MichaelBasta_Assignment_3

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```
banks <- read.csv("/Users/michaelbasta/Documents/Fundmentals of Machine Learning /Module 5/UniversalBan
#install.packages("reshape")
#install.packages("reshape2")
library(reshape)
library(reshape2)
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:reshape':
##
       colsplit, melt, recast
table(banks$CreditCard, banks$Personal.Loan, banks$Online)
## , , = 0
##
##
##
          0
               1
##
    0 1300 128
     1 527
              61
##
##
##
   , , = 1
##
##
##
          0
               1
     0 1893 209
     1 800
prop.table(table(banks$CreditCard, banks$Personal.Loan, banks$Online))
   , , = 0
##
##
##
##
##
    0 0.2600 0.0256
```

```
1 0.1054 0.0122
##
##
  , , = 1
##
##
##
##
            0
##
    0 0.3786 0.0418
     1 0.1600 0.0164
print("The pobability that the customer will accept the loan conditional on customer has Credit Card an
## [1] "The pobability that the customer will accept the loan conditional on customer has Credit Card a
# C.
print("Table row: loan Col: Online")
## [1] "Table row: loan Col: Online"
table(banks$Personal.Loan, banks$Online)
##
##
          0
     0 1827 2693
    1 189 291
##
prop.table(table(banks$Personal.Loan, banks$Online))
##
##
     0 0.3654 0.5386
##
    1 0.0378 0.0582
print("Table row: loan Col: Credit Card ")
## [1] "Table row: loan Col: Credit Card"
table(banks$Personal.Loan, banks$CreditCard)
##
##
          0
     0 3193 1327
##
    1 337 143
prop.table(table(banks$Personal.Loan, banks$CreditCard))
##
##
##
    0 0.6386 0.2654
     1 0.0674 0.0286
##
```

```
# D.
## i.
print("i. P(CC = 1 | loan = 1) = 0.286")
## [1] "i. P(CC = 1 \mid loan = 1) = 0.286"
## ii.
print("ii. P(online = 1 | loan = 1) = 0.0582")
## [1] "ii. P(online = 1 | loan = 1) = 0.0582"
 ## iii.
print("iii. P(loan = 1) = 0.0378 + 0.0582 = 0.096")
## [1] "iii. P(loan = 1) = 0.0378 + 0.0582 = 0.096"
print("iv. P(CC = 1 | loan = 0) = 0.2654")
## [1] "iv. P(CC = 1 \mid loan = 0) = 0.2654"
## v.
print("v. P(online = 1 | loan = 0) = 0.5386")
## [1] "v. P(online = 1 | loan = 0) = 0.5386"
## vi.
print("vi. P(loan = 0) = 0.3654 + 0.5386 = 0.904")
## [1] "vi. P(loan = 0) = 0.3654 + 0.5386 = 0.904"
 # E.
print("Using the long formula 8.3 in textbook")
## [1] "Using the long formula 8.3 in textbook"
print("P(loan = 1 | CC = 1, Online = 1) = (P(loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1) * P(Online=1 | loan=1)] \ (P(loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)] * P(Index=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)] \ (P(loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)] * P(Index=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)] * P(Index=1)[P(CC=1)[P(CC=1)] * P(In
## [1] "P(loan = 1 | CC = 1, Online = 1) = (P(loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1) * P(Online=1 | loan=1)] (P(loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)] * P(Online=1 | loan=1)[P(loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)] * P(Online=1 | loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)] * P(CC=1 | loan=1)[P(CC=1 | loan=1)[P
sprintf("Numerator = 0.096*[0.286*0.0582] = %1.4f",(0.096*0.286*0.0582))
## [1] "Numerator = 0.096*[0.286*0.0582] = 0.0016"
sprintf("Denominator = 0.002 + 0.904*[0.2654*0.5386] = %1.4f",(0.0016 + (0.904*0.2654*0.5386)))
## [1] "Denominator = 0.002 + 0.904*[0.2654*0.5386] = 0.1308"
```

```
sprintf("Naive Bayes Probability = 0.002/0.131 = %1.4f",(0.002/0.131))
## [1] "Naive Bayes Probability = 0.002/0.131 = 0.0153"
# F.
print("Both values are very close B is 0.016 & E is 0.0153")
## [1] "Both values are very close B is 0.016 & E is 0.0153"
#install.packages("caret")
#install.packages("ISLR")
#install.packages("e1071")
library(caret)
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: lattice
library(ISLR)
library(e1071)
# G.
# Divide data into test and train (60% - 40%)
Index_Train <- createDataPartition(banks$Personal.Loan, p=0.6, list=FALSE)</pre>
Train <- banks[Index_Train,]</pre>
Test <- banks[-Index_Train,]</pre>
# Build a naive Bayes classifier
nb_model <- naiveBayes(Personal.Loan~CreditCard+Online, data = Train)</pre>
# Predict the default status of test dataset
Predicted_Test_labels <- predict(nb_model,Train, type = "raw")</pre>
head(cbind(Predicted_Test_labels,Train$CreditCard, Train$Online))
##
## [1,] 0.9042180 0.09578198 0 0
## [2,] 0.9017867 0.09821328 0 1
## [3,] 0.9017867 0.09821328 0 1
## [4,] 0.9042180 0.09578198 0 0
## [5,] 0.9042180 0.09578198 0 0
## [6,] 0.9042180 0.09578198 0 0
p <- predict(nb_model,Train)</pre>
t1 <- table(p,Train$CreditCard)</pre>
prop.table(t1)
##
## p
           0
   0 0.708 0.292
## 1 0.000 0.000
```

```
t2 <- table(p,Train$Online)</pre>
prop.table(t2)
##
## p
           0
## 0 0.3986667 0.6013333
   1 0.0000000 0.0000000
#install.packages("gmodels")
library("gmodels")
p <- predict(nb_model,Test)</pre>
CrossTable(x=Test$Personal.Loan,y=p,prop.chisq=FALSE)
##
##
##
    Cell Contents
## |-----|
## |
                   N |
      N / Table Total |
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table: 2000
##
##
##
                Ιp
                   0 | Row Total |
## Test$Personal.Loan |
  -----|
##
              0 |
                    1800 |
                              1800 |
                    0.900 |
              - 1
##
  -----|
             1 |
                              200 I
                     200 |
##
##
               0.100 |
## -----|
##
     Column Total |
                     2000 |
                            2000 |
## -----|-----|
##
##
```