

Homework 1 : Color Transform

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Spec:

- Please represent "lena.png" in terms of RGB, YUV, and YCbCr.
1. RGB -> YUV:
$$Y = 0.299 * R + 0.587 * G + 0.114 * B$$
$$U = -0.169 * R - 0.331 * G + 0.5 * B + 128$$
$$V = 0.5 * R - 0.419 * G - 0.081 * B + 128$$
 2. RGB -> YCbCr: in the slides
- In any programming language you are comfortable with (C/C++/Python/MATLAB).
 - Output 8 grayscale images representing R, G, B, Y, U, V, Cb, and Cr, respectively.
 - **Do not** use any ready-made functions to transform the color.
 - You are allowed to use image reading/writing APIs.
 - Deadline: 2024/09/30 13:19.
 - Compressed as a single ZIP file.
 - Required files :
1. `VC_HW1_[student_id].pdf`: Report PDF
 2. `VC_HW1_[student_id].zip`: Source code (C/C++/Python/MATLAB) with a **README** file instructing the TAs on how to run your code.

Programming Description:

1. Main block

Obtain the input image and pass it to the function

`convert_rgb_to_yuv_ycbcr` .

Then, extract the 8 grayscale output images corresponding to R, G, B, Y, U, V, Cb, and Cr, respectively, and save them to the output folder.

```

62 if __name__ == '__main__':
63     # Path to the uploaded image
64     image_path = 'lena.png' # Replace this with your local image path
65
66     # Call the function to convert and generate images
67     generated_images = convert_rgb_to_yuv_ycbcr(image_path)
68
69     # Output paths of generated images
70     for channel, path in generated_images.items():
71         print(f"{channel} channel image saved at: {path}")
72

```

2. `convert_rgb_to_yuv_ycbcr` function

Load the image using the PIL API and convert it to RGB format.

Next, generate the grayscale images for the R, G, and B channels.

Then, using the YUV and YCbCr formulas, derive the grayscale images for Y, U, V, Cb, and Cr.

```

15     # Load the image
16     lena_image = Image.open(image_path)
17
18     # Convert the image to RGB format
19     lena_rgb = np.array(lena_image.convert('RGB'))
20
21     # Separate R, G, B channels
22     R = lena_rgb[:, :, 0].astype(float)
23     G = lena_rgb[:, :, 1].astype(float)
24     B = lena_rgb[:, :, 2].astype(float)
25
26     # Calculate Y, U, and V using the provided formula
27     Y = 0.299 * R + 0.587 * G + 0.114 * B
28     U = -0.169 * R - 0.331 * G + 0.5 * B + 128
29     V = 0.5 * R - 0.419 * G - 0.081 * B + 128
30
31     # Calculate Cb and Cr using the provided formula
32     Cb = 128 - 0.168736 * R - 0.331264 * G + 0.5 * B
33     Cr = 128 + 0.5 * R - 0.418688 * G - 0.081312 * B

```

Use a dictionary to store the 8 grayscale output images.

Then, save these images to the output folder and return their corresponding paths

```
36     images = {
37         'R': Image.fromarray(R.astype(np.uint8), 'L'),
38         'G': Image.fromarray(G.astype(np.uint8), 'L'),
39         'B': Image.fromarray(B.astype(np.uint8), 'L'),
40         'Y': Image.fromarray(Y.astype(np.uint8), 'L'),
41         'U': Image.fromarray(U.astype(np.uint8), 'L'),
42         'V': Image.fromarray(V.astype(np.uint8), 'L'),
43         'Cb': Image.fromarray(Cb.astype(np.uint8), 'L'),
44         'Cr': Image.fromarray(Cr.astype(np.uint8), 'L')
45     }
46
47     # Create output directory if it doesn't exist
48     output_dir = 'output'
49     if not os.path.exists(output_dir):
50         os.makedirs(output_dir)
51
52     # Save the images and return their paths
53     image_paths = {}
54     for key, img in images.items():
55         output_path = os.path.join(output_dir, f'lenna_{key}.png')
56         img.save(output_path)
57         image_paths[key] = output_path
58
59     return image_paths
```

3. Output

R:



G:



B:



Y:



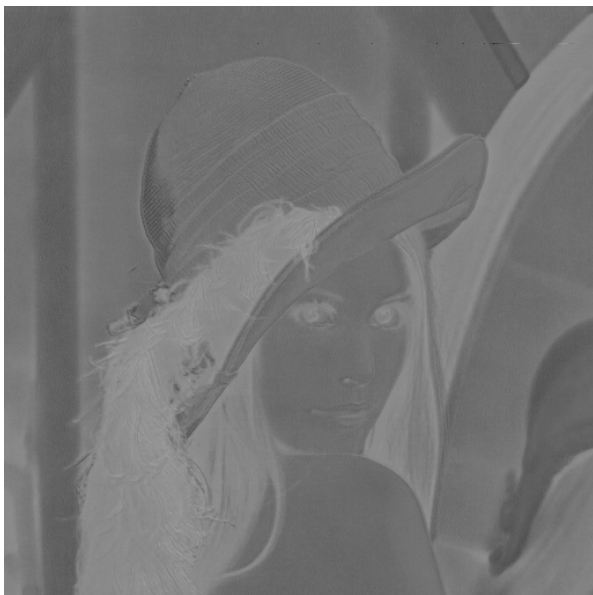
U:



V:



Cb:



Cr:

