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Prop Shield With Motion Sensors PJRC Store

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The Prop Shield is meant for making interactive light and sound effects on small handheld props and wearable costumes.

- **Motion Sensors** Allows motion interactive light & sound.
- Audio Amplifier Clear quality audio output to a small speaker.
- Fast LED Driver Drive APA102 / Dotstar LEDs for colorful lighting with rapid response.
- Flash Memory 8 Mbyte storage for images, sound clips, and data logging.

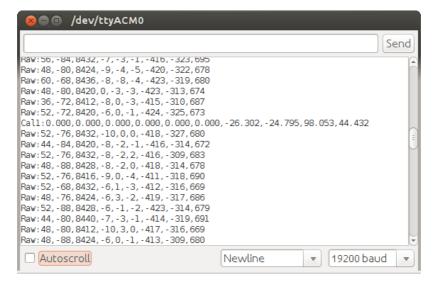
This shield features 10DOF motion sensors, 2 watt audio amp, high speed 5V buffers for driving APA102 LEDs, and an 8 Mbyte flash memory for images, sound clips, or data logging. It's approximately the size of a Teensy, just slightly longer to allow space for mounting holes and connections for power, speaker, and LEDs.



Motion Sensors

The motion sensors are accessed with the NXPMotionSense library.

To begin, upload File > Examples > NXPMotionSense > CalibrateSensors. Then open the Arduino Serial Monitor. You should see raw data printing rapidly.

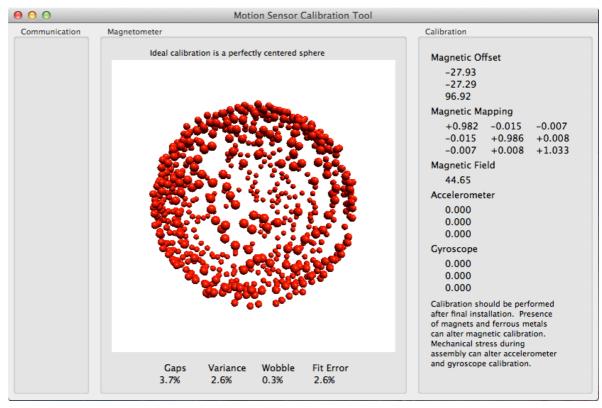


Close the serial monitor, and then run the Motion Sensor Calibration Tool.

- MotionCal Windows
- MotionCal Linux 64 bit
- MotionCal Macintosh
- Source code (github)

Use the Port menu to select the serial port. Arduino's serial monitor must be closed.

Rotate the Prop Shield to collect calibration data. As better data is collected from many angles, the 4 error numbers will decrease and the red dots will form a sphere which rotates perfectly centered. Use File > Send Calibration to write the calibration data to Teensy's EEPROM memory.

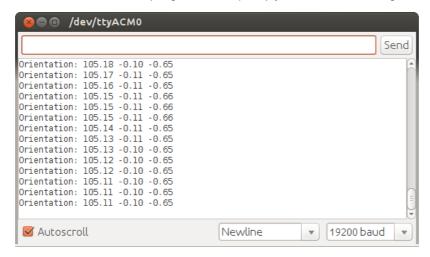


After calibration data is written, you can run either of these examples to use the calibrated data. MahonylMU requires much less processing power, so it's recommended for Teensy LC and regular 8 bit Arduino boards.

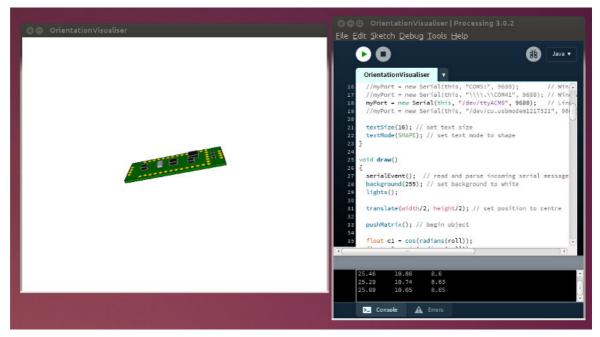
File > Examples > NXPMotionSense > Orientation - Use on Teensy 3.2

File > Examples > NXPMotionSense > MahonyIMU - Use on Teensy LC or Arduino

When either of these is running, the Arduino Serial Monitor will show you computed Heading, Pitch and Roll. As you turn the board in each direction (imagine it's an airplane), you should see each angle change.

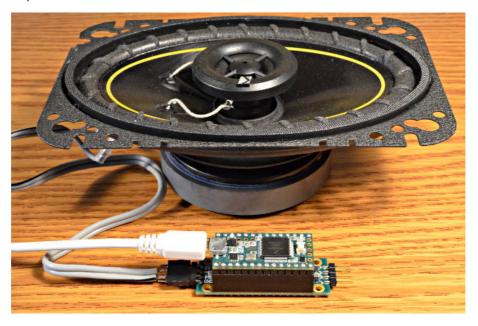


To see the orientation data in graphical form, use <u>Processing</u> to run the <u>Orientation Visualizer</u>. You many need to edit this code with your serial port name. Of course, close the Arduino Serial Monitor window, so the Processing sketch can access the data.



Audio Amplifier

The Prop Shield has a 2 watt audio amplifier, capable of driving 4 or 8 ohm speakers. 4 ohm car speakers work very well for permanent installations where louder sound levels are needed.



By default, the amplifier remains in a low power mode. You must drive pin 5 high to turn on the amplifier. It typically needs 8 milliseconds to wake up.

```
void setup() {
  pinMode(5, OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(5, HIGH); // turn on the amplifier
  delay(10); // allow time to wake up
```

With Teensy 3.2, the <u>Teensy Audio Library</u> can be used to create sounds. Nearly all the audio library examples are designed for the <u>Audio Shield</u>. To adapt them for the Prop Shield, replace "i2s1" with "dac1" in the <u>Design Tool</u>, or AudioOutputl2S with AudioOutputAnalog in the Arduino code. Then delete the SGTL5000 object and any code which uses it.

By default, the audio library will create a 1.2Vp-p signal at the DAC pin, which is a comfortable volume level for listening in a quiet room, but not nearly the amplifier's full power. To get louder output, set the dac1 object to use EXTERNAL reference. Doing this before powering up the amp will avoid a loud click.

For fine volume control, use a mixer object just before the dac outuput in your audio design, where your code can control the mixer gain to change the volume.

On Teensy LC, the Talkie library can be used for simple voice synthesis.

TODO: add simple audio playing example in SerialFlash library....





Fast LED Driver

The Prop Shield has 5V buffers meant to send data to <u>Dotstar</u> or <u>APA102</u> type addressable LEDs.



Normally the FastLED library is used to control these types of LEDs. The Prop Shield uses pin 7 to control access to the LEDs. If no other SPI chips are used, it can simply be set high in setup().

```
delay(8);
leds[n] = CRGB::Black;
}
```

When other SPI communication is used, pin 7 must be HIGH to allow LED access and LOW to prevent other SPI chips from interfering with the LEDs. The SPI transactions functions should also be used. You will need to include SPI.h to have access to these SPI functions.

```
// beginTransaction prevents SPI bus conflicts
SPI.beginTransaction(SPISettings(24000000, MSBFIRST, SPI_MODE0));
digitalWrite(7, HIGH); // enable access to LEDs
FastLED.show();
digitalWrite(7, LOW);
SPI.endTransaction(); // allow other libs to use SPI again
```

TODO: Using 24 vs 12 MHz SPI speed

TODO: recommendation on current through PCB vs dedicated power wires

Flash Memory

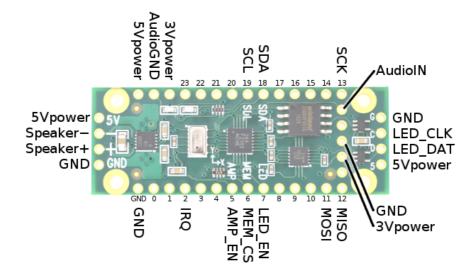
The Prop Shield has an 8 Mbyte flash memory, meant to storing sound clips, images, logging data, or other uses.



The SerialFlash library is used to access this memory.

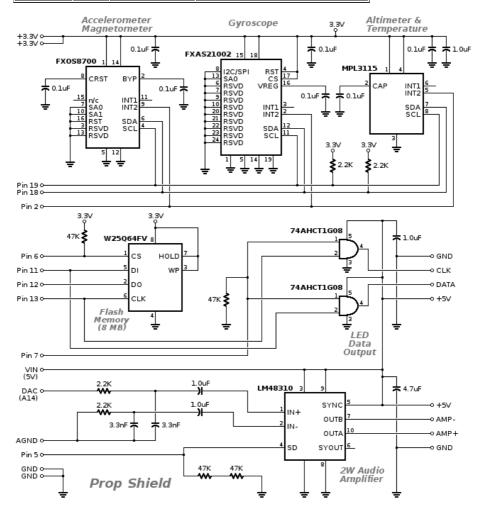
Use <u>TeensyTransfer</u> to copy files to the flash chip without a SD card.

Technical Details



Signal	Pin#	Used By:	Description
SDA	18	sensors	I2C Data for motion sensors
SCL	19	sensors	I2C Clock for motion sensors
IRQ	2	sensors	Interrupt from motion sensors
MOSI	11	memory,led	SPI Data
MISO	12	memory	SPI Data
SCK	13	memory,led	SPI Clock
MEM_CS	6	memory	Low to access memory
LED_EN	7	led	High to send LED data
LED_DAT	-	led	5v buffered LED Data output
LED_CLK	-	led	5v buffered LED Clock output
AMP_EN	5	amp	High to enable amplifier
AudiolN	DAC	amp	Audio signal
AudioGND	AGND	amp	Audio ground
Speaker+	-	amp	Connect a 4Ω or 8Ω speaker
Speaker-	-	amp	Twisted pair wire is recommended

5Vpower	VIN	amp,led	
3Vpower	3.3V	sensors,memory	
GND	GND	(all)	



Datasheets

- FXOS8700CQ 6-Axis Sensor, Linear Accelerometer & Magnetometer
- FXAS21002C 3-Axis Digital Angular Rate Gyroscope
- MPL3115A2 Precision Pressure/Altitude & Temperature
- LM48310 2.6W Mono Class D Audio Power Amplifier
- <u>W25Q64FV</u> 64 Mbit (8 Mbyte) Serial Flash Memory
- SN74AHCT1G08 Single 2-Input AND Gate