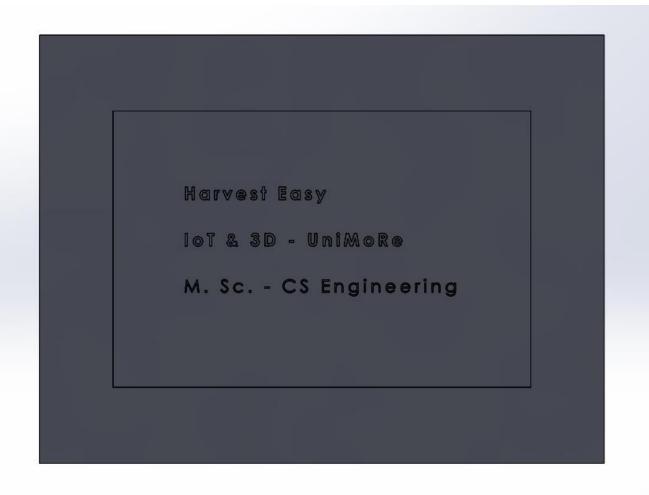


# PROTOTYPE DESIGN TOP



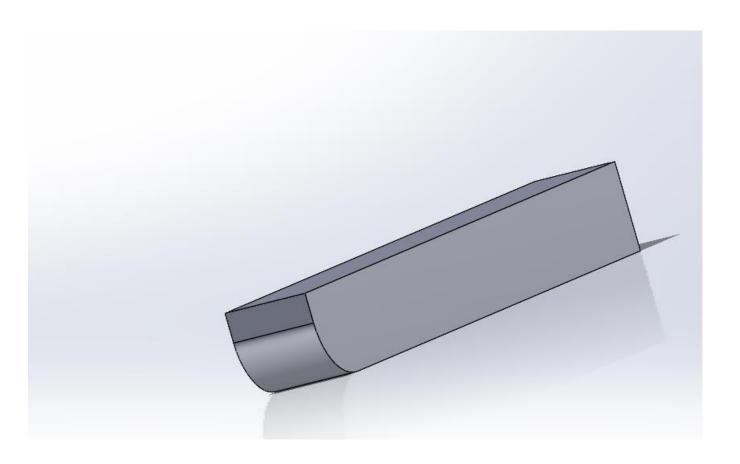


# PROTOTYPE DESIGN TOP





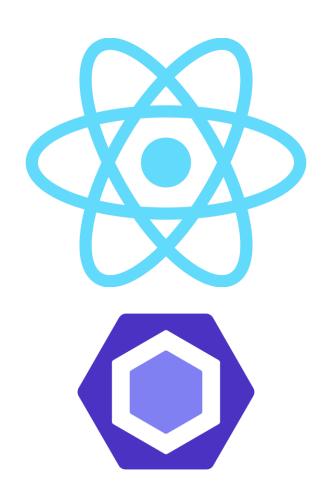
# PROTOTYPE DESIGN ENGINE ARM





## FRONTEND TECHNOLOGIES









## FRONTEND

- ATOMIC DESIGN PATTERN
- REUSABLE COMPONENTS
- RESPONSIVE
- MODERN UI



## FRONTEND

```
useEffect(() => {

    if (!navigator.geolocation) {
        setGeoSupported(false);
        return;
}

navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(function (position) {
        setGeoCoordinates(new Coordinates(position.coords.latitude, position.coords.longitude));
        setGeoAllowanceGiven(true);
}, function (error) {
        if (error.code == error.PERMISSION_DENIED) {
            console.log("permission denied");
            setGeoAllowanceGiven(false);
}

});
});
```



# FRONTEND LOGIN (AXIOS-JWT-BEARER)



# FRONTEND WASTE-LIST COMPONENT

```
const typologyColorMap: TypologyColorMap = { "vetro": "bg-green-600", "plastica": "bg-blue-600", "carta": "bg-yellow-300", "umido": "bg-orange-900", "other"
const WasteListComponent: React.FC<Props> = ({ wasteList }) => {
 if (!wasteList) return (<div className='text-bold'>Loading or not available</div>);
 return (
     {Object.keys(wasteList).map((wasteInfoKey, index) => {
       const wasteInfo = wasteList[wasteInfoKey as keyof WasteInfo];
       return (
         <div key={index}>
           <hr></hr>
           <div className='font-medium mb-4 mt-2'>
             Tipologia rifiuto: <span className='uppercase'>{wasteInfoKey}</span></div>
           <div className='mb-4'>Stato: {wasteInfo.status === 1 ?
                <span> <GreenCircle></GreenCircle> OK!</span> : wasteInfo.status == 2
                ? <span><YellowCircle></YellowCircle> FULL!</span> :
                <span> <RedCircle></RedCircle> DANGER!</span>}</div>
            <BinProphetRecord filling={wasteInfo.riempimento} sort type={wasteInfoKey} color={typologyColorMap[wasteInfoKey]}</pre>
           date={String(wasteInfo.previsione status)}></BinProphetRecord>
         </div>
   </div>
```



# FRONTEND BASE64 TO IMG COMPONENT



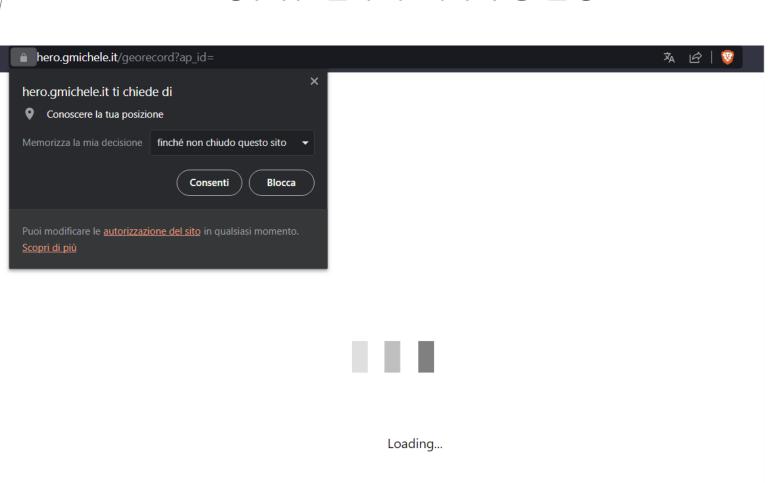
# FRONTEND BASE64 TO IMG COMPONENT

```
class toSendMsg {
  timestamp: string;
  apartment name: string;
  common city: string;
  admin username: string;
  apartment coords: Coordinates;
  final people: Person[];
  apartment waste sorting: string[];
  constructor(final people: Person[], apartment waste sorting: string[], common city: string, apartment name: string, timestamp: string, admin username: str
    this.final people = final people;
    this.apartment waste sorting = apartment waste sorting;
    this.common city = common city;
    this.apartment name = apartment name;
    this.timestamp = timestamp;
    this.admin username = admin username;
    this.apartment coords = apartment coords;
```

const [apartment\_waste\_sorting, setApartmentWasteSorting] = useState<Set<string>>(new Set()); ADMIN-RECORDAXIOSPOST



## FRONTEND SAFETY PAGES





## FRONTEND CUSTOM PAGES

☐ hero.gmichele.it/georecord?ap\_id=

#### Apartment ID invalid or not specified or a broken QR Code

Sorry about that! Please visit our hompage to get where you need to go.

Take me there!





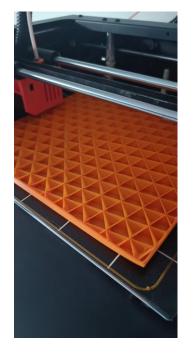
Vincenzo Lapadula

Michele Giarletta

Alessia Saporita

https://hero.gmichele.it/





## **EXTRA**



