



Curtin University

Modules

ISYS2001, School of Marketing and Management

ELECTRONIC WARNING NOTICE FOR COPYRIGHT STATUTORY LICENCES

WARNING

This material has been reproduced and communicated to you by or on behalf of **Curtin University** in accordance with section 113P of the *Copyright Act 1968 (the Act)*

The material in this communication may be subject to copyright under the Act. Any further reproduction or communication of this material by you may be the subject of copyright protection under the Act.

Do not remove this notice.

I acknowledge the traditional custodians of the land on which I work and live, and recognise their continuing connection to land, water and community. I pay respect to elders past, present and emerging.

Today

- Modules
- Packages
- Modular Design

Recall Modules

Import keyword

The module we want to use

```
import random
```

```
random.choice([1,2,3])
```

Call the choice()
function from the
random module

Recall Convenience

Import keyword

Module

'as' keyword followed
by an alias

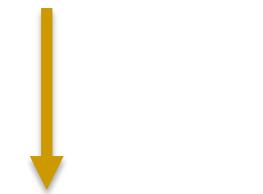
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
plt.plot([1,3,5,7,9], [1,9,25,49,81])
```

Alias, followed by dot,
followed by function

Specific Import

from keyword Module import keyword



import keyword



function



```
from datetime import time
```

```
X = time(hour=15)
```

Module

- A file containing Python code
- Typically functions, variables and classes
- Logically organise your code

Creating a Module

- Define the function(s)
- Save to file
- Import file
- Python script
- For notebooks:
 - import margo_loader*
 - import notebook*
- *Sometimes: %run*

Create the module (file: hello.py)

```
# Define a function  
  
def greeting():  
    print("Hello, World!")
```

```
#Define variable  
  
Name = "Steve"
```

Use Module

```
# Import the modules  
import hello
```

```
# call the function  
hello.greetting()
```

```
# Print variable  
print(hello.name)
```

Package

- Collection of Python files
- Directory structure
- `__init__.py`
- Bundled together uploaded to PyPi

Modules and Packages

- Conceptually One Thing
- Encapsulation (Hide internal workings)
- Provide Application Programmers Interface (API)
- Also called a library
- Must be in Python Path
- Name Space
- Code Reuse
- Distribution

Appending Paths

```
import sys  
sys.path.append('/user/steve/')
```

```
import hello
```

...

Modular design

- use to manage complexity
- break large problem into small problems
- small problems become functions
- group related functions into a module
- group related modules into a package

Today

- Modules
- Packages
- Modular Design