

AGI: Separating Reality from Hype

An Educator's Guide to Understanding Artificial General Intelligence

Understanding Today's AI: Narrow but Powerful

What We Have Now: Narrow AI (ANI)

Artificial Narrow Intelligence - AI that excels at specific tasks

Current AI is like a collection of specialists: - ChatGPT: Language specialist - DALL-E: Image creation specialist - AlphaFold: Protein folding specialist - GitHub Copilot: Code writing specialist

Each is excellent at its domain but can't transfer skills. ChatGPT can't suddenly fold proteins, and AlphaFold can't write poetry.

What AGI Would Be: The Generalist

Artificial General Intelligence - AI matching human cognitive abilities across all domains

AGI would be like a polymath who can: - Learn any new skill without retraining from scratch - Transfer knowledge between domains - Reason abstractly across different contexts - Adapt to novel situations it wasn't trained for - Possess common sense reasoning

Key Point: We're not there yet, despite what headlines suggest.

The Scaling Wall: Why Bigger Isn't Always Better

The Old Assumption

More Data + More Computing Power + Bigger Models = Smarter AI

This worked from GPT-2 (1.5B parameters) to GPT-3 (175B) to GPT-4 (rumoured 1.7T).
But...

The Current Reality: Diminishing Returns

Evidence of the scaling wall:

1. Performance Plateaus

- GPT-4 to GPT-4.5 improvements: Marginal
- Cost per improvement: Exponentially increasing
- Training time: Months, not weeks

2. Open Source Catching Up

- Llama 3 (Meta): 70B parameters, nearly GPT-3.5 performance
- Mistral: 7B parameters, surprisingly capable
- Gap narrowing: David is catching Goliath

3. Resource Constraints

- We're running out of quality training data
- Energy costs becoming prohibitive
- Hardware limitations hitting physical boundaries

Insight: If scaling alone could deliver AGI, we'd see clearer progress. Instead, we're seeing clever optimisation of existing capabilities.

The New Frontiers: Smarter, Not Just Bigger

Direction 1: Self-Learning Systems

The Problem: We're running out of human-generated training data

The Solution: AI that learns like humans do

How Humans Learn:

- Try something → Observe result → Adjust → Try again
- Learn from few examples
- Generate our own practise problems
- Transfer learning between domains

How Self-Learning AI Would Work:

Traditional AI:

Human Data → Training → Model

Self-Learning AI:

Initial Training → Generate Own Challenges → Learn from Attempts → Improve → Repeat

Real-World Example: - AlphaGo → AlphaZero (learned Go, Chess, Shogi without human games)
- Next step: Apply this to language and reasoning

Why This Matters for AGI: - Breaks free from data bottleneck - More like human learning
- Could enable continuous improvement

Direction 2: Hierarchical Reasoning Models (HRM)

The Problem: Current AI processes everything at once, inefficiently

The Solution: Structured, layered thinking

How Current AI Thinks:

Input → [Giant Neural Network Black Box] → Output

How HRM Would Think:

Level 1: Basic Pattern Recognition

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Level 2: Concept Formation

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Level 3: Abstract Reasoning

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Level 4: Strategic Planning

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Output

Analogy for Educators: Like Bloom's Taxonomy in reverse - building from recognition to synthesis, with each level informing the next.

Benefits: - More efficient use of computing power - Explainable reasoning paths - Better at complex, multi-step problems - Closer to human cognitive architecture

Direction 3: Small Language Models (SLMs) & Agentic AI

The Pivot: From monolithic giants to specialised teams

Old Vision:

One Massive Model to Rule Them All

New Reality:

Specialised Small Models Working Together

Example Orchestra of SLMs: - **Analyst Agent** (3B parameters): Understands the problem - **Researcher Agent** (7B parameters): Gathers information - **Writer Agent** (3B parameters): Drafts response - **Critic Agent** (1B parameters): Reviews and improves - **Coordinator** (1B parameters): Manages workflow

Total: 15B parameters doing the work of 175B

Real Examples: - Microsoft Phi-3: 3.8B parameters, punches above its weight - Google Gemini Nano: Runs on phones - Nvidia's recent work: Orchestrated agents outperforming single models

Why This Matters: - Practical and deployable today - Lower cost and energy use - More transparent and controllable - Can be specialised for specific domains

Timeline Reality Check

The Hype Timeline

"AGI in 2-5 years!" - Various tech leaders, repeatedly since 2015

The Realistic Timeline

Next 2-3 Years: Better Narrow AI

- More efficient models
- Better specialised agents
- Improved reasoning on specific tasks
- Practical applications multiply

Next 5-10 Years: Proto-AGI Systems

- Self-learning in limited domains
- Better transfer learning
- Hierarchical reasoning implementation
- Still narrow but more flexible

10+ Years: Maybe AGI

- **IF** self-learning breakthroughs happen
- **IF** HRM approaches mature
- **IF** we solve common sense reasoning
- **IF** we crack consciousness/awareness (maybe not needed?)

Important: These are optimistic estimates assuming continued breakthroughs

What This Means for Education

Near-Term (What to Prepare For)

- 1. Specialised AI Assistants** - Grading assistants that understand rubrics - Curriculum planners that know your context - Student support bots for specific subjects - Research assistants for literature reviews
- 2. Agentic Workflows** - Multi-step automated processes - AI teams for complex tasks - Human-in-the-loop systems - Customizable educational tools
- 3. Improved Reasoning** - Better at explaining steps - More reliable fact-checking - Fewer hallucinations - Domain-specific expertise

Long-Term (What to Watch For)

- 1. Self-Improving Systems** - AI that gets better through use - Personalised learning that truly adapts - Systems that generate their own practise
 - 2. Hierarchical Problem Solvers** - AI that can tackle multi-disciplinary problems - Better at curriculum design - More sophisticated assessment creation
 - 3. AGI Indicators to Watch:** - True transfer learning between unrelated domains - Common sense reasoning breakthroughs - Self-directed goal setting - Creative problem solving in novel situations
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Practical Implications for Educators

What Won't Change Soon

Human judgment remains essential - AGI isn't imminent - Current AI remains narrow
- Critical thinking more important than ever

Relationship-based learning - Mentorship irreplaceable - Emotional intelligence gap -
Cultural context understanding

Creative and ethical reasoning - Values-based decisions - Ethical dilemmas - True innovation

What Will Change

Tool sophistication - Better AI assistants - More specialised tools - Smarter workflows

Skill requirements - AI orchestration skills - Critical evaluation abilities - Prompt engineering expertise

Assessment methods - Process over product - Collaboration documentation - Novel problem solving

Key Takeaways

1. AGI is Not Imminent

Despite hype, we're hitting scaling limits. True AGI requires paradigm shifts, not just bigger models.

2. The Future is Specialised

Small, efficient, specialised models working together will deliver more value than waiting for AGI.

3. Breakthroughs Needed

Self-learning systems and hierarchical reasoning are promising but unproven at scale.

4. Education Has Time to Adapt

We have years, not months, to thoughtfully integrate AI while maintaining human-centred education.

5. Focus on Today's Tools

Rather than worrying about AGI, master current AI tools and workflows that provide immediate value.

Common Misconceptions

“GPT-5 will be AGI”

Reality: Likely incremental improvements, not a paradigm shift

“AGI will replace teachers next year”

Reality: We're decades from AI with the full range of human teaching capabilities

“Scaling will inevitably lead to AGI”

Reality: Evidence suggests we need new approaches, not just scale

“AGI is just around the corner”

Reality: Every requirement (reasoning, transfer learning, common sense) remains unsolved

Questions for Reflection

1. If AGI is further away than hyped, how should we prioritize AI integration in education?
 2. What narrow AI tools could provide immediate value in your teaching?
 3. How can we prepare students for a world of specialised AI agents rather than AGI?
 4. What uniquely human skills become MORE important as narrow AI improves?
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Resources for Deeper Understanding

Technical Papers (Accessible)

- “The Scaling Hypothesis” - Debate on limits
- “Hierarchical Reasoning Models” - New architectures
- “Small Language Models” - Efficiency research

Practical Guides

- “Orchestrating AI Agents” - Workflow design
- “Educational AI Today” - Current capabilities
- “Critical AI Literacy” - Teaching evaluation skills

Reality Checks

- Gary Marcus: “The Road to AGI is Longer Than You Think”
 - Melanie Mitchell: “Why AI is Harder Than We Think”
 - François Chollet: “On the Measure of Intelligence”
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The Bottom Line

AGI remains a distant goal, not an imminent disruption.

The real revolution in education will come from:

- Thoughtful integration of narrow AI tools
- Teaching students to work with specialised AI agents
- Developing critical AI literacy
- Maintaining focus on uniquely human capabilities

We have time to adapt thoughtfully rather than react fearfully.

“The future of AI in education isn’t about waiting for AGI — it’s about maximising the potential of the narrow AI we have today while preparing for a world of increasingly sophisticated specialised tools.”

Version 1.0 / AGI Reality Check for Educators