

# PS2030 Political Research and Analysis

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## Course Description

This course follows PS2010 and PS2020. It is an introduction to the linear model, how to estimate it, and what we can learn from it. The course ends with an introduction to nonlinear models and how to estimate them (maximum likelihood).

Note: this is a live document, and I'll update it when I come across topics/papers that should be added.

Here's the link to the dropbox folder that contains material for this course: [https://www.dropbox.com/sh/swfqzzgbd04pcsn/AAC\\_eEvErFqoNjIsBVGSwgOha?dl=0](https://www.dropbox.com/sh/swfqzzgbd04pcsn/AAC_eEvErFqoNjIsBVGSwgOha?dl=0).

## Course Objectives

- Improve the design and implementation of your research projects.
- Understand the limitations of your own and other people's empirical work.

## Requirements

1. Five homework (5x10%). They need to be completed in [RMarkdown](#) or [Stata Markdown](#).
2. A final exam (50%). Open book, no internet.

Grading follows the usual scale (<https://www.registrar.pitt.edu/sites/default/files/pdf/Grading%20System.pdf>).

Key dates (note: these dates can change; all changes will be announced in class):

- HW1: handed out on Feb 8. Every homework is due one week later by the beginning of class.
- HW2: handed out on Feb 22
- HW3: handed out on March 8
- HW4: handed out on March 29
- HW5: handed out on April 19

- Final exam: during class time, April 26.

**Important note:** you can discuss ideas with your fellow students to complete your homework, but you must do them individually. For pedagogical reasons, it is essential that you must try to understand the material on your own. No communication whatsoever is allowed for your final exam.

## Textbooks

Below, I link each topic to a chapter by Wooldridge (henceforth **W**):

Wooldridge, Jeffrey M. (2012). *Introductory Econometrics*. 5th. South-Western Cengage Learning.

This being said: (a) feel free to pick an earlier version if it's cheaper; (b) you should select whatever textbook you're most comfortable with. There are many alternative textbooks which have all their strengths and weaknesses. Hayashi is a deeper theoretical approach, Wooldridge provides a good overview of panel data, Gailmard provides a very good overview that connects probability theory, statistics, and econometrics; and Greene and Cameron and Trivedi are useful references. Gelman and Hill are a great resource that bridges several areas of quantitative methods.

Cameron, A. Colin and Pravin K. Trivedi (2005). *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. London: Cambridge University Press.

Gailmard, Sean (2014). *Statistical Modeling and Inference for Social Science*. New York: Cambridge University Press.

Gelman, Andrew and Jennifer Hill (2007). *Data Analysis Using Regression and Multilevel–Hierarchical Models*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Greene, William H. (2008). *Econometric Analysis*. 6th. New York: Pearson.

Hayashi, Fumio (2000). *Econometrics*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

Wooldridge, Jeffrey M. (2002). *Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data*. Cambridge, MA: MIT press.

There exist good free resources. These include:

- Scott Cunningham's "mixtape": [https://scunning.com/cunningham\\_mixtape.pdf](https://scunning.com/cunningham_mixtape.pdf).
- Bruce Hansen's textbook: <https://www.ssc.wisc.edu/~bhansen/econometrics/Econometrics.pdf>

The following two references are harder to find free substitutes for, and I would encourage you to get your hands on a copy (from now on: **AP** and **MW**):

Angrist, Joshua and Steffan J. Pischke (2008). *Mostly Harmless Econometrics*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

Morgan, Steven L. and Christopher Winship (2014). *Counterfactuals and Causal Inference: Methods and Principles for Social Research*. 2nd Edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

## Disability Resource Services

If you have a disability for which you are or may be requesting an accommodation, you are encouraged to contact both your instructor and the Office of Disability Resources and Services, 140

William Pitt Union, 412-648-7890, as early as possible in the term. Disability Resources and Services will verify your disability and determine reasonable accommodations for this course.

### **Academic Integrity Policy**

Cheating/plagiarism will not be tolerated. Students suspected of violating the University of Pittsburgh Policy on Academic Integrity, noted below, will be required to participate in the outlined procedural process as initiated by the instructor. A minimum sanction of a zero score for the quiz, exam or paper will be imposed. (For the full Academic Integrity policy, go to [www.provost.pitt.edu/info/ai1.html](http://www.provost.pitt.edu/info/ai1.html).)

### **E-mail Communication Policy**

Each student is issued a University e-mail address ([username@pitt.edu](mailto:username@pitt.edu)) upon admittance. This e-mail address may be used by the University for official communication with students. Students are expected to read e-mail sent to this account on a regular basis. Failure to read and react to University communications in a timely manner does not absolve the student from knowing and complying with the content of the communications. The University provides an e-mail forwarding service that allows students to read their e-mail via other service providers (e.g., Hotmail, AOL, Yahoo). Students that choose to forward their e-mail from their pitt.edu address to another address do so at their own risk. If e-mail is lost as a result of forwarding, it does not absolve the student from responding to official communications sent to their University e-mail address. To forward e-mail sent to your University account, go to <http://accounts.pitt.edu>, log into your account, click on Edit Forwarding Addresses, and follow the instructions on the page. Be sure to log out of your account when you have finished. (For the full E-mail Communication Policy, go to [www.bc.pitt.edu/policies/policy/09/09-10-01.html](http://www.bc.pitt.edu/policies/policy/09/09-10-01.html).)

## Class Schedule

This is not a weekly schedule. Each topic can last more (rarely less) than a week.

### Introduction

Introduction to the class. Potential outcome framework. Causal identification. Treatment effects. Math, statistics, and R/Stata review.

*To read:* MW, 1.

### Regression - basics

Linear model. Ordinary least squares. Bivariate regression.

*To read:* W, 2.

### Regression - advanced

Multiple regression. Mechanics of regression. Frisch–Waugh–Lovell theorem. Properties of estimators (bias, efficiency, consistency)

*To read:* AP, 3. W, Appendix D, E.1, 3 up to 3.3 (included), Appendix 3A.

### Inference in the linear model

Sampling distribution. Standard errors (robust, clustered) and heteroskedasticity. Hypothesis testing. Statistical power. P-values. Multiple comparison. Confidence intervals. F statistic.  $R^2$ . Review of the assumptions of regression.

*To read:* W, Appendix C.5, C.6, E.2, 3.4, 4, 8 to 8.3.

*Articles:*

Cameron, A Colin and Douglas L Miller (2015). "A practitioner's guide to cluster-robust inference". In: *Journal of Human Resources* 50.2, pp. 317-372.

Greenland, Sander, Stephen J. Senn, Kenneth J. Rothman, John B. Carlin, Charles Poole, Steven N. Goodman, and Douglas G. Altman (2016). "Statistical Tests, P Values, Confidence Intervals, and Power: A Guide to Misinterpretations". In: *Eur J Epidemiol* 31, pp. 337-350.

### Problems and Solutions: Model Specification

Specifying a functional form. Outliers. Nonlinear effects. Interaction effects. Time permitting: matching, semi-parametric regression.

*To read:* W, 6.2, 7 up to 7.4 (included).

*Articles:*

Brambor, Thomas, William R. Clark, and Matt Golder (2006). "Understanding Interaction Models: Improving Empirical Analyses". In: *Political Analysis* 14.1, p. 63.

Hainmueller, Jens, Jonathan Mummolo, and Yiqing Xu (2019). "How Much Should We Trust Estimates from Multiplicative Interaction Models? Simple Tools to Improve Empirical Practice". In: *Political Analysis* 27.2, pp. 163–192.

## Problems and Solutions: Omitted Variable Bias and Endogeneity

Endogeneity. Omitted variable bias. Randomized controlled trial. Instrumental variables and two-stage least squares. Regression discontinuity.

To read: **W**, 15. **MW**: 4, 9. **AP**: 1, 4, 6.

Articles:

RCT: Paler, Laura (2013). "Keeping the public purse: An experiment in windfalls, taxes, and the incentives to restrain government". In: *American Political Science Review* 107.4, pp. 706-725.

Instrumental variables: Erikson, Robert S and Laura Stoker (2011). "Caught in the draft: The effects of Vietnam draft lottery status on political attitudes". In: *American Political Science Review* 105.2, pp. 221-237.

Regression discontinuity: Dell, Melissa (2010). "The Persistent Effects of Peru's Mining Mita". In: *Econometrica* 78.6, pp. 1863-1903.

## Problems and Solutions: Temporal Variation

Serial correlation. Cross section and time series. Fixed effects. Differences-in-differences.

To read: **W**, 10 (optional: **W** 12, 13). **AP**, 5. **MW**, 11.

Articles:

Differences-in-differences: Bertrand, Marianne, Esther Duflo, and Sendhil Mullainathan (2004). "How Much Should We Trust Differences-In-Differences Estimates?" In: *Quarterly Journal of Economics* 119.1, pp. 249-275.

Dube, Arindrajit, Oeindrila Dube, and Omar Garcia-Ponce (2013). "Cross-Border Spillover: U.S. Gun Laws and Violence in Mexico". In: *American Political Science Review* 107.3, pp. 397-417.

## Nonlinear Models

Linear probability model. Logit. Probit. Ordered logit. Maximum likelihood.

To read: **W**, 17 up to 17.1 (included)

## Problems and Solutions: Missing Observations

Missing observations. Selection issues.

To read: **W**, 17. **MW**, 4.3.2.