

Computer Science 6907-13 Computer Network Defense

Capture The Flag #1

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Attacking a network

Setup

To connect to the Kali attacker pool, you will need to follow the instructions below:

- First connect to the GW network via the Cisco VPN client
 - Further instructions can be viewed here: http://it.gwu.edu/vpn
- Once you have connected to the GW network, you can connect to the bastion host located on class network. You will need to open an SSH session to port 52525 on <u>class.tiwaz.net</u>. Credentials are provided on blackboard.
- Once connected to the bastion host, you can connect to a Kali attacker box. Work with your classmates to choose a unique Kali host (or select the host number that you used last week). The Kali hosts are all located in the range 172.17.17.201-209.

```
# ssh root0172.17.17.101

root0172.17.17.101's password:

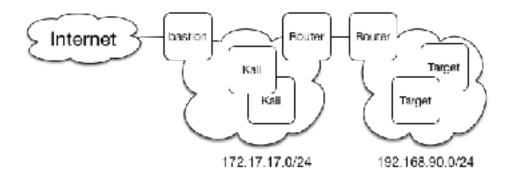
The programs included with the Kali GHU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/capyright.

Kali GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

Last login: Sun Feb  7 18:22:07 2016

root0Kali-20-pool-01:~#
```

Once connected to your Kali attacker box, you can connect to the victim/target network.
 The general network architecture is as follows:



• In this exercise, the targets are available on the 192.168.90.0/24 network. There are multiple different targets on this network all running Windows Server 2003. You must connect to multiple of these hosts via a combination of vulnerable services and cached credentials.

Requirements

You must submit the following:

- Screenshots that show the critical steps that you followed
 - You do not need to show every step just the steps that are required to tell the story of your compromise
- A description of:
 - Why you chose the steps you did
 - The methodology that you followed to identify and spread across the network
 - · Lessons learned during the process
- You must demonstrate the following access:
 - Proof of remote compromise through the use of a Windows remote exploit (e.g. the netapi one demonstrated in class)
 - Proof of hash retrieval
 - Proof of pass the hash to connect to a different remote system (through metasploit using a meterpreter payload)
- You may also create and provide a pcap of your traffic. Hint command: pcap -w
 - If you choose a plaintext protocol in Metasploit, it will provide a much more interesting pcap for later review.

Hints

Pass the hash - for more information on pass the hash, you can reference the the following really good resource: https://www.offensive-security.com/metasploit-unleashed/psexec-pass-hash/