# DAT470/DIT065 Assignment 1

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# Problem 1

# (a) Log in to minerva

#### Command:

ssh yongm@minerva.cse.chalmers.se

#### Result:

Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.8.0-55-generic x86\_64)

- \* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
- \* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
- \* Support: https://ubuntu.com/pro

System information as of Wed Mar 26 10:44:06 AM CET 2025

System load: 0.11 Swap usage: 0% Users logged in: 6

Usage of /: 1.9% of 1.71TB Temperature: 70.0 C

Memory usage: 59% Processes: 674

\* Strictly confined Kubernetes makes edge and IoT secure. Learn how MicroK8s just raised the bar for easy, resilient and secure K8s cluster deployment. https://ubuntu.com/engage/secure-kubernetes-at-the-edge Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

140 updates can be applied immediately.

To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable 5 additional security updates can be applied with ESM Apps.

Learn more about enabling ESM Apps service at https://ubuntu.com/esm Last login: Wed Mar 26 10:42:02 2025 from 129.16.31.115

## (b) Install Linux Kernel Version 6.13.5

#### Command:

wget https://cdn.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v6.x/linux-6.13.5.tar.xz

Result: Installed to linux-6.13.5.tar.xz file in \$HOME.

# (c) Extract Tarball Contents

Command: tar -xvf linux-6.13.5.tar.xz

Result: Extracted to linux-6.13.5 Folder in \$HOME.

# (d) Tarball and File Content Size

To determine the tarball size in human-readable format, we use:

Command: ls -lh

#### Result:

total 142M

```
drwxrwxr-x 26 yongm yongm 42 Feb 27 13:34 linux-6.13.5
-rw-rw-r-- 1 yongm yongm 142M Feb 27 13:49 linux-6.13.5.tar.xz
```

From here, we can see that the tarball size before extraction is 142M (Megabytes) and the size of the directory entry linux-6.13.5 is 42 (Bytes). To determine the actual size of the contents in the file, we use:

Command: du -sh linux-6.13.5

Result: 574M linux-6.13.5

Here we see that the actual size of the extracted folder is 574M (Megabytes).

## (e) Determine total number of header and source files

**Header Files** 

Command: find linux-6.13.5 -type f -name "\*.h" | wc -l

**Result: 25320** 

Source Files

Command: find linux-6.13.5 -type f -name "\*.c" | wc -l

**Result: 34787** 

#### (f) Find the source file that is the longest

First, we change directory to linux-6.13.5, then we execute the following command:

# Command:

```
find . -type f -name '*.c' -print0 | xargs -0 wc -l | grep -v 'total'
| sort -nr | head -n 1
```

#### Result:

57159 linux-6.13.5/drivers/net/wireless/realtek/rtw89/rtw8852c\_table.c

Here we see that the source file "rtw8852c\_table.c" has the most number of lines (57159).

# (g) Names of 10 Most Included Headers in Kernel Sources Command:

```
find linux-6.13.5 -type f \( -name "*.c" -o -name "*.h" \) -print0 | \ xargs -0 grep -hE '^#include [<"]([^">]+)[">]' | \ awk '{print $2}' | tr -d '<>"' | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr | head -n 10
```

#### Result:

```
14087 linux/module.h
9143 linux/kernel.h
9007 linux/slab.h
6942 linux/types.h
6275 linux/init.h
6078 linux/platform_device.h
5392 linux/delay.h
4480 linux/of.h
4315 linux/interrupt.h
4262 linux/io.h
```

# (h) Download & Copy meps.csv File

After downloading the file into our local device, on a separate terminal tab on the local device, we run the following command:

#### Command:

scp \$HOME/Download/meps.csv yongm@minerva.cse.chalmers.se:/data/users/yongm

Result: meps.csv 100% 915KB 9.5MB/s 00:00

# (i) Number of MEPs Sweden had in the 10th European parliament.

We need to determine the number of MEPs Sweden had in the 10th European parliament, i.e. where the "electoral district" column is "Sweden" and the "parliamentary term" column is "10". We will use the awk command for this:

#### Command:

```
awk -F';' 'NR > 1 && $6 == "Sweden" && $7 == 10 { count++ } END { print count }' meps.csv
```

Result: 21

# (j) Name of the largest parliamentary group in the 10th European Parliament

#### Command:

```
awk -F';' 'NR > 1 && $7 == 10 {print $8}' meps.csv | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr
```

#### **Result:**

```
188 European People's Party group
136 Progressive Alliance of Socialists and Democrats
86 Patriots for Europe
79 European Conservatives and Reformists
77 Renew Europe
53 The Greens-European Free Alliance
45 European United Left-Nordic Green Left
32 Non-Inscrits
25 Europe of Sovereign Nations
```

Here we see that **European People's Party Group** has 188 members, making it the largest.

# (k) Names and Birth dates of the oldest and youngest MEPs

This can be done by sorting the dataset based on the MEPs' date of birth (DoB) in ascending order. Since the DoB is incremental, the first row will be the oldest MEP while the last row will be the youngest MEP.

#### Command:

```
awk -F';' 'NR>1 && $5 != "" {print $5 "," $1}' meps.csv | sort | head -n 1 awk -F';' 'NR>1 && $5 != "" {print $5 "," $1}' meps.csv | sort | tail -n 1
```

#### **Result:**

```
1893-01-25, Louise Weiss 2001-01-08, Lena Schilling
```

From above, we see that the oldest MEP to serve in the European Parliament is **Louise Weiss**, born 25<sup>th</sup> January 1893, while the youngest is **Lena Schilling**, born 8<sup>th</sup> January 2001.

# (l) Fraction of Female MEPs out of all MEPs who ever Served

#### Command:

```
awk -F';' 'NR>1 {count[$4]++} END {print "Fraction of female MEPs:",
count["female"] / (count["female"] + count["male"])}' meps.csv
```

# Result:

Fraction of female MEPs: 0.296875

# **Problem 2: Information of Computers**

We will be choosing the io and uranus computer in the minerva cluster. We will need the following information about the system:

- The model of and the clock frequency of the CPU
- The number of physical CPUs (sockets in use), the number of cores, and the number of hardware threads
- The instruction set architecture of the CPU
- The cache line length
- The amount of L1, L2, and L3 cache
- The amount of system RAM
- The number of GPUs and model of the GPU(s)
- The amount of RAM on the GPU(s)
- The type of filesystem of /data
- The total amount of disk space and the amount of free space on /data
- The version of the Linux kernel running on the system and the GNU/Linux distribution and its version running on the system
- The filename and the version of the default Python 3 interpreter available on the system (globally installed)

We will first go through the individual commands for each of the information, and construct the compiled shell script after. For each of the information, we group them into the following: CPU, GPU, Memory, Storage, OS, and Python, creating a function that returns all the information for each group.

#### **CPU Information**

We know that the command 1scpu prints information about the CPUs of a system, as well as other important hardware information such as thread and core counts. Here, we use the command to obtain the first 5 listed information:

lscpu | grep -E 'Model name|Socket|Core|Thread|MHz|Architecture|L[123]
cache|L1d cache|L1i cache|Level'

This pattern filters out all the information we need. However for the cache line length, this is not displayed in lscpu, and we need a separate command which "displays the value of a specified configuration variable on the standard output":

getconf LEVEL1\_DCACHE\_LINESIZE

#### **GPU Information**

minerva does not have a GPU, and we need a single script to output all the information we need. Thus, we will create a conditional check if the nvidia-smi command runs on the system, then print out the appropriate values. Otherwise, return "No NVIDIA GPU Detected".

```
if command -v nvidia-smi &>/dev/null; then
    nvidia-smi --query-gpu=name,memory.total --format=csv
else
    echo "No NVIDIA GPU Detected"
fi
```

# **Memory Information**

The free command allows us to monitor system memory usage:

```
free -h | grep Mem
```

# **Storage Information**

The df command displays information about total space and available space on a file system, and we show the type of filesystem in human-readable format:

```
df -hT /data | awk 'NR==1 || NR==2'
```

#### **OS** Information

uname and lsb\_release gives us basic system information, which we use to find OS information:

```
uname -srmo
lsb_release -d
```

# Python Information

```
if command -v python3 &>/dev/null; then
  python3 --version
  readlink -f $(which python3)
else
  echo "Python3 not found"
fi
```

## Output

The final script can be found in the file assignment1\_problem2.sh. Since the task requires us to run the script on minerva and the two computers, we use the following commands (a total of 3 times):

### minerva

\\ specify uranus node

sbatch -w uranus --output=io\_info.txt assignment1\_problem2.sh

#### minerva Information

==== System Information for minerva ====

==== CPU Information ==== Architecture: x86\_64 Intel(R) Xeon(R) Silver 4410Y Model name: Thread(s) per core: Core(s) per socket: 12 Socket(s): 24% CPU(s) scaling MHz: CPU max MHz: 3900.0000 CPU min MHz: 800.0000 L1d cache: 576 KiB (12 instances) L1i cache: 384 KiB (12 instances) L2 cache: 24 MiB (12 instances) L3 cache: 30 MiB (1 instance) Cache Line Length: 64 bytes ==== Memory Information ==== 125Gi 72Gi 48Gi 5.8Mi 6.9Gi Mem: 52Gi ==== GPU Information ==== No NVIDIA GPU Detected ==== Storage Information ====

Filesystem Type Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on

data zfs 59T 946G 58T 2% /data

==== OS Information ====

Linux 6.8.0-55-generic x86\_64 GNU/Linux Description: Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS

==== Python Information ====

Python 3.12.9

/data/users/yongm/miniforge3/bin/python3.12

#### io Information

=== System Information for io ====

==== CPU Information ====

Architecture: x86\_64

Model name: INTEL(R) XEON(R) GOLD 6548N

Thread(s) per core: 2
Core(s) per socket: 32
Socket(s): 2

L1d cache:

L1i cache:

2 MiB (64 instances)

L2 cache:

128 MiB (64 instances)

L3 cache:

120 MiB (2 instances)

Cache Line Length: 64 bytes

==== Memory Information ====

Mem: 503Gi 7.3Gi 399Gi 6.1Mi 100Gi 496Gi

==== GPU Information ====

name, memory.total [MiB]

NVIDIA L4, 23034 MiB

==== Storage Information ====

Filesystem Type Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on minerva:/data nfs4 59T 946G 58T 2%/data

==== OS Information ====

Linux 6.8.0-55-generic x86\_64 GNU/Linux Description: Ubuntu 24.04.2 LTS

==== Python Information ====

Python 3.12.9

/data/users/yongm/miniforge3/bin/python3.12

#### uranus Information

==== System Information for uranus ====

==== CPU Information ====

Architecture: x86\_64

Model name: INTEL(R) XEON(R) GOLD 6548N

Thread(s) per core: 2
Core(s) per socket: 32
Socket(s): 2

L1d cache:

L1i cache:

2 MiB (64 instances)

L2 cache:

128 MiB (64 instances)

L3 cache:

120 MiB (2 instances)

Cache Line Length: 64 bytes

==== Memory Information ====

Mem: 503Gi 6.5Gi 450Gi 11Mi 49Gi 496Gi

==== GPU Information ====

name, memory.total [MiB] NVIDIA L40S, 46068 MiB NVIDIA L40S, 46068 MiB NVIDIA L40S, 46068 MiB NVIDIA L40S, 46068 MiB

==== Storage Information ====

Filesystem Type Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on minerva:/data nfs4 59T 946G 58T 2%/data

==== OS Information ====

Linux 6.8.0-55-generic x86\_64 GNU/Linux Description: Ubuntu 24.04.2 LTS

==== Python Information ====

Python 3.12.9

/data/users/yongm/miniforge3/bin/python3.12

# Compiled System Information of Minerva, IO and Uranus

System Info	Minerva	IO	Uranus
CPU Model	Intel(R) Xeon(R)	Intel(R) Xeon(R)	Intel(R) Xeon(R)
	Silver 4410Y	GOLD 6548N	GOLD 6548N
Frequency (MHz)	3900.0000	N.A	N.A
No. of CPUs	1	2	2
No. of Cores	12	32	32
Threads per core	2	2	2
Architecture	x86_64	x86_64	x86_64
Cache Length (bytes)	64	64	64
L1d Cache	576 KiB	3 MiB	3 MiB
L1i Cache	384 KiB	2 MiB	2 MiB
L2 Cache	24 MiB	128 MiB	128 MiB
L3 Cache	30 MiB	120 MiB	120 MiB
Sys RAM	125 GiB	503 GiB	503 GiB
GPU No.	N.A	8	4
GPU Model	N.A	NVIDIA L4	NVIDIA L40S
GPU RAM	N.A	23034 MiB	46048 MiB
Filesystem Type	zfs	nfs4	nfs4
Disk Space	59T	59T	59T
Used Space	946G	946G	946G
Free Space	58T	58T	58T
Linux Ver.	6.8.0-55-generic	6.8.0-55-generic	6.8.0-55-generic
Linux Distribution	Ubuntu	Ubuntu	Ubuntu
Linux Distribution Ver.	24.04.1 LTS	24.04.1 LTS	24.04.1 LTS
Python 3 Interpreter	python3.12	python3.12	python3.12
Interpreter Ver.	3.12.9	3.12.9	3.12.9

We note that for io and uranus, the lscpu command does not display the frequency value, but only the BogoMIPS value for the CPU.