

MichaelBasta_Assignment_2

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```
# Question 1
UB <- read.csv("C:\\Kent State\\Fall 2022\\Fundamentals of Machine Learning\\Module 4\\UniversalBank.csv")

#install.packages("fastDummies")
library(class)
library(ISLR)
library(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
library(fastDummies)
```

```
## Warning: package 'fastDummies' was built under R version 4.2.1
```

```
summary(UB)
```

```
##           ID           Age           Experience           Income           ZIP.Code
##  Min.      : 1      Min.      :23.00      Min.      : -3.0      Min.      : 8.00      Min.      : 9307
## 1st Qu.:1251      1st Qu.:35.00      1st Qu.:10.0      1st Qu.: 39.00      1st Qu.:91911
## Median :2500      Median :45.00      Median :20.0      Median : 64.00      Median :93437
## Mean    :2500      Mean    :45.34      Mean    :20.1      Mean    : 73.77      Mean    :93153
## 3rd Qu.:3750      3rd Qu.:55.00      3rd Qu.:30.0      3rd Qu.: 98.00      3rd Qu.:94608
## Max.    :5000      Max.    :67.00      Max.    :43.0      Max.    :224.00      Max.    :96651
##           Family           CCAvg           Education           Mortgage
##  Min.      :1.000      Min.      : 0.000      Min.      :1.000      Min.      : 0.0
## 1st Qu.:1.000      1st Qu.: 0.700      1st Qu.:1.000      1st Qu.: 0.0
## Median :2.000      Median : 1.500      Median :2.000      Median : 0.0
## Mean    :2.396      Mean    : 1.938      Mean    :1.881      Mean    : 56.5
## 3rd Qu.:3.000      3rd Qu.: 2.500      3rd Qu.:3.000      3rd Qu.:101.0
## Max.    :4.000      Max.    :10.000      Max.    :3.000      Max.    :635.0
## Personal.Loan Securities.Account CD.Account           Online
##  Min.      :0.000      Min.      :0.0000      Min.      :0.0000      Min.      :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.000      Median :0.0000      Median :0.0000      Median :1.0000
## Mean    :0.096      Mean    :0.1044      Mean    :0.0604      Mean    :0.5968
## 3rd Qu.:0.000      3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.    :1.000      Max.    :1.0000      Max.    :1.0000      Max.    :1.0000
```

```

##      CreditCard
##      Min.      :0.000
##      1st Qu.:0.000
##      Median :0.000
##      Mean   :0.294
##      3rd Qu.:1.000
##      Max.    :1.000

# Converting Education to dummy variable
UB <- dummy_cols(UB, select_columns = "Education")
Age <- 40
Experience <- 10
Income <- 84
Family <- 2
CCAvg <- 2
Mortgage <- 0
Securities_Acc <- 0
CD_Account <- 0
Online <- 1
Credit_Card <- 1
Education_1 <- 0
Education_2 <- 1
Education_3 <- 0

# Adding Values to be predicted at the top row of data
UB[1,] <- c(1, Age, Experience, Income, 0 ,Family, CCAvg, 0, Mortgage, 0, Securities_Acc, CD_Account, Online, Credit_Card, Education_1, Education_2, Education_3)
norm_model <- preProcess(UB, method = c('range'))
UB_normalized <- predict(norm_model, UB)

# Drop Columns ID, Zip Code, Original "Education" not needed after converting to dummy variable
UB_normalized <- UB_normalized[,-c(1,5,8)]

Index_Train <- createDataPartition(UB_normalized$Personal.Loan, p=0.6, list = FALSE)
Train <- UB_normalized[Index_Train,]
Test <- UB_normalized[-Index_Train,]

Train_Predictors <- Train[,c(1:6,8:14)]
Test_Predictors <- Test[,c(1:6,8:14)]

Train_labels <- Train[,7]
Test_labels <- Test[,7]

Predicted_Test_labels <- knn(Train_Predictors, Test_Predictors, cl=Train_labels, k=1, prob = TRUE)
class_prob <- attr(Predicted_Test_labels, 'prob')

# The first value is the one needs to be predicted
head(class_prob)

## [1] 1 1 1 1 1 1

paste("Customer will accept loan offer")

## [1] "Customer will accept loan offer"

```

```
# Question 2
set.seed(123)
model <- train(Personal.Loan~Age+Experience+Income+Family+CCAvg+Mortgage+Securities.Account+CD.Account+
```

```
## Warning in train.default(x, y, weights = w, ...): You are trying to do
## regression and your outcome only has two possible values Are you trying to do
## classification? If so, use a 2 level factor as your outcome column.
```

```
model
```

```
## k-Nearest Neighbors
##
## 5000 samples
## 13 predictor
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 5000, 5000, 5000, 5000, 5000, 5000, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
## k RMSE Rsquared MAE
## 5 0.1906194 0.5908494 0.05314157
## 7 0.1932165 0.5845541 0.05798578
## 9 0.1955883 0.5803150 0.06181414
##
## RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.
## The final value used for the model was k = 5.
```

```
# Question 3
#install.packages("gmodels")
library("gmodels")
```

```
## Warning: package 'gmodels' was built under R version 4.2.1
```

```
CrossTable(x=Test_labels, y=Predicted_Test_labels, prop.chisq = FALSE)
```

```
##
##
## Cell Contents
## |-----|
## | N |
## | N / Row Total |
## | N / Col Total |
## | N / Table Total |
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table: 2000
##
##
## | Predicted_Test_labels
```

```
## Test_labels |          0 |          1 | Row Total |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           0 |        1809 |         18 |        1827 |
##           |        0.990 |        0.010 |        0.913 |
##           |        0.972 |        0.129 |           |
##           |        0.904 |        0.009 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           1 |         52 |        121 |         173 |
##           |        0.301 |        0.699 |        0.086 |
##           |        0.028 |        0.871 |           |
##           |        0.026 |        0.060 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
## Column Total |        1861 |         139 |        2000 |
##           |        0.930 |        0.070 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##
##
```

Question 4

```
Predicted_Test_labels_bestK <- knn(Train_Predictors, Test_Predictors, cl=Train_labels, k=5, prob = TRUE)
class_prob_bestK <- attr(Predicted_Test_labels_bestK, 'prob')
```

```
# The first value is the one needs to be predicted
head(class_prob_bestK)
```

```
## [1] 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.8 1.0 1.0
```

```
paste("Customer will accept loan offer")
```

```
## [1] "Customer will accept loan offer"
```

Question 5

```
# Partitioning the data into
# 50% training 30% Validation 20% Testing

# Taking the test portion from the data to apply the model
# 20% * 5000 = 1000
UB_Test_Normalized <- UB_normalized[4000:5000,]
UB_normalized <- UB_normalized[1:4000,]

# training is 2500
# 2500 / 4000 = 0.625
Index_Train <- createDataPartition(UB_normalized$Personal.Loan, p=0.625, list = FALSE)
Train <- UB_normalized[Index_Train,]
Validation <- UB_normalized[-Index_Train,]

Train_Predictors <- Train[,c(1:6,8:14)]
Validation_Predictors <- Validation[,c(1:6,8:14)]

Test_Predictors <- UB_Test_Normalized[,c(1:6,8:14)]
```

```

Train_labels <- Train[,7]
Validation_labels <- Validation[,7]

Test_labels <- UB_Test_Normalized[,7]

Predicted_Validation_labels <- knn(Train_Predictors, Validation_Predictors, cl=Train_labels, k=5, prob = TRUE)
CrossTable(x=Validation_labels, y=Predicted_Validation_labels, prop.chisq = FALSE)

```

```

##
##
##      Cell Contents
## |-----|
## |                N |
## |      N / Row Total |
## |      N / Col Total |
## |      N / Table Total |
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table:  1500
##
##
##      | Predicted_Validation_labels
## Validation_labels |          0 |          1 | Row Total |
## -----|-----|-----|
##           0 |      1339 |          7 |      1346 |
##           |      0.995 |      0.005 |      0.897 |
##           |      0.944 |      0.085 |           |
##           |      0.893 |      0.005 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|
##           1 |          79 |          75 |          154 |
##           |      0.513 |      0.487 |      0.103 |
##           |      0.056 |      0.915 |           |
##           |      0.053 |      0.050 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|
##      Column Total |      1418 |          82 |      1500 |
##           |      0.945 |      0.055 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|
##
##
##

```

```

Predicted_Test_Labels<- knn(Train_Predictors, Test_Predictors, cl=Train_labels, k=5, prob = TRUE)
CrossTable(x=Test_labels, y=Predicted_Test_Labels, prop.chisq = FALSE)

```

```

##
##
##      Cell Contents
## |-----|
## |                N |
## |      N / Row Total |
## |      N / Col Total |
## |      N / Table Total |

```

```
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table: 1001
##
##
##      | Predicted_Test_Labels
## Test_labels |          0 |          1 | Row Total |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##          0 |        916 |          2 |        918 |
##          |        0.998 |        0.002 |        0.917 |
##          |        0.955 |        0.048 |          |
##          |        0.915 |        0.002 |          |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##          1 |         43 |         40 |         83 |
##          |        0.518 |        0.482 |        0.083 |
##          |        0.045 |        0.952 |          |
##          |        0.043 |        0.040 |          |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
## Column Total |        959 |         42 |        1001 |
##          |        0.958 |        0.042 |          |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##
##
```

```
paste("It looks like there's way less misclassified cases when we applied it on the test data than the v
```

```
## [1] "It looks like there's way less misclassified cases when we applied it on the test data than the
```